SIEMENS

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SINAMICS

SINAMICS V10

Operating Instructions

SW version: V 01.63

Legal information

Warning notice system

This manual contains notices you have to observe in order to ensure your personal safety, as well as to prevent damage to property. The notices referring to your personal safety are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol, notices referring only to property damage have no safety alert symbol. These notices shown below are graded according to the degree of danger.

indicates that death or severe personal injury will result if proper precautions are not taken.

indicates that death or severe personal injury may result if proper precautions are not taken.

A CAUTION

with a safety alert symbol, indicates that minor personal injury can result if proper precautions are not taken.

CAUTION

without a safety alert symbol, indicates that property damage can result if proper precautions are not taken.

NOTICE

indicates that an unintended result or situation can occur if the relevant information is not taken into account.

If more than one degree of danger is present, the warning notice representing the highest degree of danger will be used. A notice warning of injury to persons with a safety alert symbol may also include a warning relating to property damage.

Qualified Personnel

The product/system described in this documentation may be operated only by **personnel qualified** for the specific task in accordance with the relevant documentation, in particular its warning notices and safety instructions. Qualified personnel are those who, based on their training and experience, are capable of identifying risks and avoiding potential hazards when working with these products/systems.

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Note the following:

🛕 WARNING

Siemens products may only be used for the applications described in the catalog and in the relevant technical documentation. If products and components from other manufacturers are used, these must be recommended or approved by Siemens. Proper transport, storage, installation, assembly, commissioning, operation and maintenance are required to ensure that the products operate safely and without any problems. The permissible ambient conditions must be complied with. The information in the relevant documentation must be observed.

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We have reviewed the contents of this publication to ensure consistency with the hardware and software described. Since variance cannot be precluded entirely, we cannot guarantee full consistency. However, the information in this publication is reviewed regularly and any necessary corrections are included in subsequent editions.

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Introduction

Purpose of this manual

This manual provides customers with information about the proper installation, connecting, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the SINAMICS V10 inverter.

Internet addresses for SINAMICS V10

You can obtain continually updated information about the product at

SIEMENS Website for the SINAMICS V10 Inverters (<u>http://www.ad.siemens.com.cn/products/</u>sd)

You can download the SINAMICS V10 user documentation at

SIEMENS Website for the SINAMICS V10 User Documentation (<u>http://www.ad.siemens.com.cn/download</u>)

Technical support

In case of any questions concerning the product, contact your local distributor.

Safety notes

This chapter lists safety instructions which apply when handling the SINAMICS V10 inverter. These instructions are classified as **General**, **Identification**, **Transport & Storage**, **Installing**, **Connecting**, **Commissioning**, **Troubleshooting** and **Disposal**. Please read the information carefully, since it is provided for your personal safety and will also help prolong the service life of your inverter and the equipment connected to it.

General

This equipment contains dangerous voltage and controls potentially dangerous rotating mechanical parts. Failure to work on the equipment/system in accordance with the instructions/procedures contained in this manual can result in death, severe personal injury or considerable damage to property.

Only appropriately qualified personnel should work on the inverter system, and only after becoming acquainted with all the safety instructions, installation, connecting, operation and maintenance procedures contained in this manual.

Any unauthorized modification of the equipment is NOT allowed.

To fulfill the requirements of CE and Low Voltage directives, the equipment must be mounted in a metal cabinet and accessories like chokes should be used.

The equipment will automatically restart after a mains blackout, brownout or fault if automatic restart (configured with parameter P1210) is activated, thus please check whether there is any necessity to set parameter P1200 (flying restart) again.

When setting a connection mode code or resetting (via P0970) the inverter to factory default parameter values, it is NOT allowed to operate the inverter via external signal source.

If the equipment has been stored for over 1 year before installation, you must recharge capacitors in the inverter first. For specific recharging requirements, consult your local distributor or local dealer.

Children and the general public must be prevented from accessing or approaching the equipment!

This equipment may only be used for the purpose specified by the manufacturer. Any unauthorized modification and the use of accessories that are not sold or recommended by the manufacturer of the equipment can cause fire, electric shock or injury.

The operator panel of the SINAMICS V10 inverter does NOT support plug and play. When you are in an attempt to switch between LOC and REM control modes via an external signal source, make sure that the communication between the operator panel and the inverter body unit is in good condition.

NOTICE

Keep this manual as a handy reminder and make them available to all users, if necessary.

Identification

Make sure that deliverables received are free from damage and in conformity with your purchase order. Should any damage or inconsistence with the purchase order be found, contact your local distributor or local dealer.

It's not permissible to put the equipment into use if it's damaged or short delivered.

Transport & Storage



Transport and storage must meet the specified environmental conditions (see topic Technical data (Page 115) for details).

Installing

Risk of fire or electric shock. Do not install the equipment in an area subject to inflammables or combustibles, water or corrosion hazards.

Do not install the equipment in an area where it is likely to be exposed to constant vibrations, physical shocks or interference from electromagnetic field.

Risk of fire. Make sure that no foreign body (e.g., chips of wood or metal, dust, paper, etc.) falls into the inverter or lie on the heatsink of the inverter.

Keep sufficient clearance between inverters, one inverter and another device/the inner wall of the cabinet. (See topic "Mounting orientation and clearance (Page 21)" for clearance requirements).

The inverter MUST NOT be mounted horizontally.

Connecting

The inverter must have been disconnected from the power supply for at least five minutes before you perform any wiring to the inverter.

Make sure that all connections are correct and reliable. Only permanently-wired input power connections are allowed and the inverter must be well grounded (IEC 536 Class 1, NEC and other applicable standards).

According to IEC 61800-5-1, a PDS (Power Drive System) with leakage currents over 3.5 mA requires a secure ground connection (e.g., at least 10 mm²Cu or multiple connection) or an automatic shutdown in case of a ground connection fault.

To avoid input power cable wires loosening or dropping from the mains input terminal connector, use a proper clamp to secure the input power connections.

If you have to install a Residual Current-operated protective Device (RCD), it must be an RCD type B.

Use of the protection from direct contact by means of SELV/PELV is permitted only in areas with equipotential bonding and in dry interior spaces. If these conditions are not present, other protective measures against electric shock must be taken, e.g., protection through protective impedances or limited voltage or use of protection class I and II.

Only PELV or SELV voltages may be connected at terminals with either PELV or SELV voltages (refer to EN 60204-1, Section 6.4).

The rated mains input voltage to the inverter must be 3 AC 400 V.

Never connect the mains input cable to the motor terminals U, V, W or connect the motor cable to the mains input terminals L1, L2, L3.

Route signal cables and power cables separately in different cable conduits. The signal cables shall be at least 10 cm away from the power cables.

Keep connecting cables away from rotating mechanical parts.

Commissioning

Before switching the power on, make sure that the inverter system has been reliably installed and connected, and the mains voltage is within the allowable range.

Do not touch the motor shaft when the motor is running. Failure to comply may cause personal injury.

Risk of electric sock. DC link capacitors remain charged for five minutes after power-off. It is not allowed to open the equipment until five minutes has elapsed since power-off.

The following inverter terminals can carry dangerous voltages even if the inverter is inoperative:

- Mains input terminals L1, L2, L3

- Motor terminals U, V, W.

This equipment must not be used as an "emergency stop mechanism" (*see EN 60204, 9.2.5.4*).

It's not allowed to open the equipment or connect/disconnect the equipment during its operation.

When inverter is confirming a selected connection macro, cloning parameters or reset via P0970, it's **NOT** allowed to attempt to control the inverter operation via an external digital input.

Motor commissioning under loaded conditions may only be performed after motor commissioning under no-load (dry-run) conditions.

Do not touch the inverter heatsink, motor or other high-temperature parts during equipment operation or within a certain period since power disconnection. Failure to comply may cause personal injury.

Do not run or stop the inverter by switching on/off the mains supply frequently. This may cause damage to the equipment/system.

Troubleshooting

Even if damage is only suspected (for example, water), don't operate the equipment but contact your distributor.

Do not touch terminals or disassemble cables until the inverter system has been disconnected for at least five minutes, because the inverter may remain charged during this period.

Troubleshooting may only be performed by personnel furnished with necessary expertise, or there is a risk of electric shock or damage to the equipment.

Do not approach the machine after an input power failure! Certain parameter settings of the inverter can cause the machine to restart automatically.

Disposal

WARNING

Disposal of the equipment must be made in accordance with regulations of the competent environmental protection administration on the disposal of electronic wastes.

Description

Overview

The SINAMICS V10 inverters are designed for controlling the speed of three phrase AC asynchronous squirrel cage motors. The available inverter versions range from the 0.55 kW three phase output power to the 22 kW three phase output power.

The inverters are microprocessor-controlled and use state-of-the-art IGBT technology. A special pulse-width modulation method with selectable pulse frequency permits quiet motor operation. Comprehensive protective functions provide excellent inverter and motor protection.

SINAMICS V10 with its default factory settings is ideal for a large range of simple motor control applications. By configuring relevant parameters, you can use the inverter for some advanced motor control operations. In addition, the SINAMICS V10 inverters are also suitable for use in "stand-alone" applications or being integrated into "Automation Systems" via input/output signals.

Features

- Main characteristics
 - Easy installation and commissioning, simple cable connection
 - Can be operated on TNC, TNS, TT or IT mains systems
 - A comprehensive range of parameters enabling configuration for a wide range of simple applications
 - Compact design for fast installation
 - High switching frequencies for low-noise motor operation
- Performance characteristics
 - Fast Current Limitation (FCL) for normal operation under sudden load changes
 - Built-in DC braking mode
 - Compound braking to improve braking performance
 - V/f control with linear characteristic
 - V/f control with Flux Current Control (FCC)
 - V/f control with parabolic characteristic
 - Acceleration/deceleration times with programmable smoothing
 - Integrated PI controller for simple process control
- Protection characteristics
 - Short-circuit protection
 - Over-current protection
 - Inverter and motor over-temperature protection
 - Over-voltage and under-voltage protection
 - Load-side ground fault protection
 - Motor blocking protection
 - Parameter interlock

Identification

Scope of delivery

When opening the delivered SINAMICS V10 inverter package, check that the following components are included:

Component	Variant	Rated output power	MLFB (order number)
	Frame Size A	0.55 kW	6SL3217-0CE15-5UA1
		0.75 kW	6SL3217-0CE17-5UA1
		1.1 kW	6SL3217-0CE21-1UA1
		1.5 kW	6SL3217-0CE21-5UA1
	Frame Size B	2.2 kW	6SL3217-0CE22-2UA1
		3.0 kW	6SL3217-0CE23-0UA1
		4.0 kW	6SL3217-0CE24-0UA1
SINAMICS V10 Inverter	Frame Size C	5.5 kW	6SL3217-0CE25-5UA1
		7.5 kW	6SL3217-0CE27-5UA1
		11 kW	6SL3217-0CE31-1UA1
	Frame Size D	15 kW	6SL3217-0CE31-5UA1
		18.5 kW	6SL3217-0CE31-8UA1
		22 kW	6SL3217-0CE32-2UA1
	Frame Size A	Frame Size B Frame Size	e C Frame Size D
Quick Start Guide 1)	English version	-	-

¹⁾ The documentation identification number of the Quick Start Guide is A5E02583918 (this is not an order number).

Inverter rating plate

Check the information shown on the inverter rating plate against your purchase order. Viewing from the inverter front, the rating plating is located on the right side of the inverter housing.



Figure 4-1 Inverter rating plate (example)

Inverter MLFB (order number) explanation



Figure 4-2 Inverter MLFB (Order Number) explanation

Rating plate on the rear of the operator panel



Figure 4-3 The operator panel rating plate

Note

Beside operator panel rating plate, there is a small label. This label indicates the firmware version of the operator panel.

Options

0	ption	Variant	MLFB (order number)
Ρι	ush-through mounting components	Frame Size A specific	6SL3261-6AA00-0VA0
т	he push-through mounting components include:	Frame Size B specific	6SL3261-6AB00-0VA0
•	Push-through mounting kit (1 set) 2)	Frame Size C specific	6SL3261-6AC00-0VA0
•	Production Information Sheet (1 piece)	Frame Size D specific	6SL3261-6AD00-0VA0
•	Plastic rivets (2 pieces)	Push-through mounting kit variar	nts
•	Metal back cover (1 piece) 3)		
•	Mounting screws:		
	 Frame Size A: 4 x M5 screws 		
	 Frame Size B: 4 x M5 screws 		
	 Frame Size C: 8 x M5 screws 		
	- Frame Size D: 8 x M5 screws + 4 x M8 screws	(6-hole, for Frame Size A)	
•	Mounting nuts	(6-hole_for Fram	e Size B)
	 Frame Size A: 4 x M5 nuts 		cole for Frome Size ()
	 Frame Size B: 4 x M5 nuts 	(10-r	
	 Frame Size C: 8 x M5 nuts 		(14-hole, for Frame Size D)
	- Frame Size D: 8 x M5 nuts + 4 x M8 nuts		

Option Variant MLFB (order number)		ər)		
Door mounting components	- 6SL3256-0VP00-0VA0		/A0	
The door mounting components include:	Connecting cable (inverter body		y unit to operator panel)	
Connecting cable, 3-meter long (1 piece)	To: inverter body unit			
 Production Information Sheet (1 piece) 				
M3 preassembled screw and washer assemblies		38		
(4 pieces)				
			To: door-mounted oper	ator panel
Choke ⁴)	Frame size	Rated out	Line commutating	Output choke
required to smooth spike pulses in power voltage, or	Frame Size A	0.55 kW	6SF6400-3CC00-	6SE6400-3TC0
voltage sags generated during the phase change of a			2AD3	0-4AD2
bridge rectifier circuit; besides, a line commutating			(6SE6400-3CR00-	
choke can also used to lower narmonic interference to inverter and power supply. If power impedance < 1%			2AD3)	-
a line commutating choke is a must to reduce current		0.75 kW	6SE6400-3CC00-	
spikes.		1.1 kW	4AD3	
Output choke: An output choke is necessary for			(65E6400-3CR00- 4AD3)	
lowering varying rate of capacity current and voltage (dv/dt) if the length of motor cable is longer than 50m		1.5 kW	6SF6400-3CC00-	
(shielded) or 100m (unshielded). For the detailed			6AD3	
information about the length of motor cable, please			(6SE6400-3CR00-	
refer to Technical data (Page 115)			6AD3)	
	Frame Size B	2.2 kW	6SE6400-3CC01-	6SE6400-3TC0
		3.0 kW		1-0603
			0BD3)	
		4.0 kW	6SE6400-3CC01-	
			4BD3	
			(6SE6400-3CR01-	
	F O : O	5 5 1 1 4	4BD3)	0050400 0700
	Frame Size C	5.5 KW	6SE6400-3CC02- 2CD3	6SE6400-31C0 3-2CD3
		7.5 KVV	(6SE6400-3CR02-	
			2CD3)	
		11 kW	6SE6400-3CC03-	
	Framze Size	15 kW	5CD3	
	D		(6SE6400-3CR03-	
		10 5 1/1/	5CD3)	6856400 2700
		10.3 KVV	4DD0	5-4DD0
		22 kW	(6SE6400-3CR04- 4DD0)	6SE6400-3TC0 3-8DD0
Operating Instructions ⁵⁾ Englis		· 	-	·

²⁾ The mounting kit consists of two mating parts. You can well engage both parts when installing.

³⁾ Only used for Frame Size D

⁴⁾ An order number without a bracket indicates that this choke is manufactured by a non-Chinese company, while an order number with a bracket indicates that this choke is supplied by a local Chinese company. You can make your selection according to your own needs. ⁵⁾ The documentation identification number of the Operating Instructions (English version) is A5E02583916 (this is not an order number).

Spare parts

Spare parts	Variant	MLFB (order number)
Fan components	Frame Size B specific	6SL3200-0VF02-0AA0
The fan components for Frame Size B include:	Frame Size C specific	6SL3200-0VF03-0AA0
• Fan (1 piece)	Frame Size D specific	6SL3200-0VF04-0AA0
Production Information Sheet (1 piece)		
M3 Mounting screws (2 pieces)		
The fan components for Frame Size C or Frame Size D include:		
• Fan (1 piece)		
Production Information Sheet (1 piece)		
M4 Mounting screws (2 pieces)		
Spacers (2 pieces)		
Operator panel	-	6SL3200-0VB01-0AA0

Installation

5.1 Mechanical installation

5.1.1 Mounting orientation and clearance

Depending on the mounting method selected, you MUST mount the inverter vertically

- in a cabinet or
- in a cabinet, but with the inverter heasink extending outside the cabinet.

Do NOT mount the inverter horizontally in the cabinet.

Mounting orientation



Figure 5-1 Mounting orientation

When performing vertical mounting, you can mount the inverter with an angle of 87° to 90° between inverter and horizontal surface. See figure below for details:

Installation

5.1 Mechanical installation



Figure 5-2 Allowed mounting angle between inverter and the horizon

Mounting clearance

You can mount inverters one next to another or one above another with the clearance below:

- Allow at least 100 mm clearance above and below the inverter..
- Allow at least specified clearance A (see Figure 5-3 and Table 5-1 below) between the inverters.



Figure 5-3 Inverter mounting clearance

Table 5-1	Requirements	for inverter	mounting	clearance
-----------	--------------	--------------	----------	-----------

Inverters positioned side by side	Minimum clearance ("A") in mm
Frame Size A ↔ Frame Size A	50
Frame Size B ↔ Frame Size A / B	50
Frame Size C ↔ Frame Size A / B / C	70
Frame Size D ↔ Frame Size A / B / C / D	75

5.1.2 Wall mounting

What does "Wall mounting" mean?

The term "Wall mounting" means:

- 1. The inverter mounts directly to a cabinet wall, without use of optional mounting kit.
- 2. The entire inverter including its heatsink mounts inside the cabinet.
- 3. You don't need an external fan to cool the inverter.

Mounting dimensions (outline dimensions + drill patterns)

You can drill holes in cabinet wall according to the drill patterns shown below. The inverter outline dimensions are also provided in the figure for your reference:



Figure 5-4 Mounting dimensions (in mm)

Table 5-2	Mounting torque requirements
-----------	------------------------------

Inverter variant	Holes to be drilled in cabinet wall	Fixing method	Tightening torque (Nm)
Frame Size A	4	4 x M5 screws and nuts	2.5
Frame Size B	4	4 x M5 screws and nuts	2.5

Installation

5.1 Mechanical installation

Inverter variant	Holes to be drilled in cabinet wall	Fixing method	Tightening torque (Nm)
Frame Size C	4	4 x M6 screws and nuts	2.5
Frame Size D	4	4 x M8 screws and nuts	2.5

Mounting sequence

Proceed the following procedure to complete your mounting of the inverter directly to cabinet wall:



Figure 5-5 Mounting sequence (wall mounting)

Mounting the operator panel to cabinet door

The inverter has a removable operator panel. If necessary, you can remove the operator panel from the inverter and mount it to the cabinet door. (See topic "Mounting the operator panel to cabinet door (Page 31)" for details.)

5.1.3 Push-through mounting

What does "Push-through mounting" mean?

The term "Push-through mounting" means:

- 1. The inverter is mounted through cabinet wall, using an optional push-through mounting kit.
- 2. The inverter body unit mounts inside cabinet, while the heatsink extends outside the cabinet.
- 3. If necessary, you can use an external fan to cool the inverter.

Outline dimensions of SINAMICS V10



Figure 5-6 Outline dimensions of SINAMICS V10 (in mm)

Drill patterns and cut-out dimensions



Please drill holes and cut out an opening in cabinet wall according to the data specified in the figure below:

Figure 5-7 Drill pattern and cut-out dimensions (in mm)



Outline dimensions of optional mounting kits

Figure 5-8 Outline dimensions of optional mounting kits (in mm)

Table 5-3 Mounting torque requirements

Inverter variant	Holes to be drilled in cabinet wall	Fixing method	Tightening torque (Nm)
Frame Size A	6	4 x M5 screws and nuts; 2 x plastic rivets	2.5
Frame Size B	6	4 x M5 screws and nuts; 2 x plastic rivets	2.5
Frame Size C	10	8 x M5 screws and nuts; 2 x plastic rivets	2.5

Installation

5.1 Mechanical installation

Inverter variant	Holes to be drilled in cabinet wall	Fixing method	Tightening torque (Nm)
Frame Size D	10	4 x M8 screws and nuts (for fixing the inverter to the push-through mounting kit) ; 2 x plastic rivets	2.5
		8 x M5 screws and nuts (for fixing the inverter to cabinet wall)	2.5
		4 x M4 screws (for fixing the metal back cover to the back of inverter)	0.8

Mounting sequence

Proceed the following procedure to complete your mounting of the inverter with optional mounting kit through cabinet wall:



Mounting the operator panel to cabinet door

The inverter has a removable operator panel. If necessary, you can remove the operator panel from the inverter and mount it to the cabinet door. (See topic "Mounting the operator panel to cabinet door (Page 31)" for details.)

5.1.4 Mounting the operator panel to cabinet door

Mounting dimensions for door-mounted operator panel

You can detach the operator from inverter body unit and mount it to the cabinet door. This provides you with the possibility of remote operator panel operation.



Figure 5-10 Mounting dimensions (outline dimensions + drill patterns + cut-out dimensions)

 Table 5-4
 Torques for fixing the operator panel to cabinet door

-	Tightening torque (Nm)	
M3 preassembled screw and washer assemblies	0.8	
N	A3 preassembled screw and washer assemblies ew length: 12 mm)	

NOTICE

If the screw is damaged during mounting, you can select similar M3 preassembled screws and assemblies instead. But, make sure the screw length is between 12 mm and 18 mm.

Installation

5.1 Mechanical installation

Mounting the operator panel to cabinet door

Proceed the following procedure to mount the operator panel to cabinet door:



Figure 5-11 Procedure for mounting the operator panel to cabinet door

Note

For the cable connection between the operator panel and the inverter body unit, see topic "Interface definition (Page 33)".

5.2.1 Interface definition

PE terminal layout

The position of PE terminals in Frame Size D is different from that in other frame sizes. See figure below for details.



Figure 5-12 PE terminal layout

Inverter variant	Max. tightening torque for PE terminal (Nm)		
Frame Size A	1.5		
Frame Size B	1.5		
Frame Size C	1.5		
Frame Size D	2.5		



Layout of interfaces other than PE terminals

Figure 5-13 Layout of interfaces other than PE terminals (example)

Table 5-6	Tightening torques for mo	tor output (U, V, W) and	d mains input terminals	(L1, L2, L3)
-----------	---------------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------	--------------

Inverter variant	Max. tightening torque for motor output and mains input terminals (Nm)
Frame Size A	0.6
Frame Size B	0.6
Frame Size C	1.2
Frame Size D	2.5

NOTICE

Depending on your particular application, you can set both DIP-switches to required positions.

Digital inputs and analog inputs/outputs provide the SELV voltages.



Interfaces between inverter body unit and the remote operator panel



NOTICE	
RS485 interface provides the PELV voltage.	

Conductor cross-sections of the mains input cable and the motor output cable

Frame Size	Rated power	Conductor cross-section (mains input cable)				Conductor cross-section			
	(kW)				(motor output cable)				
mm ²	mm ²		AWG		mm ²		AWG		
Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
A	0.55	1.0	1.5	17.0	15.0	1.0	1.5	17.0	15.0
	0.75	1.0	1.5	17.0	15.0	1.0	1.5	17.0	15.0
	1.1	1.0	1.5	17.0	15.0	1.0	1.5	17.0	15.0
	1.5	1.0	1.5	17.0	15.0	1.0	1.5	17.0	15.0
В	2.2	1.0	2.5	17.0	13.0	1.0	4.0	17.0	11.0
	3	1.0	2.5	17.0	13.0	1.0	4.0	17.0	11.0
	4	1.5	2.5	15.0	13.0	1.0	4.0	17.0	11.0
С	5.5	2.5	10.0	13.0	7.0	1.5	10.0	15.0	7.0
	7.5	4.0	10.0	11.0	7.0	2.5	10.0	13.0	7.0
	11	6.0	10.0	10.0	7.0	4.0	10.0	11.0	7.0
D	15	8.0	20.0	8.0	4.0	8.0	20.0	8.0	4.0
	18.5	10.0	20.0	7.0	4.0	8.0	20.0	8.0	4.0
	22	12.0	20.0	6.0	4.0	10.0	20.0	7.0	4.0

 Table 5-7
 Conductor cross-sections of the mains input cable and the motor output cable

Note

Use 75 °C wire for an ambient temperature of 40 °C or less and use 90 °C wire for ambient temperature between 40 °C and 60 °C.

A correction factor of K = 0.71 has been used based on the following:

A maximum of four cables are laid side by side on a cable ladder.

The ambient temperature during cable operation is 30 °C.

(in accordance with EN 60204-1 and IEC 364-5-523)

Conductor cross-sections of the DI/DO, AI/AO terminal connecting cable

 Table 5-8
 Conductor cross-sections of the DI/DO, AI/AO terminal connecting cable

	DO (Digital Outputs)	DI (Digital inputs)	AI (Analog inputs)	AO (Analog outputs)
Limit value (mm ²)	≤ 1.2	≥ 0.1	≥ 0.1	≥ 0.1
Recommended value (mm ²)	1.0	0.25	0.25	0.25

NOTICE

To ensure that input/output precision is $\leq 1 \%$, it's recommended that the cable length be less than (<) 5 m. If you don't have this precision requirement, use a cable which is less than (<) 30 m.
5.2.2 Connecting power supply to the motor

Power and motor connections





Ensure that the appropriate fuses with specified current ratings are connected between the power supply and the inverter (See table below for the type of recommended SIEMENS fuses for different frame sizes.). For detailed fuse specification, consult your local inverter distributor or visit the SIEMENS website concerned.

Table 5-9	Types of SIEMENS line fuses	(recommended)
-----------	-----------------------------	---------------

Inverter variant	Inverter output power rating (kW)	Fuse type	Fuse current rating (A)
Frame Size A	0.55	3NA3803	10
	0.75	3NA3803	10
	1.1	3NA3803	10
	1.5	3NA3803	10
Frame Size B	2.2	3NA3805	16
	3	3NA3805	16
	4	3NA3807	20
Frame Size C	5.5	3NA3807	20
	7.5	3NA3810	25
	11	3NA3814	35
Frame Size D	15	3NA3817	40
	18.5	3NA3820	50
	22	3NA3822	63

Commissioning

6.1 Typical connection modes

This chapter describes ten kinds of typical connection modes, from which the customer can select according to his own needs. When a connection macro is selected via the operator panel (for details, please refer to " **Operation mode ② - Connection macro selection**") after the wiring work, relevant parameter settings will be done automatically, which greatly helps simplify the work of quick commissioning

Direct contact between copper earthing conductor and aluminium PE terminal will lead to significant corrosion due to electrochemical action! Make sure that copper earthing conductor is corrosion resistant or properly plated.

The earth-leakage current exceeding 3.5 mA may occur during normal operation of the inverter. A permanently fixed ground connection must be provided.

The inverter digital input terminals, analog input/output terminals and the communication port between the inverter body unit and the operator panel should be double-insulated from live parts and meet the requirements for SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) in EN61800-5-1, and those terminals shall be connected to other SELV circuits.

The inverter output terminals (relay output, max. 250 V) are at a dangerously high voltage when Non-SELV control voltage is applied. Use only approved double insulated cable for supply connection with nominal cross-section area of at least 0.75 mm² / 300 V / 75 °C and protected by max. 6A external fuse, type gG approved based on IEC 60269.

NOTICE

To change the default lamp ON setting as indicated in figures below, go to P0748.

To calibrate the analog input setpoint in some typical connection modes mentioned below, go to P0753 to P0761.

To calibrate the analog output setpoint in some typical connection modes mentioned below, go to P0771 to P0781.

In addition to application macros, for each typical connection mode (except "Typical connection mode 1") as described below, still you can set some read-only or unlocked parameters as per your particular demands.

Some default parameter values depend on specific connection macro, inverter type, motor rating data, etc. You can find detailed description of these parameters in Chapter 7 Parameter List.

Function of DC Braking can be enabled through proper settings of P0703 and P1230.

In LOC mode, default frequency setpoint depends on P1040. For relative parameters, please refer to P1031 and P1040.

For parameters related to connection modes, please see table in Application macros (Page 56).

Typical connection mode 1 (C01) - Out-of-box application

Description:

- 1. Only input power and motor 3-phase connection
- 2. Motor start/stop, rotation direction and speed are controlled via the operator panel only.



Figure 6-1 Typical connection mode 1 (C01)

The DIP-switch settings

DIP-switch (AO): Depends on external RPM Meter

DIP-switch (AI): The setting in this application is inactive

Table 6-1 Select connection macro C01 with the operator panel after the wiring (please refer to "Operation mode ② - Connection macro selection", and then below parameter settings will be automatically finished.)

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
r0007	Selected connection macro and application macro	C0100 - C1105		C01xx*
P0610	Motor I ² t reaction	0 - 2		1
P0701	Function of digital input 1	0 - 99		0
P0702	Function of digital input 2	0 - 99		0
P0703	Function of digital input 3	0 - 99		0

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
P1000	Selection of frequency setpoint	0 - 53		5
P0725	PNP/NPN digital inputs	0 - 1		1

* "xx" means current application macro.

Typical connection mode 2 (C02)

Description:

- 1. In LOC mode, motor start/stop, rotation direction and speed can be controlled via the operator panel.
- 2. In REM mode, motor start/stop can be controlled via an external signal source connected to DI3, MOP-up (for increasing motor frequency)/MOP-down (for decreasing motor frequency) via external signal sources connected to DI1 and DI2.



Figure 6-2 Typical connection mode 2 (C02)

The DIP-switch settings

DIP-switch (AO): Depends on external RPM Meter

DIP-switch (AI): The setting in this application is inactive

Table 6-2 Select connection macro C02 with the operator panel after the wiring (please refer to "Operation mode ② - Connection macro selection", and then below parameter settings will be automatically finished.)

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
r0007	Selected connection macro and application macro	C0100 - C1105		C02xx*
P0610	Motor I ² t reaction	0 - 2		2
P0701	Function of digital input 1	0 - 99		13
P0702	Function of digital input 2	0 - 99		14
P0703	Function of digital input 3	0 - 99		1
P1000	Selection of frequency setpoint	0 - 53		1
P0725	PNP/NPN digital inputs	0 - 1		1

* "xx" means current application macro.

Typical connection mode 3 (C03)

Description:

- 1. In LOC mode, motor start/stop, rotation direction and speed can be controlled via the operator panel.
- 2. In REM mode, motor start/stop can be controlled via an external signal source connected to DI1, motor speed via an external potentiometer.





The DIP-switch settings

DIP-switch (AO): Depends on external RPM Meter

DIP-switch (AI): Must be set to voltage (V) mode

Table 6-3 Select connection macro C03 with the operator panel after the wiring (please refer to "Operation mode ② - Connection macro selection", and then below parameter settings will be automatically finished.)

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
r0007	Selected connection macro and application macro	C0100 - C1105		C03xx*
P0610	Motor I ² t reaction	0 - 2		2
P0701	Function of digital input 1	0 - 99		1
P0702	Function of digital input 2	0 - 99		0
P0703	Function of digital input 3	0 - 99		0
P1000	Selection of frequency setpoint	0 - 53		2
P0725	PNP/NPN digital inputs	0 - 1		1

* "xx" means current application macro.

Typical connection mode 4 (C04)

Description:

- 1. In LOC mode, motor start/stop, rotation direction and speed can be controlled via the operator panel.
- 2. In REM mode, motor start/stop can be controlled via an external signal source connected to DI1, motor speed via an external potentiometer and motor rotation direction via an external signal source connected to DI2.



Figure 6-4 Typical connection mode 4 (C04)

The DIP-switch settings

DIP-switch (AO): Depends on external RPM Meter

DIP-switch (AI): Must be set to voltage (V) mode

Table 6-4 Select connection macro C04 with the operator panel after the wiring (please refer to "Operation mode ② - Connection macro selection", and then below parameter settings will be automatically finished.)

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
r0007	Selected connection macro and application macro	C0100 - C1105		C04xx*
P0610	Motor I ² t reaction	0 - 2		2
P0701	Function of digital input 1	0 - 99		1
P0702	Function of digital input 2	0 - 99		12
P0703	Function of digital input 3	0 - 99		0

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
P1000	Selection of frequency setpoint	0 - 53		2
P0725	PNP/NPN digital inputs	0 - 1		1

* "xx" means current application macro.

Typical connection mode 5 (C05)

Description:

- 1. In LOC mode, motor start/stop, rotation direction and speed can be controlled via the operator panel.
- 2. In REM mode, motor start/stop can be controlled via an external signal source connected to DI2, motor speed via an external potentiometer.
- LOC and REM mode switch-over is controlled via an external signal source connected to DI1.



Figure 6-5 Typical connection mode 5 (C05)

The DIP-switch settings in this application

DIP-switch (AO): Depends on external RPM Meter

DIP-switch (AI): Must be set to voltage (V) mode

 Table 6-5
 Select connection macro C05 with the operator panel after the wiring (please refer to "Operation mode ② - Connection macro selection", and then below parameter settings will be automatically finished.)

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
r0007	Selected connection macro and application macro	C0100 - C1105		C05xx*
P0610	Motor I ² t reaction	0 - 2		1
P0701	Function of digital input 1	0 - 99		99
P0702	Function of digital input 2	0 - 99		1
P0703	Function of digital input 3	0 - 99		0
P1000	Selection of frequency setpoint	0 - 53		2
P0725	PNP/NPN digital inputs	0 - 1		1

* "xx" means current application macro.

Typical connection mode 6 (C06)

Description:

- 1. In LOC mode, motor start/stop, rotation direction and speed can be controlled via the operator panel.
- In REM mode, motor start/stop can be controlled via an external signal source connected to DI1, motor set frequency via external signal sources connected to DI2 and DI3. When DI2 is selected, you can change the motor set frequency with P1002 in the "Operation mode (§) Access all the parameters (Page 71)" mode. When DI3 is selected, you can change the motor set frequency with P1003 in the "Operation mode (§) Access all the parameters (Page 71)" mode. When DI3 is selected, you can change the motor set frequency with P1003 in the "Operation mode (§) Access all the parameters (Page 71)" mode. If both DI2 and DI3 are selected, the motor set frequency is the sum of the value of P1002 and the value of P1003.



Figure 6-6 Typical connection mode 6 (C06)

The DIP-switch settings

DIP-switch (AO): Depends on external RPM Meter

DIP-switch (AI): The DIP-switch setting in this application is inactive.

Table 6-6 Select connection macro C06 with the operator panel after the wiring (please refer to "Operation mode ② - Connection macro selection", and then below parameter settings will be automatically finished.)

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
r0007	Selected connection macro and application macro	C0100 - C1105		C06xx*
P0610	Motor I ² t reaction	0 - 2		2
P0701	Function of digital input 1	0 - 99		1
P0702	Function of digital input 2	0 - 99		15
P0703	Function of digital input 3	0 - 99		15
P1000	Selection of frequency setpoint	0 - 53		3
P0725	PNP/NPN digital inputs	0 - 1		1

* "xx" means current application macro.

Typical connection mode 7 (C07)

Description:

- 1. In LOC mode, motor start/stop, rotation direction and speed can be controlled via the operator panel.
- 2. In REM mode, motor start/stop and rotation direction can be controlled via an external PLC (**PNP type**) connected to DI1 and DI2, motor speed via an external signal source.



Figure 6-7 Typical connection mode 7 (C07)

The DIP-switch settings

DIP-switch (AO): Depends on the external signal source

DIP-switch (AI): Depends on the external signal source

 Table 6-7
 Select connection macro C07 with the operator panel after the wiring (please refer to "Operation mode ② - Connection macro selection", and then below parameter settings will be automatically finished.)

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
r0007	Selected connection macro and application macro	C0100 - C1105		C07xx*
P0610	Motor I ² t reaction	0 - 2		2
P0701	Function of digital input 1	0 - 99		13
P0702	Function of digital input 2	0 - 99		2
P0703	Function of digital input 3	0 - 99		0
P1000	Selection of frequency setpoint	0 - 53		2
P0725	PNP/NPN digital inputs	0 - 1		1

* "xx" means current application macro.

Typical connection mode 8 (C08)

Description:

- 1. In LOC mode, motor start/stop, rotation direction and speed can be controlled via the operator panel.
- 2. In REM mode, motor start/stop and rotation direction can be controlled via an external PLC (**NPN type**) connected to DI1 and DI2, motor speed via an external signal source.



Figure 6-8 Typical connection mode 8 (C08)

The DIP-switch settings

DIP-switch (AO): Depends on the external signal source

DIP-switch (AI): Depends on the external signal source

Table 6-8	Select connection macro C08 with the operator panel after the wiring (please refer to
	"Operation mode 2 - Connection macro selection", and then below parameter settings
	will be automatically finished.)

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
r0007	Selected connection macro and application macro	C0100 - C1105		C08xx*
P0610	Motor I ² t reaction	0 - 2		2
P0701	Function of digital input 1	0 - 99		1
P0702	Function of digital input 2	0 - 99		2
P0703	Function of digital input 3	0 - 99		0
P1000	Selection of frequency setpoint	0 - 53		2
P0725	PNP/NPN digital inputs	0 - 1		0

* "xx" means current application macro.

Typical connection mode 9 (C09)

Description:

- 1. In LOC mode, motor start/stop, rotation direction and speed can be controlled via the operator panel.
- In REM mode, motor start/stop can be controlled via an external signal source connected to DI1, motor speed via an external potentiometer, motor rotation in JOG mode via external signal sources connected to DI2 and DI3.



Figure 6-9 Typical connection mode 9 (C09)

The DIP-switch settings

DIP-switch (AO): Depends on external RPM Meter

DIP-switch (AI): Must be set to voltage (V) mode

 Table 6-9
 Select connection macro C09 with the operator panel after the wiring (please refer to "Operation mode ② - Connection macro selection", and then below parameter settings will be automatically finished.)

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
r0007	Selected connection macro and application macro	C0100 - C1105		C09xx*
P0610	Motor I ² t reaction	0 - 2		2
P0701	Function of digital input 1	0 - 99		1
P0702	Function of digital input 2	0 - 99		10

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6.1 Typical connection modes

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
P0703	Function of digital input 3	0 - 99		11
P1000	Selection of frequency setpoint	0 - 53		2
P0725	PNP/NPN digital inputs	0 - 1		1

* "xx" means current application macro.

Typical connection mode 10 (C10)

Description:

- 1. In LOC mode, motor start/stop, rotation direction and speed can be controlled via the operator panel.
- In REM mode, motor start/stop can be controlled via an external signal source connected to DI1, motor MOP-up/MOP-down via external signal sources connected to DI2 and DI3, feedback value via an external sensor connected to terminals AI1+ and AI1-.



Figure 6-10 Typical connection mode 10 (C10)

The DIP-switch settings in this application

DIP-switch (AO): Depends on the external signal source

DIP-switch (AI): Depends on the external signal source

 Table 6-10
 Select connection macro C10 with the operator panel after the wiring (please refer to "Operation mode ② - Connection macro selection", and then below parameter settings will be automatically finished.)

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
r0007	Selected connection macro and application macro	C0100 - C1105		C10xx*
P0610	Motor I ² t reaction	0 - 2		2
P0701	Function of digital input 1	0 - 99		1
P0702	Function of digital input 2	0 - 99		13
P0703	Function of digital input 3	0 - 99		14
P1000	Selection of frequency setpoint	0 - 53		1
P0725	PNP/NPN digital inputs	0 - 1		1

* "xx" means current application macro.

NOTICE

The PI controller function is valid only in this connection mode and when the current control mode is set to REM mode.

In this connection mode, PI setpoint must be set via P2240 and feedback value shall, depending on actually connected sensor, be scaled via P0753 to P0761.

Besides parameters listed in Auto hotspot, P2280 (default value: 0.500), P2285 (default value: 10.000s) and P2293 (default value: 10.00s) are also related to connection mode.

Commissioning

6.1 Typical connection modes

Typical connection mode 11 (C11)

Description:

1. Motor start/stop and rotation direction can be controlled via DI1 and DI2, motor speed via the operator panel.



Figure 6-11 Typical connection mode 11 (C11)

The DIP-switch settings

DIP-switch (AO): Depends on external RPM Meter

DIP-switch (AI): The setting in this application is inactive

 Table 6-11
 Select connection macro C10 with the operator panel after the wiring (please refer to "Operation mode ② - Connection macro selection", and then below parameter settings will be automatically finished.)

Par. No.	Parameter name	Range	Unit	Default
r0007	Selected connection macro and application macro	C0100 - C1105		C10xx*
P0610	Motor I ² t reaction	0 - 2		2
P0701	Function of digital input 1	0 - 99		1
P0702	Function of digital input 2	0 - 99		12
P0703	Function of digital input 3	0 - 99		9
P1000	Selection of frequency setpoint	0 - 53		5

* "xx" means current application macro.

6.2 Application macros

See also

Application macros (Page 56)

6.2 Application macros

Application macros

This chapter describes six application macros available:

Table 6-12	Descriptions to application macro
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Application macro	Name	Description	Typical load
A00 ¹⁾	Out of box	-	-
A01	Simple fan/pump with light starting load		Simple fan/pump
A02	Heavy pump with heavy starting load	Pumping load with high starting torque	Sewage pump, mud pump, screw pump, gear pump, etc.
A03	Conveyor load	Applications which require smooth speed-transition	Conveyor
A04	High inertia load	Load inertia is relatively high, which requires slow starting/stopping	Centrifuge, roller, industry washer, etc.
A05	High torque load with heavy dead load	Starting torque of common constant- torque machine is relatively high, which requires slow starting/stopping	Extruder, injection molding machine, stirring mill

¹⁾ A00 - Out of box is the default application macro, i.e. the application macro will be reset to A00 when a new connection macro is selected.

Parameters related to application macros

Par. No.	Name	Range	Unit	Default value					
				A00	A01	A02	A03	A04	A05
P1120	Ramp-up time	0.00 - 300.00	s	10.00	20.00	20.00	10.00	90.00	20.00
P1121	Ramp-down time	0.00 - 300.00	s	10.00	20.00	20.00	10.00	120.00	20.00
P1130	Ramp-up initial rounding time	0.00 - 40.00	s	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P1131	Ramp-up final rounding time	0.00 - 40.00	s	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P1132	Ramp-down initial rounding time	0.00 - 40.00	S	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Commissioning

6.2 Application macros

Par. No.	Name	Range	Unit	Default	value				
P1133	Ramp-down final rounding time	0.00 - 40.00	S	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P1080	Min. frequency	0.00 - 300.00	Hz	0.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	0.00
P1082	Max. frequency	0.00 - 300.00	Hz	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
P1300	Control mode	0 - 2		0	2	0	0	0	0
P1310	Continuous boost	0.0 - 250.0	%	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	50.0	50.0
P1311	Acceleration boost	0.0 - 250.0	%	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
P1312	Starting boost	0.0 - 250.0	%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
P1240	Configuration of Vdc controller	0 - 1		1	1	1	1	1	1
P1243	Dynamic factor of Vdc- max	10 - 200	%	100	100	100	100	100	100
P1230	Enable DC braking	0:0 - 4,000:0		0:0	0:0	0:0	0:0	0:0	0:0
P1232	DC braking current	0 - 250	%	0	0	0	0	0	0
P1233	Duration of DC braking	0 - 250	s	0	0	0	0	0	0
P1200	Flying start	0 - 6		0	1	0	0	0	0
P1202	Motor-current: Flying start	10 - 200	%	100	100	100	100	100	100
P1203	Search rate: Flying start	10 - 200	%	100	100	100	100	100	100
P1210	Automatic restart	0 - 6		1	2	1	1	1	1
P0640	Motor overload factor [%]	10.0 - 400.0	%	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0
P1110	Inhibit negative setpoint	0.0 - 2036.F		0	1	1	0	0	0

6.3 Operator panel overview

Overview of the operator panel

The operator panel allows you to:



Figure 6-12 Operator panel overview

- Monitor motor status
- Control motor operation (Start/stop, speed, clockwise / counterclockwise rotation, etc.)
- View and acknowledge faults or alarms
- Set and modify parameters
- Switch over between "LOC" and "REM" controls

6.3.1 Function overview of operator panel

Table 6-13 Operator panel overview

Legend	Meaning	Function			
1	Inverter status labels	RUN:	Invert	er is running	
		STOP:	Invert	er stops operation	
	KUN STOP WAIT SETTING TONE 运行 停止 待机 设置 调谐	WAIT:	Invert	er is ready for operation	
	故障 报警 本地 远程 反转	SETTING:	The c	urrent frequency value shown is the frequency setpoint;	
	FAULI ALARM LUCAL REMUTE REVERSE		inverte	er is confirming the selected connection macro or	
		TUNE:	Paran	heter value editing is allowed	
		FAULT:	Invert	er is at fault	
		ALARM:	Invert	er alarms	
		LOCAL:	Comn	nand source is from the operator panel	
		REMOTE:	Comn	nand source is from external terminal	
		REVERSE:	Motor	is running in a reverse direction	
2	5-digit, 7-segment LCD	-			
<u>3</u>	Parameter data unit indicator	Used to indicat	te the c	lata unit of a specific parameter value.	
(4)	Parameter data units	V: Voltage; A: . %: percentage	Amper	e; Hz: Hertz; Rpm: Revolutions per minute; kW: Kilowatt;	
5	Inverter status indicator	Used to indicat	te curre	ent inverter status.	
6	LOC/REM (Local/Remote) key	Switch betwee	n local	and remote control modes 1)	
	本地	LOC: Motor operation is controlled from the operator panel			
	远程 LOC/REM	REM:	Motor	operation is controlled from an external signal source	
0	SET key ऌ≌	Long-press SE the next opera mode appears	T till tion :	Change-over between the following operation modes (See section "Quick commissioning (Page 63)" for details):	
	SET			1. Quick motor data setting → Inverter status display	
				2. Connection macro selection \rightarrow Inverter status display	
				3. Application macro selection \rightarrow Inverter status display	
				4. Inverter status display \rightarrow Access all the parameters	
				5. Access all the parameters \rightarrow Inverter status display	
		Short-press SE	ET:	Change-over between the following operation modes (Points 1-4 below; See section "Quick commissioning (Page 63)" for details):	
				1. Motor data setting \rightarrow Connection macro selection	
				 Connection macro selection → Application macro selection 	
				3. Access all the parameters \rightarrow Inverter status display	
				 Common application macro specific parameter setting → Inverter status display 	
				5. Move among digits of a specific settable value	
				6. Clear the fault code displayed	

Legend	Meaning	Function			
8	STOP key	Press STOP < 2 s: Motor ramp-down (OFF1) ²⁾			
	停止: STOP	Press STOP > 2 s: Motor to coast to a standstill (OFF2) ³⁾			
9	RUN key	Pressing RUN starts	motor.		
	运行 RUN				
10	OK button	Press OK:	1. Acknowledge fault		
			2. Loop through motor status data display		
	ОК		 Confirm the selected connection macro or application macro 		
			 Go from a parameter number into its value setting or into its parameters index no. and back 		
		Turn OK clockwise:	 Go into the next parameter no., connection macro or application macro. 		
			2. Accelerate the motor		
			3. Increase the setpoint		
		Turn OK counterclockwise:	 Go into the last parameter no., connection macro or application macro. 		
			2. Decelerate the motor		
			3. Decrease the setpoint		

¹⁾ The factory default control mode is "LOC". In most cases, "LOC" is used for debugging purpose only.

²⁾ For the description of OFF1 function, see "Notes on OFF functions" in Chapter 7.

³⁾ For the description of OFF2 function, see "Notes on OFF functions" in Chapter 7.

6.3.2 Various data displays

Table 6-14 Various data displays

Display	Example	Meaning	Remarks
-8.8.8.8.8	- <i>8.8.8.8.8</i>	Inverter display is lighted	-
	••••	Inverter initializing	-
busy	6 J S V	Inverter is confirming the selected connection macro or application macro, or inverter is busy	-
d xxx	8 384	Actual DC-link voltage	-
C xx	6 87	Connection macro available for selection	There are 10 connection macros available for selection: C01 C11.
A xx	8 81	Application macro available for selection	There are 6 application macros available for selection : A00 A05

Display	Example	Meaning	Remarks		
oCxx	of 01	Selected connection macro	-		
оАхх	08 - 0 /	Selected application macro	-		
Схххх	[0/00]	Selected connection macro and application macro	As described in the example, "01" represents "C01", while "00" represents "A00".		
Pxxxx	P 0 2 10	Parameter no. (Settable parameter)			
P.xxxx	<i>P.0305</i>	Parameter no. (Settable parameter)	This kind of parameters with a dot is only available in quick motor data setting mode.		
			(For details, see "Notice" in Section 6.2.2.3)		
rxxxx	58085	Parameter no. (Read-only parameter)			
Fxxxx	F0003	Fault code (in case of a single fault)			
x.Fxxx	1.6002	Fault code of the 1st fault (in case of multiple faults)	The inverter can display up to 4 recently occurred faults in turn.		
	2.9011	Fault code of the 2nd fault (in case of multiple faults)			
Ахххх	80505	Alarm code (in case of a single alarm)			
x.Axxx	1.8503	Alarm code of the 1st alarm (in case of multiple alarms)	The inverter can display up to 4 recently occurred alarms in turn.		
	2.8543	Alarm code of the 2nd alarm (in case of multiple alarms)			
Err	Erres	Value setting impossible			
	••••	Error parameter editing	It's a warning indicating that what you're trying to edit is a read-only parameter and such editing is not allowed.		
XXX. XX	228.1	Parameter value, positive	Display a positive value of 5 digits at most.		
-xxx.xx	-325,10	Parameter value, negative	Display a negative value of 5 digits at most.		
inxxx	10013	Indexed parameter	The figure after "in" indicates the number of indices. For example, "In013" means that this indexed parameter has 13 indices.		
bxxxx	See figure below	Binary parameter	Meaning of each segment bit is described in individual parameters concerned		



Figure 6-13 Binary parameter display

6.3.3 Displays during inverter initialization stage



Displays during inverter initialization stage

Figure 6-14 Displays during inverter initialization stage

6.4 Quick commissioning

6.4 Quick commissioning



Figure 6-15 Commissioning flowchart

6.4 Quick commissioning

NOTICE

"P" of parameters in quick commissioning is followed by a ".", for example, P.0304 and P. 1080.

Motor parameters can only be set in "Operation mode ① - Quick motor data setting (Page 66)", but in "Operation mode⑤ - Acess all the parameters", all the motor parameters except for P0305 are read-only.

Motor data

In SINCAMICS V10, the factory default motor parameter values are set based on SIEMENS 1LG0 4-pole AC motors. (See table below for default motor data settings of SIEMENS 1LG0 4-pole AC motors.) You can change the defaults against data shown on the rating plate of your motor connected.

SIEMENS 1LG0 4-pole AC motors										
Rated inverter output power (kW)	Motor frame size	Motor Type	Rated speed (rpm)	Rated motor efficiency (%)	Power factor	Rated current (A)	Rated torque (Nm)			
0.55	80M	1LG0080-4AA	1390	71.0	0.750	1.57	3.8			
0.75	80M	1LG0083-4AA	1380	73.0	0.760	2.05	5.2			
1.1.	90S	1LG0090-4AA	1390	76.2	0.760	2.89	7.6			
1.50	90L	1LG0096-4AA	1390	78.5	0.790	3.67	10.3			
2.20	100L	1LG0106-4AA	1410	81.0	0.800	5.16	14.9			
3.00	100L	1LG0107-4AA	1410	82.8	0.810	6.80	20.3			
4.00	112M	1LG0113-4AA	1435	84.5	0.820	8.80	26.6			
5.50	132S	1LG0130-4AA	1440	86.0	0.820	11.80	36.5			
7.50	132M	1LG0133-4AA	1440	87.2	0.840	15.60	49.7			
11.00	160M	1LG0163-4AA	1460	89.0	0.830	22.60	72.0			
15.00	160L	1LG0166-4AA	1460	90.0	0.840	30.10	98.1			
18.50	180M	1LG0183-4AA	1470	90.6	0.860	36.10	120.2			
22.00	180L	1LG0186-4AA	1470	91.4	0.860	42.50	143.0			

6.5 Inverter status display

6.5 Inverter status display



Figure 6-16 Inverter status display

Frequency setpoint and actual value changeover

Different from "Output current", "Output voltage" or "DC voltage" display, after switching to the "Frequency" status display, you can change between frequency setpoint and actual frequency displays.

When motor starts running, the frequency setpoint appears and inverter status indicator for "SETTING" is visible. You can change the setpoint by turning the OK button. When stop turning OK, the value shown is an actual value and the inverter status indicator for "SETTING" becomes invisible.





Note

The default display at first power-on is the frequency. To change the default display, go to P0005. If you don't turn OK for about 30 seconds, the display automatically switches back to the value set via P0005.

The frequency value may increase or decrease by 1 Hz or 0.1 Hz, depending on the speed at which you turn OK.

6.6 Overview of various operation modes

6.6.1 Operation mode ① - Quick motor data setting





Parameters available for setting in this mode

P0304, P0305, P0307 ... P0311, P0320, P0335 and P0350

NOTICE

P.0304 is always the default display in this mode.

Parameters available for setting in this mode can also be shown in the "Access all the parameters" mode. However, in the "Access all the parameters" mode, these parameters are read-only. To easily differentiate, the parameter number shown in the "Quick motor data setting" mode has a dot (.) after "P".

Parameter setting in "Quick motor data setting" mode



Figure 6-19 Parameter setting example (P0304)

Note

The value set by pressing OK will be displayed by default next time.

The digit bit can be dynamically changed according to the parameter value.

Button/keys inactive in this mode

The STOP, RUN and LOC/REM keys are inactive in this mode.

6.6.2 Operation mode ② - Connection macro selection



Figure 6-20 Connection macro selection

NOTICE

The connection macro to be displayed by default depends on the actual wiring. Make sure that your wiring corresponds with the connection macro selected. For details, please see Typical connection modes (Page 39)

Connection macros available for setting in this mode

C01 to C11

Connection macro setting in "Connection macro selection" mode

Example: C07



Figure 6-21 Connection macro setting example

NOTICE
If the inverter is confirming the selection of a connection macro, time consumption is about 50 seconds; if it is confirming the selection of an application macro, the time consumption is about 20 seconds.

Button/keys inactive in this mode

The STOP, RUN and LOC/REM keys are inactive in this mode.

6.6.3 Operation mode ③ - Application macro selection





Application macros available for setting in this mode

A00 to A05

Application macro setting in "Application macro selection" mode

Example: A05



Figure 6-23 Application macro setting example

NOTICE

If the inverter is confirming the selection of a connection macro, time consumption is about 50 seconds; if it is confirming the selection of an application macro, the time consumption is about 20 seconds.

Button/keys inactive in this mode

The STOP, RUN and LOC/REM keys are inactive in this mode.

See also

Application macros (Page 56)

6.6.4 Operation mode ④ - Common application macro specific parameter setting



Figure 6-24 Common application macro specific parameter setting

Parameters available for setting in this mode

P1080, P1082, P1120, P1121, P1210 and P1310

NOTICE

Parameters available for setting in this mode can also be shown in the "Access all the parameters" mode. To easily differentiate, the parameter number shown in the "Common application macro specific parameter setting" mode has a dot (.) after "P".

You can set a parameter value either in this mode or in the "Access all parameters" mode. Once the value is set, it will be simultaneously updated in both modes.

Parameter setting in "Application macro specific parameter setting" mode

See the second figure in topic "Operation mode ① - Quick motor data setting (Page 66)" for parameterization method.

Button/keys inactive in this mode

The STOP, RUN and LOC/REM keys are inactive in this mode.

6.6.5 Operation mode (5) - Access all the parameters



Figure 6-25 Access all the parameters (example)

Parameters available for setting and reading in this mode

All the read-only parameters (including quick motor data setting specific parameters) and settable parameters.

Parameter setting in "Access all the parameters" mode

• Setting a normal parameter

See the second figure in topic "Operation mode - Quick motor data setting (Page 66)" for parameterization method.

• Setting an indexed parameter

Example: r0207[2]



Figure 6-26 Setting an indexed parameter (example)

• Viewing a normal read-only parameter

Example: r0007

6.7 Factory reset





Note

The procedure to set an indexed editable parameter (Pxxxx[x]) is the same as shown in this example.

The alternatives to change parameter values are the same as afore-described under Fig. 6-8, but one exception is: if the value range available for setting consists of discontinuous values (for example, for P0005), when you turn OK to appear a value that is not available for this parameter and then press OK, an error indication ("Err--") will appear indicating value setting is impossible. Then, the display will automatically jump to the next immediately followed and available-for-setting value.

Button/keys inactive in this mode

If the current connection macro selected is "C01xx" or "C05xx", the LOC/REM key is inactive in this mode.

The STOP and RUN keys are active when one of the preconfigured connection modes is selected and currently the command source is from the operator panel.

The OK button and the SET key are always active in this mode.

Long-pressed STOP key is always active.

6.7 Factory reset

Factory reset (P0970)

Proceed the following steps to perform a factory reset:

- 1. Stop the motor operation.
- Go to the "Access all the parameters" mode, set P0970 to desired value (please refer to below table).
6.8 Cloning parameters with the operator panel

Possible settings of P0970		
0	Disabled	
48	All parameters and connection macros reset	
49	All parameters (except motor data P0304, P0305, P0307 P0311, P0320, P0335, P0350) and connection macro settings reset	

6.8 Cloning parameters with the operator panel

A single parameter set can be uploaded into an inverter, and then downloaded into another inverter. To clone a parameter set from one inverter to another one, please follow below procedures:

- 1. Connect the operator panel to the inverter;
- 2. Ensure that it is safe to stop the inverter;
- 3. Stop the inverter;
- 4. Enter into "Operation mode ⁽⁵⁾ Access all the parameters (Page 71)" mode, and set P0800 = 1 to start uploading parameters;
- 5. The operator panel displays "busy" during the parameter uploading;
- 6. During the parameter uploading, both the operator panel and the inverter will not give any response to any commands;
- 7. When the parameter uploading has been completed successfully, the operator panel display returns to its normal state while the inverter returns to a ready state;
- 8. If the parameter uploading has failed, F0055 will be displayed on the operator panel. In this case, please check the operator panel to clear this fault, and try uploading parameters again;
- 9. Remove the operator panel from the inverter;
- 10.Connect the operator panel to a new inverter;
- 11.Ensure that power has been applied to the inverter;
- 12.Enter into " Operation mode (5) Access all the parameters (Page 71)" mode, and set P0801 = 1 to start downloading parameters;
- 13. The operator panel displays "busy" or "- "during the parameter downloading;
- 14. During the parameter downloading, both the operator panel and the inverter will not give any response to any command;
- 15. When the parameter downloading has been completed successfully, the operator panel returns to its normal state while the inverter returns to a ready state;

6.8 Cloning parameters with the operator panel

16. If the parameter downloading has failed:

- If it is out of the failure to verify the downloading work, the operator panel will display F0057. In this case, please try downloading the parameters again;
- If the failure happens during the downloading work, the operator panel will reset the inverter to "Out of Box", and display F0056. After clearing this fault, please retry the downloading work;
- If this new inverter does not has the same frame size with the previous one, the operator panel will display F0058 when the downloading has finished successfully; you must configure the settings of necessary parameters again according to your own needs;

17.And now the operator panel can be removed from the inverter.

The following important restrictions must be considered when you are doing the parameter cloning:

- Only the current datasheet is uploaded to the operator panel.
- Once begun, the cloning procedure can not be interrupted.
- Parameters can be copied between inverters of different power ratings;, but motor specific parameters, P0611 and P0640 can not be copied.
- During the downloading work, if the data are not compatible with the inverter, the default values for the parameters will be written into the inverter.
- During the parameter uploading, all the data in the operator panel will be overwritten; when the downloading procedure has begun, all the data in the inverter will be overwritten.
- If the uploading work or the downloading work has failed, the inverter will not work normally.

NOTICE

After cloning parameters between two different control modes, you have to switch between LOC mode and REM mode according to actual application.

Parameter list

Parameter groups

Table 7-1 Inverter status specific parameters

Parameter No.	Name
r0002	Inverter state
r0007	Selected connection macro and application macro
r0018[2]	Inverter version display
r0024	Actual inverter output frequency
r0025	Actual output voltage
r0026	Actual DC-link voltage
r0027	Actual output current
r0037	Inverter temperature
r0052	Actual Status word 1
r0206	Rated inverter power
r0207[2]	Rated inverter current
r0208	Rated inverter voltage
r0209	Max. inverter current
r0752	Act. input of ADC [V]
r0947[8]	Last fault code
r1119	CO: Freq. setpoint before RFG
r2036	Ctr/Wrd1 from operator panel
r2110[4]	Warning number

 Table 7-2
 Motor data (for quick commissioning)

Parameter No.	Name
P0304	Rated motor voltage
P0305	Rated motor current
P0307	Rated motor power
P0308	Rated motor cosPhi
P0309	Rated motor efficiency
P0310	Rated motor frequency
P0311	Rated motor speed
P0320	Motor magentizing current
P0335	Motor cooling
P0350	Stator resistance (line-to-line)

Parameter No.	Name
P0701	Function of digital input 1
P0702	Function of digital input 2
P0703	Function of digital input 3
r0722	Binary input values
P0725	PNP/NPN digital inputs
P0731	Function of digital output 1
P0748	Invert digital outputs

Table 7-3 Digital I/O specific parameters

Table 7-4 Analog I/O specific parameters

Parameter No.	Name
P0753	Smooth time ADC
P0757	Value x1 of ADC scaling
P0758	Value y1 of ADC scaling
P0759	Value x2 of ADC scaling
P0760	Value y2 of ADC scaling
P0761	Width of ADC deadband
P0771	DAC
P0773	Smooth time DAC
P0777	Value x1 of DAC scaling
P0778	Value y1 of DAC scaling
P0779	Value x2 of DAC scaling
P0780	Value y2 of DAC scaling
P0781	Width of DAC deadband

 Table 7-5
 Frequency reference specific parameters

Parameter No.	Name
P1040	Setpoint of the MOP
P1000	Selection of freq. setpoint
P1074	Disabling an additional setpoint
P1020	Fixed frequency selection 1
P1021	Fixed frequency selection 2
P1001	Fixed frequency 1
P1002	Fixed frequency 2
P1003	Fixed frequency 3
P1031	Setpoint memory of the MOP
P1058	JOG frequency right
P1059	JOG frequency left
P1080	Min. frequency
P1082	Max. frequency
P1110	Inhibit neg. freq. setpoint

Parameter No.	Name
P1135	OFF3 ramp-down time
P0840	Selection of the ON/OFF1 command source
P0844	Selection of the OFF2 command source
P1032	Inhibiting negative set points of MOP

Table 7-6 Control parameters

Parameter No.	Name
P1091	Skip frequency
P1101	Skp frequency bandwidth
P1120	Ramp-up time
P1121	Ramp-down time
P1130	Ramp-up initial rounding time
P1131	Ramp-up final rounding time
P1132	Ramp-down initial rounding time
P1133	Ramp-down final rounding time
P1215	Holding brake enable
P1216	Holding brake release delay
P1217	Holding time after ramp down
P1230	BI: Enable DC braking
P1232	DC braking current
P1233	Duration of DC braking
P1236	Compound braking current
P1310	Continuous boost
P1311	Acceleration boost
P1312	Starting boost
P1910	Select motor data identification
P2200	Enable PI controller
P2231	Setpoint memory of PI-MOP
P2240	Setpoint of PI
r2262	Filtered PI setpoint after RFG
r2272	PI scaled feedback
r2273	PI error
P2291	PI output upper limit
P2292	PI output lower limit
r2294	Actual PI output

Table 7-7 Protection specific parameters

Parameter No.	Name
P0011	Lock for user defined par.
P0012	Key for user defined par.
P0013	User defined parameter
P0210	Supply voltage

Parameter No.	Name
P0290	Inverer overload reaction
P0294	Inverter I ² T overload warning
P0610	Motor I ² T reaction
P0611	Motor I ² T time constant
P0640	Motor overload factor

Table 7-8 Other parameters

Parameter No.	Name			
P0005	Display selection			
P0970	Factory reset			
P0971	Transfer data from RAM to EEPROM			
P1080	Min. frequency			
P1082	Max. frequency			
P1120	Ramp-up time			
P1121	Ramp-down time			
P1200	Flying start			
P1202	Motor-current: Flying start			
P1203	Search rate: Flying start			
P1210	Automatic restart			
P1240	Configuration of Vdc controller			
P1300	Control mode			
P1800	Pulse frequency			
P2000	Reference frequency			
P2280	PI proprotion gain			
P2285	PI integral time			
P2293	Ramp-up/-down time of PI limit			

Notes on the OFF functions

OFF1 - This command (produced by cancelling the ON command) causes the inverter to come to a standstill at the selected ramp-down rate. (Active by pressing STOP for less than 2 seconds)

OFF2 - This command causes the motor to coast to a standstill. (Active by pressing STOP for more than 2 seconds) Both OFF2 and OFF3 are effective at low voltage, and OFF2 enjoys the highest priority.

OFF3 - This command causes the motor to decelerate rapidly.

Parameter list

Table 7-9 Parameter list

Par. No.	Name		Range	Default	Unit	
r0002	Inverter state					
	Displays actual inv	verter state.				
	0	Commissioning mode				
	1	Inverter ready				
	2	Inverter fault active				
	3	Inverter starting (DC-link prech	narging)			
	4	Inverter running				
	5	Stopping (ramping down)				
P0005	Display selection		21 - 27	21		
	Selects display of	the user-selected output				
	21	Actual frequency				
	25	Output voltage				
	26	DC link voltage				
	27	Output current				
r0007	Selected connection	on macro and application macro	C0100 - C1005	C0100		
	Displays selected connection macro and application macro					
	C0100	Connection macro C01 and ap	oplication macro A00 are	eselected		
	C0101	Connection macro C01 and ap	oplication macro A01 are	eselected		
	C1005	Connection macro C10 and ap	oplication macro A05 are	eselected		
	Note:					
	Default value depends on selected connection macro and application macro.					
P0011	Lock for user-defir	ned parameter	0 - 65535	0		
	Password to lock user-defined parameter.					
P0012	Key for user-define	ed parameter	0 - 65535	0		
	Password to unloc	k user-defined parameter.				

Par. No.	Name		Range	Default	Unit			
P0013[16]	User defined pa	arameter	0 - 65535	0				
	Defines a limited set of parameters to which the end user will have access right.							
	Index:.							
	P0013[0]	1st user parameter						
	P0013[1]	2nd user parameter						
	P0013[15]	16th user parameter						
	Dependency:							
	To prevent cha	nges to user-defined parameter, s	set P0011 ("lock") to	a different value that	an P0012 ("key").			
	When locked a (and view other	nd the user-defined parameter is a r parameters) is to set P0012 ("ke	activated, the only w y") to the value in P(vay to exit the user-d 0011 ("lock")	lefined parameter			
	Note:							
	 Alternatively, set P0970 = 48 (factory reset) to perform a factory reset of all parameters and selected connection macro or set P0970 = 49 (factory reset) to perform a factory reset of all parameters (except parameters for quick motor data settings) and selected connection macro. 							
	• The default	values of P0011 ("lock") and P00	12 ("key") are the sa	ame				
r0018[2]	Inverter versior	n display						
	Displays firmware version number of the inverter or the operator panel							
	r0018[0]:	Inverter firmware version						
	r0018[1]:	Firmware version of the operator	⁻ panel					
r0024	Actual Inverter	output frequency			Hz			
	Displays actual included.	l output frequency. Slip compensa	tion, resonance dan	nping and frequency	limitation are			
r0025	Actual output v	oltage			V			
	Displays [rms]	voltage applied to motor.						
r0026	Actual DC-link	voltage			V			
	Displays DC-lin	nk voltage.						
r0027	Actual output c	urrent			А			
	Displays [rms]	value of motor current [A].						
r0037	Inverter temper	rature [°C]			°C			
	Displays interna	al inverter heatsink temperature.						

Par. No.	Name		Range	Default	Unit				
r0052	Actual status word 1								
	Displays first	active status word of inverter (bit for	mat) and can be us	sed to diagnose inve	erter status.				
	Bit fields:								
	Bit00	Inverter ready	0	NO	1 YES				
	Bit01	Inverter ready to run	0	NO	1 YES				
	Bit02	Inverter running	0	NO	1 YES				
	Bit03	Inverter fault active	0	NO	1 YES				
	Bit04	OFF2 active	0	YES	1 NO				
	Bit05	OFF3 active	0	YES	1 NO				
	Bit06	ON inhibit active	0	NO	1 YES				
	Bit07	Inverter warning active	0	NO	1 YES				
	Bit08	Deviation setpoint / actual value	0	YES	1 NO				
	Bit09	PZD control	0	NO	1 YES				
	Bit10	Maximum frequency reached	0	NO	1 YES				
	Bit11	Warning: Motor current limit	0	YES	1 NO				
	Bit12	Motor holding brake active	0	NO	1 YES				
	Bit13	Motor overload	0	YES	1 NO				
	Bit14	Motor runs right	0	NO	1 YES				
	Bit15	Inverter overload	0	YES	1 NO				
	Note:								
	For the explanation of the 7-segment display of the bit-parameters (binary parameters), see topic "Operator panel overview (Page 58)"								
r0206	Rated inverte	er power			kW				
	Displays nom	ninal rated motor power from inverter	-						
r0207[2]	Rated inverte	er current			A				
	Displays max	kimum continuous output current of ir	nverter.						
	r0207[0] :	Rated inverter current							
	r0207[1] :	Rated motor current of a 4-pole 1	LA7 AC motor.						
		Note:							
		Under this index 1, you can only v view the actual motor current, go	iew the rated moto to P0305.	r current of a 4-pole	1LA7 AC motor. To				
r0208	Rated inverte	er voltage			V				
	Displays nor	ninal AC supply voltage of inverter.							
	Value:								
	r0208 = 400	(400 V, tolerance: -15% - +15%)							
r0209	Maximum inv	verter current			A				
	Displays max	kimum output current of inverter.							
	Dependency								
	Parameter r0209 depends on the derating which is affected by pulse frequency P1800, ambient temperature and altitude. The data of derating is given in the Operating Instructions.								

Par. No.	Name		Range	Default	Unit			
P0210	Supply voltage		0 - 1000	400	V			
	Parameter P0210 defines the supply voltage. Its default value depends upon the type of inverter. If P0210 does not correspond to the supply voltage, then it must be modified.							
	Note:							
	If mains voltage acceleration of t	is higher than value entered, he motor. An alarm will be iss	automatic deactivation of the sued in this case (A0910).	e Vdc controller m	ay occur to avoid			
P0290	Inverter overloa	d reaction	0 - 3	2				
	Selects reaction	of inverter to an internal ove	r-temperature.					
	Possible setting	s:						
	0	Reduce output frequency	y					
		Note:						
		Effective only if the load applications with a quad	is also reduced. This is for e ratic torque characteristic as	example valid for v pumps or fans.	ariable torque			
	1	Trip (F0004)						
		Note:						
	A trip will always result, if the action taken does not sufficiently reduce internal temperature.							
	2 Reduce pulse frequency and output frequency							
	3	Keep output frequency a	nd reduce pulse frequency,	then trip (F0004)				
P0294	Inverter I ² t over	oad warning	10.0 - 100.0	95.0	%			
	Defines the [%] value at which alarm A0505 (inverter I ² t) is generated.							
	Inverter I ² t calculation is used to determine a maximum tolerable period for inverter overload. The I ² t calculation value is deemed = 100% when this maximum tolerable period is reached.							
	Note: P0294 = 100%	corresponds to stationary nor	ninal load.					
P0304	Rated motor vo	Itage	10 - 2000	400	V			
	Nominal motor	voltage [V] from rating plate.						
P0305	Rated motor cu	rrent	0.01 - 10000.00	See table in Chap. 6.4	A			
	Nominal motor	current [A] from rating plate.	·					
	Note:							
	The maximum value of P0305 depends on the maximum inverter current r0209.							
	It is recommended that the ratio of P0305 (rated motor current) and r0207 (rated inverter current) should not be lower than:							
	V/f: 1/8 ≤ P0305	5/r0207 ≤ r0209/1.1						
	The absolute minimum value of P0305 is defined as 1/32 times inverter rated current (r0207).							
P0307	Rated motor po	wer	0.01 - 2000.00	See table in Chap. 6.4	kW			
	Nominal motor	power from rating plate.						
P0308	Rated motor co	sPhi	0.000 - 1.000	See table in Chap. 6.4				
	Nominal motor	power factor (cosPhi) from rat	ting plate.					
	Dependency:							
	Setting 0 cause	s internal calculation of value						

Par. No.	Name	Range	Default	Unit					
P0309	Rated motor efficiency	0.0 - 99.9	See table in Chap. 6.4	%					
	Nominal motor efficiency in [%] from rating plate.								
	Dependency:								
	Setting 0 causes internal calculation of value.								
P0310	Rated motor frequency	12.00 - 300.00	50.00	Hz					
	Nominal motor frequency [Hz] from rating plate.								
	Dependency:								
	Pole pair number recalculated automatically if part	ameter is changed.							
P0311	Rated motor speed	0 - 40000	See table in Chap. 6.4	1/min					
	Nominal motor speed [rpm] from rating plate.								
	Dependency:								
	Setting 0 causes internal calculation of value.								
	 Slip compensation in V/f control requires rated motor speed for correct operation. 								
	 Pole pair number recalculated automatically if parameter is changed. 								
	Required for vector control and V/f control with speed controller.								
P0320	Motor magnetizing current	0.0 - 99.0	0.0	%					
	Defines motor magnetization current in [%] relative to P0305 (rated motor current).								
P0335	Motor cooling	0 - 1	0						
	Selects motor cooling system used.								
	Possible settings:								
	0 Self-cooled: Using shaft mounted fan at	tached to motor							
	1 Forced-cooled: Using separately power	ed cooling fan							
P0350	Stator resistance (line-to-line)	0.0001 - 2000.0	Depends on inverter type	Ohm					
	Stator resistance value in [Ohms] for connected motor (from line-to-line). The parameter value includes the cable resistance.								
	$P0350 = 2 \times (R_{cable} + R_s)$								
	There are two ways to determine the value for this parameter:								
	1. Measure using P1910 = 1 (motor data identification - value for stator resistance is overwritten).								
	2. Measure manually using an Ohmmeter.								
	Note:								
	Default value depends on inverter type.								

Par. No.	Name		Range	Default	Unit				
P0610	Motor	² t reaction	0 - 2	1					
	Defines reaction when motor I ² t reaches warning threshold.								
	Possible settings:								
	0	Warning, no reaction, no tri	D						
	1	Warning, Imax reduction, tri	p F0011						
	2	Warning, no reaction, trip F	0011						
	Depen	dency:							
	See pa	rameter P0611.							
	Note:								
	Default	value depends on connection macro sel	ected. See Table 7-1	1 for details					
P0611	Motor	² t time constant	0 - 16000	Depends on inverter type	S				
	Therma	al time constant for the motor.							
	Depen	dency:							
	P0611	< 99 s: I ² T-calculation inactive							
	To activate I ² T calculation, set P0611 to a value > 99 s.								
	Note:								
	The value of P0611 is estimated according to the motor data during quick commissioning. When the calculation of motor parameters during quick commissioning is complete, the stored value can be replaced by the value given by the motor manufacturer.								
P0640	Motor	overload factor [%]	10.0 - 400.0	110.0	%				
	Defines motor overload current limit in [%] relative to P0305 (rated motor current).								
P0701	Functio	on of digital input 1	0 - 99	0					
	Selects	function of digital input 1.							
	Possible settings:								
	0	Digital input disabled							
	1	ON/OFF 1							
	2	ON reverse/OFF1							
	3	OFF2 - coast to standstill							
	4	OFF3 - quick ramp down							
	9	Fault acknowledge							
	10	JOG right							
	11	JOG left							
	12	Reverse							
	13	MOP up (increase frequency)							
	14	MOP down (decrease frequency)							
	15	15 Fixed setpoint (direct selection)							
	16	Fixed setpoint (direct selection + ON)							
	99	Enable value 722.0 set in other param	eters.						
	Note:								
	Default	value depends on connection macro sel	ected. See Table 7-1	1 for details					

Par. No.	Name	Range		Default	Ur	nit				
P0702	Function of digital input 2	0 - 99		0						
	Selects function of digital inputs 2.									
	Possible settings:									
	Same as the settings of P0701 except value	99.								
	P0702 = 99 : Enable value 722.1 set in other	r parameters.								
	Note:									
	Default value depends on connection macro selected. See Table 7-11 for details									
P0703	Function of digital input 3	0 - 99		0						
	Select function of digital input 3.									
	Possible settings:									
	Same as the settings of P0701 except value	99.								
	P0703 = 99 : Enable value 722.2 set in other	P0703 = 99 : Enable value 722.2 set in other parameters								
	Note:									
	Default value depends on connection macro	selected. See Table	e 7-11 fo	r details						
r0722	Binary input values									
	Displays status of digital inputs.									
	Bitfields:									
	Bit00 Digital input 1		0	OFF	1	ON				
	Bit01 Digital input 2		0	OFF	1	ON				
	Bit02 Digital input 3		0	OFF	1	ON				
	Note:									
	 Segment is lit when signal is active 									
	The 7-segment display of the bit-parameter	ers (binary paramete	ers) is ex	plained in Fig.	6-12 of S	ection 6.3.2.				
P0725	PNP/NPN digital inputs	0 - 1		1						
	Switches between active high (PNP) and active low (NPN). This is valid inputs for all digital inputs									
	simultaneously.									
	The following is valid by using the internal su	The following is valid by using the internal supply:								
	Possible settings:									
	0 NPN \Rightarrow low active									
	1 PNP \Rightarrow high active									
	Value:									
	NPN: terminals 7/8/9 can be connected via	terminal 6 (0V)								
	PNP: terminals 7/8/9 can be connected via t	terminal 5 (24V)								

Par. No.	Name		Range		Default	Unit			
P0731	Function	of digital output 1	0.0 - 2036.F		52.2				
	Defines source of digital output 1.								
	Possible settings:								
	0	Open							
	1	Closed							
	52.0	See parameter r0052 for the meaning o	f individual value	e settings.					
		Note:							
	52.F	The meaning of 52.0 corresponds to the the description of Bit01, the rest on the	e description of E analogy of it.	Bit00, The	meaning of 5	2.1 corresponds to			
	722.0	See parameter r0722 for the meaning o	f individual value	e settings.					
	722.2	Note:							
		The meaning of 722.0 corresponds to the description of Bit00, The meaning of 722.1 corresponds to the description of Bit01, the rest on the analogy of it.							
	2036.0.	See parameter r0236 for the meaning of individual value settings.							
		Note: The meaning of 2036.0 corresponds to the description of Bit00, The meaning of 2036.1 corresponds to the description of Bit01, the rest on the analogy of it.							
	2036.F								
P0748	Invert digital outputs		0 - 1		0				
	Defines	high and low states of relay for a given fu	nction.						
	Bitfields:								
	Bit00	Invert digital output 1		0	NO	1 YES			
	Note:								
	The 7-segment display of the bit-parameters (binary parameters) is explained in Fig. 6-2 of Chapter 6.								
r0752	Act. inpu	it of ADC [V]							
	Displays smoothed analog input value in volts before the characteristic block.								
P0753	Smooth	time ADC	0 - 10,000		300	ms			
	Defines filter time (PT1 filter) in [ms] for analog input.								
	Note:								
	Increasing this time (smooth) reduces jitter but slows down responses to the analog input.								
	P0753 = 0: No filtering								



P0771 DAC 0.0 - 2036.0 24.0 Defines function of the 0 - 20 mA analog output. Possible settings: 0 Analog output current: 0 mA 1 Analog output current: 20 mA 24 Actual output requency 25 Actual output requency 26 Actual output ourrent 37 Actual output current 37 Actual output current 37 Actual output remeprature P0773 Smooth time DAC 0 - 1,000 2 ms Defines smoothing time [ms] for analog output signal. This parameter enables smoothing for DAC using a PT1 filter. Dependency: P0773 Value x of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 0.00 % Defines x1 output characteristic in [%]. Scaling block is responsible for adjustment of output value defined in P0771 (DAC connector input). Parameters of DAC scaling block (P0777 P0781) work as follows: Output signal (mA) 20 20 20 P0778 Value y1 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 P07	Par. No.	Name	Range	Default	Unit					
Perimes function of the 0 - 20 mA analog output. Possible settings: 0 Analog output current: 0 mA 1 Analog output current: 20 mA 24 Actual output voltage 26 Actual output voltage 27 Actual output voltage 28 Actual output voltage 27 Actual output urrent 37 Actual inverter temperature P0773 Befines smoothing fire [ms] for analog output signal. This parameter enables smoothing for DAC using a PT1 filter. P0777 Defines scholarity it in [%]. Scaling block is responsible for adjustment of output value defined in PO771 (DAC scaling P0777 Value x1 of DAC scaling -9999 - 99999 P0778 Onector input). Parameters of DAC scaling block (P0777 P0781) work as follows: Output signal (mA) P0778 P0779 P0779 P0779 P0779 P0779 P0779 P0779 P0779 P078 P079 P079	P0771	DAC	0.0 - 2036.0	24.0						
Possible settings:0Analog output current: 0 mA1Analog output current: 20 mA24Actual output frequency25Actual output voltage26Actual current37Actual inverter temperatureP0773Smooth time DAC000011 filter.P0773 = 0: Deactivates filterP0773 = 0: Deactivates filterP0777Value x1 of DAC scaling9999 - 999990.000%Defines x1 output characteristic in [%]. Scaling block is responsible for adjustment of output value defined in P0771 (DAC connector input).Parameters of DAC scaling block (P0777 P0781) work as follows:0Output signal (mA)20 $\frac{20}{P0778}$ $\frac{20}{P0778}$ $\frac{20}{P0779}$ $\frac{20}{P0778}$ $\frac{20}{P0779}$ P0778Value y1 of DAC scaling0.00 - 20.000.00 $\frac{20}{P0778}$ $\frac{21}{P0778}$ $\frac{21}{P040}$ $\frac{20}{P0778}$ $\frac{20}{P040}$ <		Defines function of the 0 - 20 mA analog output.								
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c } \hline 0 & Analog output current: 0 mA \\ \hline 1 & Analog output current: 20 mA \\ \hline 24 & Actual output frequency \\ \hline 25 & Actual output outgage \\ \hline 27 & Actual output current \\ \hline 37 & Actual inverter temperature \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline $		Possible settings:								
$\begin{array}{ c c c c } \hline 1 & Analog output current: 20 mA \\ \hline 24 & Actual output frequency \\ \hline 25 & Actual output voltage \\ \hline 26 & Actual DC-link voltage \\ \hline 27 & Actual output current \\ \hline 37 & Actual inverter temperature \\ \hline \hline 90773 & Defines smoothing time [ms] for analog output signal. This parameter enables smoothing for DAC using a PT1 filter. \\ \hline \hline Dependency: P0773 = 0: Deactivates filter \\ \hline \hline P0777 & Value x1 of DAC scaling$		0 Analog output current: 0 mA								
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline 24 & Actual output frequency \\ \hline 25 & Actual output voltage \\ \hline 26 & Actual output current \\ \hline 37 & Actual output current \\ \hline 37 & Actual inverter temperature \\ \hline \hline 17 & Itiler. \\ \hline \hline 10 & Connector input. \\ \hline \hline 10 & Connector in$		1 Analog output current: 20 mA								
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		24 Actual output frequency								
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		25 Actual output voltage								
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		26 Actual DC-link voltage								
37 Actual inverter temperature P0773 Smooth time DAC 0 - 1,000 2 ms Defines smoothing time [ms] for analog output signal. This parameter enables smoothing for DAC using a PT1 filter. P0773 0 2 ms P0773 Dependency: P0773 = 0: Deactivates filter -99999 - 99999 0.00 % P0777 Value x1 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 0.00 % P0771 IQAC connector input). Parameters of DAC scaling block (P0777 P0781) work as follows: 0utput signal (mA) 0 y_2 y_2 y_2 y_2 y_2 90778 Value y1 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 - P0778 Value y1 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 - P0778 Value y1 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 100.00 % P0778 Value y2 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 100.00 % P0778 Value y2 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 100.00 % P0780 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 20.00 - P0781 Value y2 of DAC scaling		27 Actual output current								
P0773 Smooth time DAC 0 - 1,000 2 ms Defines smoothing time [ms] for analog output signal. This parameter enables smoothing for DAC using a PT1 filter. Dependency: P0773 Value x1 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 0.00 % P0777 Value x1 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 0.00 % Defines x1 output characteristic in [%]. Scaling block is responsible for adjustment of output value defined in P0771 (DAC connector input). Parameters of DAC scaling block (P0777 P0781) work as follows: Output signal (mA)		37 Actual inverter temperature								
Defines smoothing time [ms] for analog output signal. This parameter enables smoothing for DAC using a PT1 filter. Dependency: P0773 Value x1 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 0.00 % Defines x1 output characteristic in [%]. Scaling block is responsible for adjustment of output value defined in P0771 (DAC connector input). Parameters of DAC scaling block (P0777 P0781) work as follows: Output signal (mA) 0 0 0 % P0780 0 90777 P0779 100 % % % Where: Points P1 (x1, y1) and P2 (x2, y2) can be chosen freely. P0778 Value y1 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 P0778 Value y1 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 100.00 % % P0779 Defines x2 of output characteristic. - - P0778 Value x2 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 100.00 % % Defines x2 of output characteristic. - - - P0778 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 20.00 - P0780 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 20.00 - P0781 Width of DAC deadband 0.00 - 20.00	P0773	Smooth time DAC	0 - 1,000	2	ms					
P0773 = 0: Deactivates filter P0777 Value x1 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 0.00 % Defines x1 output characteristic in [%]. Scaling block is responsible for adjustment of output value defined in P0771 (DAC connector input). Parameters of DAC scaling block (P0777 P0781) work as follows: Output signal (mA) Output signal (mA) Output signal (mA) P0778 Value y1 of DAC scaling block (P0777 P0781) work as follows: Where: Points P1 (x1, y1) and P2 (x2, y2) can be chosen freely. P0778 Value y1 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Defines y1 of output characteristic. P0779 Value x2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Defines x2 of output characteristic. P0780 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 20.00 Defines y2 of output characteristic. P0781 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 P0782 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Defines y2 of output characteristic. P0784 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Defines y2 of output characteristic. P0785 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Defines y2 of output characteristic. P0786 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Defines y2 of output characteristic. P0781 Vidth of DAC deadband 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Sets width of deadchand in ImAl for analog output		Defines smoothing time [ms] for analog output sig PT1 filter.	nal. This parameter ena	ables smoothing	for DAC using a					
P0777Value x1 of DAC scaling-99999 - 999990.00%Defines x1 output characteristic in [%]. Scaling block is responsible for adjustment of output value defined in P0771 (DAC connector input). Parameters of DAC scaling block (P0777 P0781) work as follows: Output signal (mA)Output signal (mA) 20 $P0780$ Y_2 $P0777$ Y_1 20 $P0777$ Y_1 $P0779$ Y_2 $P0779$ Y_2 $P0778$ $Value y1 of DAC scalingDefines x1 of output characteristic.0.00 - 20.000.00P0778P0779Defines y1 of output characteristic.-99999 - 99999100.00P0779P0779Defines x2 of output characteristic in [%].P0780P0780P0780P0780P0780P0780P0780P07800.00 - 20.000.00P0780$		P0773 = 0. Deactivates filter								
Defines x1 output characteristic in [%]. Scaling block is responsible for adjustment of output value defined in P0771 (DAC connector input). Parameters of DAC scaling block (P0777 P0781) work as follows: Output signal (mA) 20 90780 Y1 0 P0777 0 P0779 Value y1 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 0 Defines x2 of output characteristic in [%]. P0780 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 20.00 0 Defines y2 of output characteristic. P0781	P0777	Value x1 of DAC scaling	-99999 - 99999	0.00	%					
P0778 Value y1 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Defines y1 of output characteristic. -99999 - 99999 100.00 % P0779 Value x2 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 100.00 % Defines x2 of output characteristic in [%]. -99999 - 99999 100.00 P0780 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 20.00 Defines y2 of output characteristic. 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 P0781 Width of DAC deadband 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Sets width of deadband in ImAl for analog output.		P0771 (DAC connector input). Parameters of DAC scaling block (P0777 P078 Output signal (mA) 20 P0780 y_2 P0778 y_1 0 P0777 y_1 0 P0777 y_1 0 P0777 y_1 0 P0777 y_2 y_2 P0779 y_2 y_2 100% % Where: Points P1 (x1, y1) and P2 (x2, y2) can be chosen	1) work as follows: freely.							
Defines y1 of output characteristic. P0779 Value x2 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 100.00 % Defines x2 of output characteristic in [%]. 0.00 - 20.00 20.00 P0780 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 20.00 Defines y2 of output characteristic. 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 P0781 Width of DAC deadband 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Sets width of deadband in ImAl for analog output.	P0778	Value y1 of DAC scaling	0.00 - 20.00	0.00						
P0779 Value x2 of DAC scaling -99999 - 99999 100.00 % Defines x2 of output characteristic in [%]. -9000 - 20.00 20.00 P0780 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 20.00 Defines y2 of output characteristic. P0781 Width of DAC deadband 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Sets width of deadband in ImAl for analog output.		Defines y1 of output characteristic.								
Defines x2 of output characteristic in [%]. P0780 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 20.00 Defines y2 of output characteristic. 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 P0781 Width of DAC deadband 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Sets width of deadband in ImAl for analog output.	P0779	Value x2 of DAC scaling	-99999 - 99999	100.00	%					
P0780 Value y2 of DAC scaling 0.00 - 20.00 20.00 Defines y2 of output characteristic. P0781 Width of DAC deadband 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Sets width of deadband in ImAl for analog output.		Defines x2 of output characteristic in [%].								
Defines y2 of output characteristic. P0781 Width of DAC deadband 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Sets width of deadband in ImAl for analog output.	P0780	Value y2 of DAC scaling	0.00 - 20.00	20.00						
P0781 Width of DAC deadband 0.00 - 20.00 0.00 Sets width of deadband in ImAl for analog output.		Defines y2 of output characteristic.								
Sets width of deadband in ImA1 for analog output.	P0781	Width of DAC deadband	0.00 - 20.00	0.00						
		Sets width of deadband in [mA] for analog output.								

Par. No.	Name		Range	Default	Unit			
P0800	Paramete	r upload from inverter to operator panel	0 - 1	0				
	With this p	parameter, you can upload parameters fro	om an inverter to	o the operator panel.				
	Possible s	settings:						
	0	Disabled						
	1	Upload						
P0801	Paramete	r download from operator panel to inverte	e r 0 - 1	0				
	With this parameter, you can download parameters from the operator panel to an inverter.							
	Possible settings:							
	0	Disabled						
	1	Download						



Index 1 used only if second fault occurs before first fault is acknowledged.

Par. No.	Name		Range	Default	Unit			
P0970	Factory reset		0 - 99	0				
	Resets parameter	ers and/or connection mode	s to their default value	s				
	Possible setting	S:						
	0	Disabled						
	48	All parameters and conr	nection macros reset					
	49	All parameters (except motor data P0304, P0305, P0307 P0311, P0320, P0335, P0350) and connection macro settings reset						
P0971	Transfer data from RAM to EEPROM 0 - 1 0							
	Transfers values from RAM to EEPROM.							
	After parameterization by the user, he can							
	Possible setting	S:						
	0	Disabled						
	1	Start transfer						
	Note:							
	All values in RAM are transferred to EEPROM.							
	Parameter is automatically reset to 0 (default) after successful transfer							

Par. No.	Name		Range)	Default	Unit
P1000	Selection of freque	ency setpoint	0 - 53	5	5	
	Selects frequency setpoint source.					
	Possible settings:					
	0	No main setpoint		-		
	1	MOP setpoint		default value fo C10	r the remote m	ode of C02 and
	2	Analog setpoint		default value fo and C07~C09	r the remote m	ode of C03~C05
	3	Fixed frequency		default value fo	r the remote m	ode of C06
	5	Operator panel		default value fo mode of C02~C	r C01 and C11 C10	and for the local
	12	Analog setpoint + MOP setpoin	t	can be used for and C11 if the f	the remote mo function of DI re	ode of C02~C10 econfigured
	13	Fixed frequency + MOP setpoin	t	can be used for and C11 if the f	the remote mo function of DI re	ode of C02~C10 econfigured
	21	MOP setpoint + Analog setpoin	t	can be used for and C11 if the f	the remote mo function of DI re	ode of C02~C10 econfigured
	23	Fixed frequency + Analog setpo	oint	can be used for and C11 if the f	the remote mo function of DI re	ode of C02~C10 econfigured
	25	operation panel + Analog setpo	int	can be used for reconfigured	C11 if the fund	ction of DI
	31	MOP setpoint + Fixed frequenc	y	can be used for and C11 if the f	the remote mo function of DI re	ode of C02~C10 econfigured
	32	Analog setpoint + Fixed frequer	псу	can be used for and C11 if the f	the remote mo function of DI re	ode of C02~C10 econfigured
	35	operation panel + Fixed frequer	ю	can be used for reconfigured	C11 if the fund	ction of DI
	52	Analog setpoint + operation par	nel	can be used for reconfigured	C11 if the fund	ction of DI
	53	Fixed frequency + operation pa	nel	can be used for reconfigured	C11 if the fund	ction of DI
	Note:					
	Default value depe	ends on connection macro selecte	d. See	Table 7-11 for d	etails.	
	For users who are familiar with MM4 serial converters, the value from the operation panel (P1000 = 5) equa to the USS on COM link of MM serial converters.					
P1074	Disabling an additi	onal setpoint	0.0	- 2036.F 0.	0	-
	Common settings:					
	P1074 = 722.2 =>	Digital input 3				

Dependency:

Accessible only if P0701 - P0703 = 99 (enabling the use of 722.0 - 722.2)

P1020 Fi				Jint				
	20 Fixed frequency selection 1 0.0 - 2036.F 0.0 -							
Ca	Common settings:							
P1	1020 = 722.0 => Digital input 1							
De	ependency:							
Ac	ccessible only if P0701 - P0703 = 99 (enabling the	e use of 722.0 - 722	.2)					
Se	ee the table in P1001 (fixed frequency 1) for the d	lescription of how to	use fixed frequen	cies.				
If I	both 1020 and 1021 are selected, the fixed setpo	int is the sum of P10	001 and 1002.					
P1021 Fi z	xed frequency selection 2	0.0 - 2036.F	0.0	-				
Co	ommon settings:							
P1	1021 = 722.1 ==> Digital input 2							
De	ependency:							
Ac	ccessible only if P0701 - P0703 = 99 (enabling the	e use of 722.0 - 722	.2)					
Se	ee the table in P1002 (fixed frequency 2) for the d	lescription of how to	use fixed frequen	cies				
If I	both 1020 and 1021 are selected, the fixed setpo	int is the sum of P10	001 and 1002.					
Note: For users who are familiar with MM4 serial converters, parameters P1020 and P1021 have the same function MM4 converters if P1016 and P1017 are set to 1.								
P1001 Fi z	xed frequency 1	-300.00 - 300.00	0.00	Hz				
De	Defines fixed frequency setpoint 1.							
Th	There are three options available for the selection of fixed frequencies:							
1.	1. Direct selection (P0701 P0703 = 15)							
	In this mode of operation, 1 digital input selects 1 fixed frequency. If several inputs are active at the same time, the selected frequencies are summed up.							
2.	Direct selection + ON command (P0701 P07	03 = 16)						
	The fixed frequency selection integrates fixed frequencies with an ON command.							
	In this mode of operation, 1 digital input selects 1 fixed frequency.							
3	in several imputs are active at the same time, the selected frequencies are summed up. 3 Direct selection multifunction ($P0701 = P0703 = 00 \cdot P1020 = 722.0 = 2 \text{ and } P1021 = 722.0 = 2$)							
0.	In this mode of operation, 1 digital input selects 1 fixed frequency.							
	If several inputs are active at the same time, the	e selected frequenci	es are summed up).				
This mode is an alternative of option 1, except P0701 P0703 = 99, the used digital input								
P1002 Fi	ved frequency 2	-300 00 - 300 00	5.00	Hz				
	ofines fixed frequency settaint 2	-500.00 - 500.00	3.00	112				
Ec	Defines fixed frequency setpoint 2.							
P1003 E	xed frequency 3	-300 00 - 300 00	10.00	Hz				
	plines fixed frequency setpoint 3	000.00 - 000.00	10.00	112				
	r Details, see narameter P1001/fixed frequency	1)						

Par. No.	Name	Range	Default	Unit		
P1031	Setpoint memory of the MOP	0 - 1	0			
	Saves last motor potentiometer setpoint (MOP) that was active before O	FF command or	power down.		
	Possible settings:					
	0 MOP setpoint will not be stored.					
	1 MOP setpoint will be	stored (P1040 is updated).				
	Note:					
	 On next ON command, motor potentiometer setpoint will be the saved value in parameter P1040 (setpoint of the MOP) 					
	2. This parameter also decides whether	the operator panel store curren	t setpoint			
P1040	Setpoint of the MOP	-300.00 - 300.00	5.00	Hz		
	Determines setpoint for motor potentiome	eter control (P1000 = 1)				
	Note:					
	1. If P1110 = 0, the setpoint of the MOP will be decreased to a negative value.					
	2. Default frequency setpoint of the operator panel depends on this parameter					
P1058	JOG frequency right	0.00 - 300.00	5.00	Hz		
	Jogging increases the motor frequency by small amounts. The JOG buttons uses a non-latching switch on one of the digital inputs to control the motor frequency.					
	While JOG right is selected, this parameter	er determines the frequency at	which the invert	er will run.		
P1059	JOG frequency left	0.00 - 300.00	5.00	Hz		
	While JOG left is selected, this parameter determines the frequency at which the inverter will run.					
P1080	Min. frequency	0.00 - 300.00	0.00	Hz		
	Set minimum motor frequency [Hz] at which motor will run irrespective of frequency setpoint.					
P1082	Max. frequency	0.00 - 300.00	50.00	Hz		
	Sets maximum motor frequency [Hz] at which motor will run irrespective of the frequency setpoint. The value set here is valid for both clockwise and anticlockwise rotation.					
	Furthermore, the monitoring function [f_ad	ct] >= P1082 is affected by this	parameter.			
	Note:					
	Make sure that P1082 / P2000 < 2					

Par. No.	Name		Range	Default	Unit
P1091	Skip frequency	1	0.00 - 300.00	0.00	Hz
	Defines skip fre P1101 (skip fre	equency wich avoids effects equency bandwidth).	of mechanical resonance ar	nd suppresses free	quencies within +/-
	P109 Skip fre	Skip frequency bandwidth fin quency			
	 Note: Stationary through (or 	operation is not possible with h the ramp).	in the suppresssed frequence	cy range; the rang	e is merely passed
	• For examp Hz +/- 2 Hz	e, if P1091 = 10 Hz and P11 (i.e., between 8 and 12 Hz)	01 = 2Hz, it is not possible t	o operate continu	ously between 10
P1101	Skip frequency	y bandwidth	0.00 - 10.00	2.00	Hz
	Delivers freque	ency bandwidth to be applied	to skip frequency.		
P1110	Inhibit negative frequency setpoint 0.0 - 2036.F 1.0 This parameter suppresses negative setpoints. Therefore, modification of the motor direction is inhibited to the setpoint channel.				
		gs:			
	0	Disabled			
	1	Enabled			
	52.0	See parameter r0052 fo	or the meaning of individual	value settings.	
	 52.F	The meaning of 52.0 co corresponds to the des	orresponds to the description cription of Bit01, the rest on	n of Bit00, The me the analogy of it.	eaning of 52.1
	722.0 See parameter r0722 for the meaning of individual value settings.				
		Note:			
	722.2	The meaning of 722.0 corresponds to the des	corresponds to the description of Bit01, the rest on	on of Bit00, The n the analogy of it.	neaning of 722.1
	2036.0	See parameter r0236 fe	or the meaning of individual	value settings.	
		Note:			
	2036.F	The meaning of 2036.0 corresponds to the des	corresponds to the descrip cription of Bit01, the rest on	tion of Bit00, The the analogy of it.	meaning of 2036.1
	Note:				
	 if a min. free in relations 	quency (P1080) and a negati hip to the min. frequency.	ve setpoint are given, the mo	otor is accelerated	by a positive value
	This function command of the second sec	on does not disable the "rever causes motor to run in the po	se command functions" (e.g sitive direction only, as desc	. Reverse, ON lef cribed above.	t); rather, a reverse
	Default val	ue depends on connection m	acro selected. See Table 7-	11 for details.	
P0840	Selection of the	e ON/OFF1 command source	e 0.0 - 2036.F	722.0	-

Par. No.	Name	Range	Default	Unit
P0844	Selection of the OFF2 command source	0.0 - 2036.F	1.0	-
Note: If P08 input will ac	340 and P0844 are wired together by the same inp at as the ON/OFF2 function. OFF2 has a priority to	out (i.e. P701 = 99; P OFF1.	0840 = 722.0; P0844	= 722.0), then the
P1032	Inhibiting negative set points of MOP	0 - 1	1	-
	Possible settings:			
	0 Negative MOP set point allow	wed		
	1 Negative MOP set point inhib	pited		
	Note:			
	The reversing functions are not affected by the s use P1110 to fully prevent any change of direct	ettings of P1032, wh ion in a setpoint cha	ich only restrict an MC nnel.	P setpoint. Please
	Setting P1110 to 1 will set P1032 to 1 automati	cally.		
	Setting P1032 to 1 will reset the saved negative	e MOP value (if P104	40 < 0.0) to 0.0 autom	atically.
r1119	CO: Frequency setpoint before RFG			Hz
	Displays output frequency after modification by	other functions, e.g.	:	
	P1110 BI: Inhibit neg. frequency setpoint.			
	 P1091 skip frequencies. 			
	P1082 Min frequency.			
	 P1082 Max. frequency. 			
	Limitations			
	• Etc.			
P1120	Ramp-up time	0.00 - 300.00	30.00	S
	Time taken for motor to accelerate from standsti is used.	ill up to maximum mo	otor frequency (P1082)	when no rounding
	Note :			
	 Setting the ramp-up time too short can cause 	se the inverter to trip	(overcurrent).	
	 If an example frequency setpiont with set ran optimum inverter performance is to set ram PLC. 	mp rates is used (e. o times in P1120 and	g. from a PLC), the be I P1121 slightly shorte	est way to achieve or than those of the
P1121	Ramp-down time	0.00 - 300.00	30.00	S
	Time taken for motor to decelerate from maxim rounding is used.	um motor frequency	(P1082) down to star	ndstill when no
P1130	Ramp-up initial rounding time	0.00 - 40.00	0.00	S
	Defines initial rounding time in seconds as show	wn on the diagram b	elow.	
	٨f			
		\setminus		
		\backslash		
	f ₁	P1122 t		
	$ \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} P \\ I $	t _{down}		

Par. No.	Name	Range	Default	Unit		
P1131	Ramp-up final rounding time	0.00 - 40.00	0.00	S		
	Defines rounding time at end of ramp-up as shown in P1130.					
P1132	Ramp-down initial rounding time	0.00 - 40.00	0.00	S		
	Defines rounding time at start of ramp-down	as shown in P1130.				
P1133	Ramp-down final rounding time	0.00 - 40.00	0.00	S		
	Defines rounding time at end of ramp-down	as shown in P1130.				
P1135	OFF3 ramp-down time	0.00 - 300.00	5.00	S		
	Defines ramp-down time from maximum free	uency to standstill for OFF	3 command.			
P1200	Flying start	0 - 6	0			
	Starts inverter onto a spinning motor by rapidly changing the output frequency of the inverter until the actual motor speed has been found. Then, the motor turns up to setpoint using the normal ramp time.					
	Possible settings:					
	0 Flying start disabled					
	1 Flying start is always active, start in direction of setpoint					
	2 Flying start is active if power on, fault, OFF2, start in direction of setpoint					
	3 Flying start is active if fault, OFF2, start in direction of setpiont					
	4 Flying start is active, on	ly in direction of setpoint				
	5 Flying start if power on,	fault, OFF2, only indirectior	n of setpoint			
	6 Flying start if active if fault, OFF2, only in direction of setpiont					
P1202	Motor-current: Flying start	10 - 200	100	%		
	Defines search current used for flying start. Value is in [%] based on rated motor current (P0305).					
P1203	Search rate: Flying start	10 - 200	100	%		
	Sets factor by which the output frequency changes during flying start to synchronize with turning motor.					
	Note:					
	A higher value produces a flatter gradient a effect.	nd thus a longer search time	e. A lower value h	nas the opposite		

Par. No.	Name		Range	Default	Unit
P1210	Automatic restart		0 - 6	1	
	Configures automatic restart function				
	Possible Settings	:			
	0	Disabled			
	1	Trip reset after power on			
	2	Restart after mains blackout			
	3	Restart after mains brown-/blac	ck-out or fault		
	4	Restart after mains brown-/blac	ck-out		
	5	Restart after mains blackout ar	nd fault		
	6	Restart after mains brown- /bla	ck-out or fault		

Caution:

Use caution when setting $P1210 \ge 2$. $P1210 \ge 2$ can cause the motor to restart automatically without toggling the ON command.

Ever time when you change the operation mode to the "Motor data setting" mode, the setting of P1210 changes by default to "1". To change the setting, go to the operation mode "Application macro selection" or "Access all the parameters".

P1210	ON always active (permanently)			On in no-vol	tage condition	
	Fault F0003 on		All other faults on		All faults on	No faults on
	Blackout	Brownout	Blackout	Brownout	Blackout	Blackout
0	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	Fault ack.	-	Fault ack.	-	Fault ack.	-
2	Fault ack. + restart	-	-	-	-	Restart
3	Fault ack. + restart	Fault ack. + restart	Fault ack. + restart	Fault ack. + restart	Fault ack. + restart	-
4	Fault ack. + restart	Fault ack. + restart	-	-	-	-
5	Fault ack. + restart	_	Fault ack. + restart	-	Fault ack. + restart	Restart
6	Fault ack. + restart	Fault ack. + restart	Fault ack. + restart	Fault ack. + restart	Fault ack. + restart	Restart

Note:

Flying start must be used in cases where the motor may still be turning (for example, after a short mains break) or can be driven by the load (P1200).

If P1210 = 4, power brownout will cause the motor to restart, no matter whether the inverter is in LOC or REM mode. In other cases, however, motor restart can only happen when the inverter is in REM mode. Before the operator panel finishes the start course, the setpoint is 1.

		•				
P1215	Holding brake enable		0 - 1	0		
	Enables/disables holding brake function.					
	Possible settings:					
	0	Motor holding brake disabled	Ł			
	1	Motor holding brake enabled	1			

Par. No.	Name	Range	Default	Unit		
P1216	Holding brake release delay	0.0 - 20.0	1.0	S		
	Defines the brake opening time of the	motor holding brake.				
	P1216 ≥ Release time of the brake + r	elay opening time(s)				
P1217	Holding time after ramp down	0.0 - 20.0	1.0	S		
	Defines the brake time of the motor ho	olding brake.				
	P1217 \geq Application time of the brake	+ relay closing time				
P1230	BI: Enable DC braking	0:0 - 4000:0	0:0			
	Enable DC braking via a signal applied signal is active.	I from an external source. Function	n remains active	while external input		
	DC braking causes the motor to stop rapidly by applying a DC braking current (current applied also holds shaft stationary).					
	When the DC braking signal is applied, the inverter output pulses are blocked and the DC current is not applied until the motor has been sufficiently demagnetized.					
	Possible settings:					
	722.0 Digital input 1 (req	quires P0701 to be set to 99, BICC))			
	722.1 Digital input 2 (requires P0702 to be set to 99, BICO)					
	722.3 Digital input 3 (req	quires P0703 to be set to 99, BICC))			
	Cautions:					
	With the DC braking, the kinetic energy of the motor is converted into heat in the motor. The drive could overheat if it remains at this status for an exessive time period.					
	DC braking is not possible when using	a synchronous motor.				
P1232	DC braking current	0 - 250	100	%		
	Defines level of DC current in [%] relative to rated motor current (P0305).					
P1233	Duration of DC braking	0 - 250	0	S		
	Defines duration for which DC injection	n braking is to be active following	and OFF1 or OF	F3 command.		
	Setting this parameter between 0.01 and 250.00 sets the time duration (in seconds) of the DC injection starting with the OFF1 or OFF3 command.					

Par. No.	Name	Range	Default	Unit	
P1236	Compound braking current	0 - 250	0	%	

Defines DC level superimposed on AC waveform after exceeding DC-link voltage threshold of compound braking. The value is entered in [%] relative to rated motor current (P0305).

The Compound Brake is an overlay of the DC brake function with regenerative braking (effeteve braking at the ramp) after OFF1 or OFF3. This enables braking with controlled motor frequency and a minimum of energy returned to the motor. Through optimization of the ramp-down time and the compound braking an effective braking without additional HW components is possible.



Value:

P1236 = 0	Compound braking is disaled
P1236 = 1250	Level of DC braking current defined as a [%] of rated motor current (P0305).

Dependency:

Compound braking depends on the DC link voltage only. It will be active with OFF1/OFF3 and at regenerating conditions.

It is disabled when:

- DC braking is active
- Flying start is active

Notice:

Increasing the value will generally improve braking performance; however, if you set the value too high, an overcurrent trip may result. If used with dynamic braking enabled as well compound braking will take priority. If used with the Vdc max. controller enabled the drive behavior while braking may be worsened particularly with high values of compound braking.

0 - 1

P1240

Configuration of Vdc controller Enables/disables Vdc controller.

The Vdc controller dynamically controls the DC link voltage to prevent trips on high inertia systems.

Possible settings:

_	0	Vdc controller disabled
	1	Vdc-max controller enabled

1

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Par. No.	Name	Range	Default	Unit		
P1243	Dynamic factor of Vdc-max	10 - 200	100	%		
	Defines dynamic factor for DC link controller in [%].					
	Note:					
	Vdc controller adjustment is calculated autor	matically from motor and ir	verter data.			
P1300	Control mode	0 - 2	0			
	Controls relationship between speed of moto	or and voltage supplied by	inverter.			
	Possible settings:					
	0 V/f with linear character	istic				
	1 V/f with FCC					
	2 V/f with parabolic chara	cteristic				
P1310	Continuous boost	0.0 - 250.0	50.0	%		
	P1310 causes a voltage boost depending or voltage is low to keep the flux level constant	n the output frequency. At I . However, the output volta	ow output frequen age may be too lov	cies, the output v		
	• for magnetization the asynchronous mote	or				
	• for hold the load					
	• to overcome losses in the system.					
P1311	Acceleration boost	0.0 - 250.0	0.0	%		
	P1311 will only produce boost during ramping, and is therefore useful for additional torque during acceleration and deceleration.					
P1312	Starting boost	0.0 - 250.0	0.0	%		
	Applies a constant linear offset (in [%] relative to P0305 (rated motor current)) to active V/f curve (either linear or quadratic) after an ON command and is active until					
	1) ramp output reaches setpoint for the first time respectively					
	2) setpoint is reduced to less than present ramp output					
	This is useful for starting loads with high inertia.					
	Setting the starting boost (P1312) too high w the output frequency.	ill cause the inverter to limi	it the current, whic	h will in turn restrict		
P1800	Pulse frequency	2 - 16	4	kHz		
	Sets pulse frequency of power switches in inverter. The frequency can be changed in steps of 2 kHz.					
P1910	Select motor data identification	0 - 2	0			
	Performs a motor data identification.					
	Performs stator resistance measuring.					
	Possible Settings:					
	0 Disabled					
	1 Identification of Rs with parameter change					
	2 Identification of Rs without parameter change					
	Dependency:					
	No measurement if motor data are incorrect.					
	P1910 = 1: Calculated value for stator resistance (see P0350) is overwritten.					
	P1910 = 2: Values already calculated are no	ot overwritten.				
	Note:					
	If the motor data identification routine is active measuring operation is stared and alarm A0 P1910 and the alarm are reset.	vated (e.g. P1910 = 1), the 541 is generated. After the	en at the next ON of measurement is of	command, the completed, both		

Par. No.	Name		Range	Default	U	nit			
P2000	Reference	frequency	1.00 - 300.00	50.00	Н	Hz			
	Parameter P2000 represents the reference frequency for frequency values which are displayed / trans as a percentage or a hexadecimal value. Where:								
	- nexadecir	nai 4000 H ⇒P2000							
-2020	- percentag	le 100 % ⇒ P2000 (e.g.: ADC)			<u> </u>				
r2036									
	Displays control word 1 from operator panel (i.e. word 1). Bitfields:								
	Bit00	ON/OFF1	0	NO	1	YES			
	Bit01	OFF2: Electrical stop	0	YES	1	NO			
	Bit02	OFF3: Fast stop	0	YES	1	NO			
	Bit03	Pulses enabled	0	NO	1	YES			
	Bit04	RFG enable	0	NO	1	YES			
	Bit05	RFG start	0	NO	1	YES			
	Bit06	Setpoint enable	0	NO	1	YES			
	Bit07	Fault acknowledge	0	NO	1	YES			
	Bit08	JOG right	0	NO	1	YES			
	Bit09	JOG left	0	NO	1	YES			
	Bit10	Control from the operator panel	0	NO	1	YES			
	Bit11	Reverse (setpoint inversion)	0	NO	1	YES			
	Bit13	Motor potentiometer MOP up	0	NO	1	YES			
	Bit14	Motor potentiometer MOP down	0	NO	1	YES			
	Bit15	Local / Remote	0	NO	1	YES			
	Note:								
	The 7-segment display of the bit-parameters (binary parameters) is explained in Fig. 6-12 of Section 6.3.2.								
r2110 [4]	Warning number								
	Displays warning information.								
	A maximum of 2 active warnings (indices 0 and 1) and 2 historical warning (indices 2 & 3) may be viewed.								
	Index:								
	r2110[0]:	Recent warnings, warning 1							
	r2110[1]:	Recent warnings, warning 2							
	r2110[2]:	Recent warnings - 1, warning 3							
	r2110[3]:	Recent warnings - 1, warning 4							

Par. No.	Name		Range	Default	Unit				
P2200	Enable PI o	controller	0.0 - 2036.F	0.0	Unit 				
	Allows user enable/disable the PI controller.								
	Possible settings:								
	0	PI controller deactivated							
	1	PI controller permanently activated							
	52.0	See parameter r0052 for the meaning of individual value settings.							
		Note:							
	52.F	52.F The meaning of 52.0 corresponds to the description of Bit00, The meaning of 52.1 corresponds to the description of Bit01, the rest on the analogy of it.							
	722.0	See parameter r0722 for the meaning of individual value settings.							
		Note:							
	722.2	722.2 The meaning of 722.0 corresponds to the description of Bit00, The meaning of 722.1 corresponds to the description of Bit01, the rest on the analogy of it.							
	2036.0	2036.0 See parameter r0236 for the meaning of individual value settings.							
		Note:							
	2036.F	2036.F The meaning of 2036.0 corresponds to the description of Bit00, The meaning of 2036.1 corresponds to the description of Bit01, the rest on the analogy of it.							
	Note:								
	If P2200 = 1, PI feedback = scaled value of ADC output. (For details, see P0757 to P0760.								
P2231	Setpoint memory of PI-MOP 0 - 1 0								
	Setpoint memory								
	Possible settings:								
	0	PI-MOP setpoint will not be s	tored						
	1	PI-MOP setpoint will be store	ed (P2240 is updated)						
	Dependency:								
	If 0 is selected, setpoint returns to the value set in P2240 (setpoint of PI-MOP) after an OFF command								
	If 1 is selected, active setpoint is "remembered" and P2240 is updated with current value.								
	Details:								
	See P2240	(setpoint of PI-MOP)							
P2240	Setpoint of	PI	0.00 - 200.00	10.00	%				
	Setpoint of the motor potentiometer.								
	Allows user to set a digital PI setpoint in [%].								
	Note:								
	P2240 = 100% corresponds to 4000 hex								
r2262	Filtered PI	setpoint after RFG			%				
	Displays the filtered PI setpoint after the PI ramp-function generator (PI_HLG) as percentage.								
r2272	PI scaled fe	edback	0.00 - 200.00		%				
	Displays Pl	scaled feedback signal in [%].							
	Note:								
	r2272 = 100% corresponds to 4000 hex								

Par. No.	Name	Range	Default	Unit					
r2273	PI error			%					
	Displays PI scaled error (difference) signal between setpoint and feedback signals in [%].								
	Note:								
	r2273 = 100% corresponds to 4000 hex								
P2280	Pl proportion gain	0.000 - 65.000	3.000						
	Allows user to set proportion gain for PI controller.								
	Note:								
	Default value depends on connection macro selected. See Table 7-11 for details								
P2285	Pl integral time	0.000 - 60.000	0.000	S					
	Sets integral time constant for PI controller.								
	Note:								
	Default value depends on connection macro selected. See Table 7-11 for details								
P2291	Pl output upper limit	-200.00 - 200.00	100.00	%					
	Sets upper limit for PI controller output in [%].								
	Dependency:								
	If F max (P1082) is greater than P2000 (reference frequency), either P2000 or P2291 (PI output upper limit) must be changed to achieve F max.								
	Note:								
	P2291 = 100% corresponds to 4,000 hex (as defined by P2000 (reference frequency)).								
P2292	PI output lower limit	-200.00 - 200.00	0.00	%					
	Sets lower limit fort he PI controller output in [%].								
	Dependency:								
	A negative value allows bipolar operation of PI controller.								
	Note:								
	P2292 = 100% corresponds to 4,000 hex.								
P2293	Ramp-up/-down time of PI limit	0.00 - 100.00	1.00	S					
	Sets maximum ramp rate on output of PI.								
	When PI is enabled, the output limits are ramped up from 0% to 100%. Limits prevent large step changes appearing on the output of the PI when the inverter is started. Once the limits have been reached, the PI controller output is instantaneous.								
	These ramp times are used whenever a RUN command is issued.								
	Note:								
	If an OFF1 or OFF 3 are issued, the inverter output frequency ramps down as set in P1121 (ramp-down								
	time) or P1135 (OFF3 ramp-down time).								
	Default value depends on connection mode code selected. See Table 7-11 for details								
r2294	Actual PI output			%					
	Displays PI output in [%]								
	Note:								
	r2294 = 100% corresponds to 4000 hex								

Connection macros dependent default settings

For some parameters, its default value depends on connection macro selected.

	r0007	P0610	P0701	P0702	P0703	P0725	P1000	P2280	P2285	P2293
C01	C01xx*	1	0	0	0	1	5	3.000	0.000	1.00
C02	C02xx	2	13	14	1	1	1	3.000	0.000	1.00
C03	C03xx	2	1	0	0	1	2	3.000	0.000	1.00
C04	C04xx	2	1	12	0	1	2	3.000	0.000	1.00
C05	C05xx	1	99	1	0	1	2	3.000	0.000	1.00
C06	C06xx	2	1	15	15	1	3	3.000	0.000	1.00
C07	C07xx	2	1	2	0	1	2	3.000	0.000	1.00
C08	C08xx	2	1	2	0	0	2	3.000	0.000	1.00
C09	C09xx	2	1	10	11	1	2	3.000	0.000	1.00
C10	C10xx	2	1	13	14	1	1	0.500	10.000	10.00
C11	C11xx	2	1	12	9	1	5	3.000	0.000	1.00

Table 7-10 Connection macros dependent default settings

* 'xx' means current application macro.

Troubleshooting

Acknowledging and clearing fault(s)

In the event of a failure, a fault code appears on the inverter display and the motor stops running.

You can use one of the following three methods to reset the fault code:

• Alternative 1

You can use this alternative if the LOC/REM mode changes are controlled by the operator panel.

To acknowledge and clear a fault, follow these steps:

- 1. When a fault code appears on the display, press the OK button.
- 2. Set the current control mode to LOCAL status.
- Long-press the SET key to go to "Operation mode (5) Access all the parameters (Page 71)" mode.
- 4. Turn OK to find the fault-specific parameter.
- 5. Correct wrong parameter setting, then wait till the fault code appears again.
- Short-press the SET key to clear the fault code. If necessary, you can then set the control mode to REMOTE status.

Note:

1. When C11 is selected, the fault can be acknowledged and cleared via both an external terminal and a BOP.

The figure below shows you an example of these steps:





- Alternative 2: Re-power on the inverter
- Alternative 3: If a digital input terminal has been configured as the fault clearance terminal via either one of the parameters P0701 to P0703, acknowledge and clear the fault via the digital input terminal.

NOTICE

When multi-faults occur, the fault code is always displayed as x.Fxxx. For example:

"1.F002" = The first fault code F0002

"2.F011" = The second fault code F0011

To view the fault history, go to r0947.
Acknowledging alarm(s)

In the event of an alarm, no key or button is required for acknowledging or clearing the alarm code. After the alarm cause is removed, the alarm code will automatically disappear.

Note

When multi-alarms occur, the alarm code is always displayed as x.Axxx. For example:

"1.A501" = The first alarm code A0501

"2.A503" = The second alarm code A0503

To view the alarm history, go to r2110.

Fault list

Fault	Possible Causes	Diagnose & Remedy					
F0001 Overcurrent	 Short-circuit at the output Ground fault 	 Are the cable lengths within the limit values? Does the motor cable or motor have either a 					
	 Excessively large motor (the motor power rating P0307 is greater than the 	 short-circuit or ground fault? Do the motor parameters correspond to those of 					
	inverter power r0206)	the motor being used?					
	Defective final stage (end stage)	• Is the motor overloaded or stalled (locked rotor)?					
		Increase the accelerating time.					
		• Reduce the gain (P2280)					
		 Use a motor with a lower power rating 					
		• Is the stator resistance value (P0350) correct ?					
F0002 Overvoltage	 DC link voltage (r0026) higher than the overvoltage threshold (refer to 	 Is the line supply voltage within the permissible range? 					
	parameter r0026)Ground fault	 Has the DC current DC link monitoring been enabled (P1240) and correctly parameterized? 					
		• Extend the deceleration ramp (ramp-down time P1121, P1135)					
		Remove the ground fault					
		 Is the required braking power within the permissible limits? 					
F0003 Undervoltage	Line voltage failedShock stressing outside the permissible	• Is the line supply voltage within the permissible range?					
	limits	• is the line supply voltage stable with respect to sporadic failures and voltage dips (brown-outs)?					
F0004	 Inadequate cooling Ambient temperature is too high 	• Is the pulse frequency P1800 set to the factory setting? If required, reset P1800.					
P		• Does the ambient temperature lie within the permissible limits?					
		Reduce the load and / or ensure adequate cooling					
		• Does the fan rotate if the inverter is operational?					

Fault	Possible Causes	Diagnose & Remedy
F0005	Inverter overloaded.	Does the load duty cycle lie within the
Inverter I ² T	 Load duty cycle too high. 	permissible limits?
	• The motor power rating (P0307) is greater than that of the inverter (r0206).	 Use a motor with a lower rating (motor power P0307 is greater than inverter power r0206)
	100 % overload reached	
F0011	Motor overloaded	Is the load cycle correct?
Motor overtemp. I ² T		 Is the thermal motor time constant (P0611) correct?
		• Is the motor I ² t alarm threshold correct?
F0035	P1210 (Automatic restart) is enabled and	Set P1210 = 0 (Disabled)
Restart fault after n attempts	restart attempts have been conducted for more than three times.	
F0041	Motor data identification run unsuccessful	• Is the motor connected to the inverter?
Failure, motor data		• Is the motor data in P0304-P0311 correct?
identification		 Is motor circuit configuration correct (star, delta configuration)?
F0051	Read or write operation while saving	Reset to factory setting and then re-parameterize
Parameter EEPROM Fault	parameters in the EEPROM was unsuccessful.	• If the fault remains, contact your local distributor
F0052	Read error, power data or invalid power	Contact your local distributor
Power stack fault	module data	
F0055	Read or write failure while saving non-	Re-upload parameters
Operator panel EEPROM fault	volatile parameter to EEPROM on the operator panel whilst parameter cloning.	Replace the operator panel
F0056 Parameters downloading failed	Fail to download parameters whilst parameter downloading	Re-download the parameters
F0057	 Parameter cloning with empty operator 	 Re-upload the parameters into the operator panel
Fail to saving	panel	 Replace the operator panel
parameters into the operator panel	 Parameter cloning with invalid operator panel 	
F0058	Try to do the parameter cloning with the	Download the parameters from an inverter with
Incompatible contents	operator panel installed on another type of	the same frame size
saved in the operator panel	Inverter	 Re-configure the settings of motor data, P0611, P0640 and other necessary parameters
F0060	Internal communication failure/error	Contact your local distributor
Asic time slice overflow		
F0070	No setpoint was received internally	Contact your local distributor
Internal communication error 1		
F0071	No setpoint was received	Contact your local distributor
Internal communication error 2		

Fault	Possible Causes	Diagnose & Remedy				
F0072 Inverter communication error	The inverter in LOC control mode has lost communication with the operator panel for a minimum of two seconds. If the communication loss happens in REM control mode, the inverter will not output F0072 fault code.	 Check the physical connection between the inverter and operator panel If the fault remains, contact your local distributor 				
F0080 Analogue input - lost input signal	Broken wireSignal out of limits	Check connection to analogue input				
F0085	External fault is triggered via terminal inputs	Disable terminal input for fault trigger				
External Fault						
F0101	Software error or processor failure	Restart the inverter				
Stack overflow						
F0221	PI feedback below 0 %	Adjust feedback gain				
PI feedback below minimum value		Adjust ACD parameter setting				
F0222	PI feedback above 200%	Adjust feedback gain				
PI Feedback above maximum value						
F0422	No load is applied to the inverter. As a result,	Apply the load				
No load applied to inverter	some functions may not work as under normal load conditions.					
F0450	Self-test routine for power module	• The inverter is functional, but several functions				
BIST tests	components unsuccessful	are not correctly executed.				
unsuccessful	Several function tests were unsuccessful	• If the fault remains, contact your local distributor				
	• Failure of the internal RAM at the switch- on test					
F0999	Poor wiring	Power off the inverter, then check wiring. Power on				
Inverter initialization	Internal communication between inverter	the inverter again after troubleshooting.				
unsuccessful	operator panel and the body unit not yet established					

Alarm list

Alarm codes are stored in parameter r2110 and can be readout from there.

Alarm	Possible causes	Diagnose & Remedy		
A0501 Current limit value	 The motor power rating does not correspond to the inverter power rating Motor cables are too long Ground fault 	 Does the motor power rating (P0307) match the inverter power rating (r0206)? Are the limit values for the cable lengths maintained? Does the motor cable or motor have a short-circuit or ground fault? Do the motor parameters correspond to those of the motor being used? Stator resistance value (P0350) correct? Is the motor overloaded or is the rotor locked (cannot rotate)? 		
A0502 Overvoltage limit value	The overvoltage limit value has been reached (The actual value of the DC link voltage r0026 exceeds limit)	 Is the DC link voltage controller (Vdc_max controller) de-activated (refer to parameter P1240)? Short ramp times and/or large flywheel masses (moment of inertia)? 		
A0503	Line supply has failed.	Check supply voltage (P0210)		
Undervoltage Limit	• Line voltage and therefore also the DC link voltage (r0026) below the defined limit value (refer to parameter r0026).			
A0504 Inverter overtemperature	Alarm threshold of the inverter heatsink temperature was exceeded. This results in a reduction of the pulse frequency and/or the output frequency (dependent on the parameterization in (P0610).	 Is the ambient temperature within the permissible limits? Are the load and load duty cycle within the permissible limits? 		
A0505 Inverter I ² T	 Overload alarm limit P0294 is exceeded (refer to utilization r0036) The pulse frequency and/or the output frequency is reduced as a function of the setting of parameter P0290. 	Decrease inverter duty cycle		
A0506 Inverter duty cycle	Heatsink temperature and thermal junction model are outside of allowable range	Check if duty cycle is within specified limits		
A0511	Motor overloaded	Is P0611(motor I2t time constant) value		
Motor overtemperature I ² T	load duty cycle is exceeded	setting suitable?		
A0541 Motor data identification active	Motor data identification (P1910) selected or running	Wait until motor identification is finished		
A0571 Auto restart after fault present	Auto restart function already activated	Check the setting of P1210		
A0600 RTOS data loss alarm	Time slice overflow was identified			

Alarm	Possible causes	Diagnose & Remedy				
A0700	-	Contact your local distributor				
 A0711 Internal communication error						
A0910 Vdc-max controller disabled/switched-out	 Line supply voltage is permanently too high Motor is driven by an active load, which means that the motor goes into regenerative operation Decelerating (short down-ramps P1121) for extremely high load torques 	Are load duty cycle and load limits within the permissible limits?				
A0911 Vdc-max controller active	 Vdc max controller is active The ramp-down times are automatically increased in order to keep the DC link voltage (r0026) within the limit values (Refer to r0026 and P1240). 	Check parameter inverter input voltageCheck ramp-down times				
A0912 Vdc-min controller active	 Vdc min controller is activated, if the DC link voltage (r0026) falls below the minimum value, refer to r0026 or P1240) The kinetic energy of the motor is used to buffer the DC link voltage and therefore to slow down the drive. Therefore brief line failures no longer 	 Check parameter inverter input voltage Check ramp-up times 				
A0920 ADC parameters not set properly	automatically result in an under voltage trip. ADC parameters should not be set to identical values, since this would produce illogical results.	Analogue input parameters should not be set to the same value as each other				
A0921 DAC parameters not set properly	DAC parameters (P0777 vs. P0779 or P0778 vs. P0780) have identical values. Identical values would produce illogical results.	 Output parameter settings. Ensure P0777 and P0779 are not identical. Input parameter settings. Ensure P0778 and P0780 are not identical. 				
A0922 No load applied to inverter	 No load is applied to the inverter As a result, some functions may not work as under normal load conditions. 	 Check that a load is applied to the inverter Check motor parameters concerned 				
A0923 Both JOG Left and JOG Right are requested	Both JOG Left and JOG Right have been requested. This freezes the RFG output frequency at its current value. JOG right and JOG left signals active together	Make sure that JOG right and JOG left signals are not applied simultaneously.				

Technical data

Order no.: 6SL3217-0CE			Frame Size A		Frame Size B		Frame Size C			Frame Size D				
15-5 17- 2 UA1 5 UA 1 1	2 2 22-2 UA1 1 1 1 5		23-0 UA1	24-0 UA1	25-5 UA1	27-5 UA1	31-1 UA1	31-5 UA1	31-8 UA1	32-2 UA1				
	U U A A 1 1										_			
Display		5-digi	it, 7-se	gment l	LCD									
Configurable r	notor	3-ph	AC asy	nchron	ious sq	uirrel c	age mo	otors						
Electrical data														
Rated motor p	ower (kW)	0.55	0.75	1.1	1.5	2.2	3.0	4.0	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22
Rated input cu	ırrent (A)	1.9	2.4	3.7	5.2	6.5	8.6	11.6	15.6	22.0	32.3	38.5	47.1	56.3
Rated output of	current (A)	1.7	2.2	3.1	4.1	5.9	7.7	10.2	13.2	18.4	26.0	32.0	38.0	45.0
Output Pulse freq. current derat- ings with		Range: 2 to 16 kHz; Default PWM: 4 kHz The max. continuous output current (A) at different pulse frequencies is shown as below:												
pulse freq. chang-es	2 kHz	1.7	2.2	3.1	4.1	5.9	7.7	10.2	13.2	18.4	26.0	32.0	38.0	45.0
onding co	4 kHz	1.7	2.2	3.1	4.1	5.9	7.7	10.2	13.2	18.4	26.0	32.0	38.0	45.0
	6 kHz	1.7	2.2	3.1	4.1	5.9	7.7	10.2	13.2	18.4	26.0	27.2	32.3	38.3
	8 kHz	1.7	2.2	2.7	2.7	5.1	5.1	6.7	13.2	13.2	17.9	22.4	26.6	31.5
	10 kHz	1.7	2.2	2.7	2.7	5.1	5.1	6.7	13.2	13.2	17.9	19.2	22.8	27.0
	12 kHz	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	3.6	3.6	4.8	9.6	9.6	13.5	16.0	19.0	23.2
	14 kHz	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	3.6	3.6	4.8	9.6	9.6	13.5	14.4	17.1	20.3
	16 kHz	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	2.6	2.6	3.6	7.5	7.5	10.4	12.8	15.2	18.0
Mains operatir	ng voltage	Rated: 3 AC 400 V (tolerance: - 15 % to + 15 %)												
Mains input frequency		Rated: 50 Hz (tolerance - 3% to + 3%) Full frequency range: 48 Hz to 52 Hz												
Mains system		TNC, TNS, TT or IT systems ²⁾												
Output frequency		0 Hz	to 300	Hz										
		lf out be re	put frec duced f	uency to half o	is less of the d	than 2 lefault v	Hz for value.	over 0.	5 s, the	e defau	lt switc	hing fre	quency	/ shall
Power factor		0.95												
Inverter efficiency		96 %	to 97 %	6										
Overload capability		150%	of the	rated o	output o	current	for 60 :	s; Cycle	e time:	300 s				

Table 9-1 Technical specifications - SINAMICS V10 inverter

Order no.: 6SL3217-0CE			Frame Size A	Frame Size B	Frame Size C	Frame Size D			
Overvo	ltage cate	gory	Mains input terminals (L1,	L2, L3): III					
			Digital output terminals (DO1) ³⁾ : II, max. 250 V						
			In accordance with IEC 61800-5-1						
Pollutio	on class		II, in accordance with IEC 61800-5-1						
Noise level < 80dB for the whole product family									
Control method Linear V/f control; Quadratic V/f control; V/f control with Flux Current Control (FC						nt Control (FCC)			
Fixed f	xed frequency 3, programmable								
Skip fre	equency:		1						
Setpoir	nt resolutio	on	0.01 Hz digital input						
Digital	inputs		3, programmable (isolated)					
Analog	input		1, programmable (0 to 10	V or 0 to 20 mA)					
Relay of	output		1, programmable, 250 V A	C / max. 2 A (induct	ive), 30 V DC / max.	5 A (resistive)			
Analog	output		1, programmable (0 to 10 V or 0 to 20 mA, max. 500 ohm in current mode / min. 5000 ohm in voltage mode)						
Braking)		DC braking, compound braking						
Protection functions			 Short circuit protection ② Over-current protection ③ Over-/Under-voltage protection Inverter and motor over-temperature protections ⑤ Ground fault protection ⑥ Stall prevention ⑦ Motor blocking protection ⑧ Parameter interlock 						
Max.	Without	Unshielded	50 m	50 m	100 m	100 m			
Motor	choke	Shielded	30 m	30 m	50 m	50 m			
length	With	Unshielded	100 m	100 m	200 m	250 m			
.egu	choke	Shielded	60 m	60 m	100 m	150 m			
Mecha	nical data								
Outline H			230	260	331	401			
dimen-	W		140	150	218	260			
SIONS (I	D 4)	155 (138)	159 (142)	203 (186)	223 (210)			
	No	te: The outline	dimensions of the operator panel are 91 x 97 x 30 (H x W x D, in mm).						
Weight (kg) 5)			2.2 2.9 8.1 10.1						
Mounting method			For inverter with assembled operator panel:						
			Wall mounting without optional mounting kit						
			Push-through mounting with optional mounting kit						
			For removable operator panel:						
			Mounted to cabinet door						
Cooling method			Natural cooling	Forced cooling	Forced cooling	Forced cooling			
Enviror	mental co	onditions							



¹⁾ Unless otherwise specified, the output current indicated refers to the value that can be reached when the ambient temperature is at 50 °C.

- ²⁾ Can be operated on TNC, TNS, TT or IT, excluding three-phase three-wire systems unearthed or corner-earthed; Can also be operated on the three-phase three-wire systems unearthed or corner-earthed if an appropriate transformer or a separately derived source that normally supplies an unearthed system is installed on the mains system.
- ³⁾ The digital output terminals are at a dangerously high voltage when Non-SELV control voltage is applied. Use only approved double insulated cable for supply connection with nominal cross-section area of at least 0.75 mm²/ 300 V / 75 °C and protected by max. 6A external fuse, type gG approved based on IEC 60269.
- ⁴⁾ The depth value in brackets refers to the value of the inverter without the operator panel.
- ⁵⁾ The weight here includes the weight of the operator panel.

- ⁶⁾ If the mounting altitude reaches 2000 m or above, it's necessary to mount an isolating transformer.
- ⁷⁾ The permissible output current is specified in % of the rated output current. The permissible input voltage is specified in % of the max. mains input voltage.
- ⁸⁾ The protection class of all input/output terminals is IP00.

NOTICE

If customers use external 24 V power supply, the range of this power supply should be from DC19.6V to DC28.8V. For detailed wirings, please refer to connection modes in Typical connection modes (Page 39).

Replacing the fans

There are two fans preassembled on Frame Size B, Frame Size C and Frame Size D respectively. When replacing the fan, proceed the procedure shown below.

Removing the fans from Frame Size B

Follow the steps described in the figure to remove the fans from Frame Size B:



Figure A-1 Removing the fans from Frame Size B

Removing the fans from Frame Size C

Follow the steps described in the figure to remove the fans from Frame Size C:



Figure A-2 Removing the fans from Frame Size C

Removing the fans from Frame Size D

Follow the steps described in the figure to remove the fans from Frame Size D:



Figure A-3 Removing the fans from Frame Size D

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