

SIMATIC NET

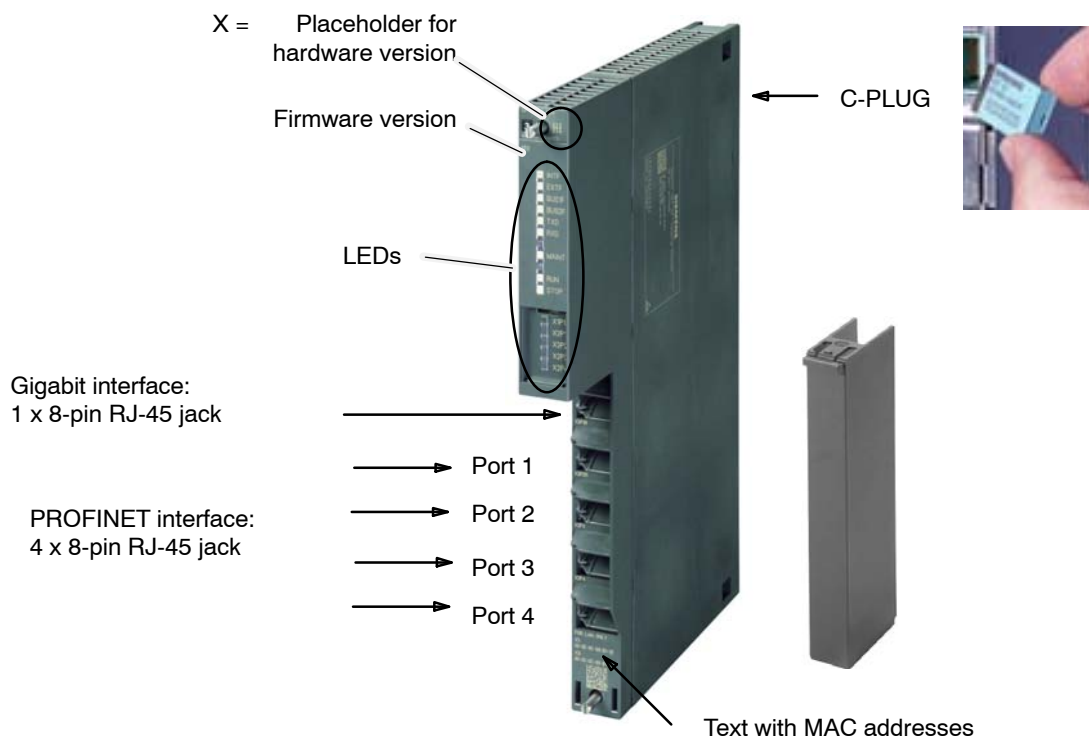
S7-CPs for Industrial Ethernet

Manual Part B

CP 443-1 Advanced

6GK7 443-1GX20-0XE0
for SIMATIC S7-400

Hardware product version 5, Firmware version V2.1



Notes on the Product

Product names

This description contains information on the following product

- **CP 443-1 Advanced**
Order number 6GK7 443-1GX20-0XE0
Hardware product version 5 and Firmware version V2.1
for SIMATIC S7-400 / C7-400

Note

In the remainder of this document, the term “CP” will be used instead of the full name of the product.

Compatibility with previous versions

Notice

Make sure that you read the information regarding **extended functions and restrictions** in Chapter 8 of this manual!

Address label: Unique MAC address preset for the CP

The CP ships with a default MAC address for the 4 Ethernet ports of the PROFINET interface.

The gigabit interface has its own default MAC address.

The MAC addresses are printed on the housing.

If you configure a MAC address (ISO transport connections), we recommend that you use the MAC addresses printed on the module for module configuration!

- This ensures that you assign a unique MAC address in the subnet!
- If you replace a module, the MAC address of the predecessor is adopted when you load the configuration data; configured ISO transport connections remain operable.

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| S7-CPs for Ind. Ethernet – Configuring and Commissioning | See general part |
|---|-------------------------|

Note

Please remember that Part A of the manual also belongs to the description of the CP. Among other things, this includes the explanation of the safety notices used, Internet addresses and references as well as information that applies to all S7-CPs for Industrial Ethernet.

The following version of Part B of the manual belongs to the following version of the general Part A: 05/2008 or higher

You can also obtain the current general Part A from the Internet at:

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/30374198>

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1 Properties and Services

1.1 Properties of the CP

The CP is intended for use in an S7-400 or S7-400H (fault-tolerant) automation system. It allows the S7-400 / S7-400H to be attached to Industrial Ethernet.

The CP has the following interfaces:

- PROFINET interface (Ethernet interface ERTEC)

To integrate the CP in a linear bus or ring, to connect a further Ethernet device or to use media redundancy, and IRT-compliant 4-port ERTEC switch with autocrossing, autonegotiation and autosensing was integrated in the CP.

Each port of the switch is designed for simple diagnostics and is equipped with a combined RXD/TXD / LINK dual LED. For special situations, each port can also be set to a fixed mode manually using STEP 7, for example 10 or 100 Mbps half duplex / full duplex.

- Gigabit interface

The CP also has an Ethernet interface complying with the gigabit standard IEEE 802.3ab. This is independent of the ERTEC interface and supports autocrossing, autonegotiation and autosensing. The gigabit interface can, for example, be used to connect to a PG/PC or to a higher-level company network.

Each port can be disabled individually in the project engineering.

Note

Differences between the PROFINET interface and gigabit interface

The following services or characteristics are only available on the PROFINET interface:

- PROFINET
 - Programmed communications connections (FB55 IP_CONFIG)
 - Time-of-day synchronization in SIMATIC mode
 - Use in fault-tolerant systems (H systems)
 - LLDP support (therefore associated topology discovery)
-

1.2 Communication services

The CP supports the following communication services:

- PROFINET IO controller

PROFINET IO allows direct access to PROFINET IO devices over Industrial Ethernet. PROFINET IO can only be used via the ports of the PROFINET interface.

- Prioritized startup

The CP supports prioritized startup. Per PROFINET IO controller, a maximum of 32 PROFINET IO devices can be configured that support prioritized startup. Of these 32 IO devices, simultaneous startup times with values as low as 0.5 s can be achieved by up to 8 IO devices.

- IRT communication (isochronous real time)

IRT communication is possible in PROFINET IO.

If you are using IRT communication, no media redundancy is supported.

- Shared device

As a PROFINET IO controller, individual submodules of an IO device can be assigned to the CP. When configuring PROFINET IO systems with shared IO devices, make sure that you read the information in /7/.

- PROFINET CBA

Use of a SIMATIC S7-400 for Component based Automation on the basis of the PROFINET standard of the PNO. This standard allows:

- Component technology in automation;
 - Communication between intelligent devices is configured graphically instead of requiring laborious programming
 - Vendor-independent, plant-wide engineering.

- S7 communication with the following functions:

- PG functions
 - Operator monitoring and control functions
 - Data exchange over S7 connections.

- S5-compatible communication with the following functions:

- SEND/RECEIVE interface over ISO transport connections;
 - SEND/RECEIVE interface over TCP connections, ISO-on-TCP and UDP connections;

With the SEND/RECEIVE interface via TCP connections, the CP supports the socket interface to TCP/IP available on practically every end system.

UDP frame buffering on the CP can be disabled during configuration. When necessary, this allows you to achieve a shorter reaction time between the arrival of a UDP frame and its evaluation on the CPU.

- Multicast over UDP connection

The multicast mode is made possible by selecting a suitable IP address when configuring connections.

- FETCH/WRITE services (server services; corresponding to S5 protocol) via ISO transport connections, ISO-on-TCP connections and TCP connections

Here, the SIMATIC S7-400 with the CP is always the server (passive connection establishment) while the fetch or write access (client function with active connection establishment) is always initiated by a SIMATIC S5 or a device from another range / PC.

- LOCK/UNLOCK with FETCH/WRITE services (CPU-dependent; see Chapter 2);

- Open TCP/IP communication

To allow the user program to establish connections with other TCP/IP-compliant communication partners and to exchange data, STEP 7 provides a UDT for the connection parameter assignment and four FBs for high-performance data exchange. The following are supported:

- ISO-on-TCP connections

- IT functions

- Monitoring devices and process data (HTML process control)

- FTP functions (File Transfer Protocol) for file management and access to data blocks in the CPU (client and server functions).

If you do not require these functions, you can disable them in the STEP 7 configuration and disable the port (properties dialog of the CP > "IP Access Protection" tab).

- Sending E-mail via ESMTP with "SMTP-Auth" for authentication on an E-mail server

1.3 Further services and characteristics of the CP

- Media redundancy

Within an Ethernet network with a ring topology, the CP supports the media redundancy protocol MRP. You can assign the role of redundancy manager to the CP.
- Time-of-day synchronization over Industrial Ethernet according to the following configurable method:
 - SIMATIC mode

The CP receives MMS time-of-day messages and synchronizes its local time.

You can choose whether or not the time of day is forwarded. You can also decide on the direction in which it is forwarded.

Synchronization using the SIMATIC mode is only possible on the PROFINET interface.
 - or
 - NTP mode (NTP: Network Time Protocol)

The CP sends time-of-day queries at regular intervals to an NTP server and synchronizes its local time of day.

The time can also be forwarded automatically to the CPU modules in the S7 station allowing the time to be synchronized in the entire S7 station.
- Addressable with the factory-set MAC address

To assign the IP address to a new CP (direct from the factory), it can be accessed using the preset MAC address on the interface being used. Online address assignment is made in STEP 7.
- SNMP agent

The CP supports data queries over SNMP version V1 (**S**imple **N**etwork **M**anagement **P**rotocol) according to the MIB II standard.
- Module access protection

To protect the module from accidental or unauthorized access, protection can be configured at various levels.
- IP Access Protection (IP-ACL)

Using IP access protection gives you the opportunity of restricting communication over the CP of the local S7 station to partners with specific IP addresses.

- IP configuration

For the PROFINET interface, you can configure how and with which method the CP is assigned the IP address, the subnet mask and the address of a gateway.

As an alternative to STEP 7, you have the option of assigning the connection configuration via a block interface in the user program (FB55: IP_CONFIG) (see /10/).

Note: Does not apply to S7 connections.

- Web diagnostics

With the aid of Web diagnostics, you can read out the diagnostic data from a station connected via the CP to a PG/PC with an Internet browser.

If you do not require this function, you can disable it in the STEP 7 configuration and disable the port (properties dialog of the CP > "IP Access Protection" tab).

- Diagnostic Buffer Extract Request

With the aid of a Web browser, the CP supports the option of obtaining an extract of the diagnostic buffer containing the most recent diagnostic events of the CPUs and CPs located in the same S7 station as the CP.

- Connection diagnostics with FC10 AG_CNTRL

With the FC10 AG_CNTRL function, you can diagnose connections. When necessary, you can activate or deactivate connections using the FC or initiate reestablishment of a connection.

- S5/S7 addressing mode

The addressing mode can be configured for FETCH/WRITE access as the S7 or S5 addressing mode (S7 addressing mode only for data blocks / DBs).

- IP double addressing detected in the network

To save you time-consuming troubleshooting in the network, the CP detects double addressing in the network.

The reaction of the CP when double addressing is detected varies as follows:

- CP during startup

The CP remains in STOP mode.

- CP in RUN mode

There is an LED indication (BUSF LED) and an entry in the diagnostic buffer; the CP remains in RUN mode.

2 Requirements for Use

2.1 Configuration limits

When using the CP type described here, the following limits apply within a rack:

- Max. number of CPs 14
- Number of CPs operating as PROFINET IO controllers: 4
- Number of CPs that can be configured for PROFINET CBA communication within an S7 station: 1 (system property)

Notice

- The number of CPs operating as PROFINET IO controllers depends on the number of CP 443-5 Extended modules operating as DP masters in the S7-400 station. A total of 10 CPs can be operated as controllers for the distributed I/O (PROFINET IO controllers or DP masters); of those, however, only up to 4 as PROFINET IO controllers.
 - Please note the following regarding multiprocessor mode: When operating the CP as a PROFINET IO controller, only the process image of the assigned CPU can be distributed via the CP.
-

2.2 System environment

General Requirements

- The CP has been released with CPUs as of firmware version 4.1.
CPUs with firmware version 4.0 must be upgraded to V4.1.
- Open TCP/IP communication is supported by all CPUs as of firmware version V4.1.
- The function block FB90 (PN_InOut_Fast) for PROFINET CBA is supported by all CPUs as of firmware version V4.1.
H-CPU do not support PROFINET CBA.
- The full range of functions (MRP, IRT, prioritized startup) is available only with CPUs as of firmware version 5.2.

Note also the information on the required version of the STEP 7 configuration tool in Section 2.3.

- CPUs with firmware version 5.0 must be upgraded to V5.1.

Restrictions for CPUs with older firmware versions

- With CPUs with firmware version V4.1, the CP only has the range of functions of the predecessor module CP 443--1 Advanced (6GK7 443-1EX41-0XE0)
- The use of the blocks FC53 "AG_SSEND" and FC63 "AG_SRECV" is possible only on CPUs with a firmware version V5.1 or higher.
- On CPUs with a firmware version up to and including V5.1, PROFINET IO mode is not possible.

PROFINET IO interface – operating PROFINET IO devices with current firmware version

For the PROFINET IO devices listed below, you should use the latest firmware when operating the CP 443-1 Advanced.

IM151-3PN with order number 6ES7151-3AA20-0AB0

IM151-3PN with order number 6ES7151-3BA20-0AB0

The current firmware versions are available at the following Internet address:

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/22810435>

Table of compatible CPUs

The CP is supported by the S7-400 CPUs with the order numbers and firmware versions as shown in the following table.

The table also contains the following information:

- The number of CPs that can be operated with one CPU
- The number of CPU resources for SEND/RECEIVE calls;
- Which CPUs support the LOCK/UNLOCK function with the FETCH/WRITE services
- Which CPU supports operation of the CP as PROFINET IO controller;

Table 2-1 CPU data relevant to use of the CP

| CPU | Order number of the CPU: 6ES7... | as of firmware version | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----|----|--|---|
| | | Multiprocessing possible | | | | Max. number of CPs | |
| | | | | | | CPU resources for SEND-/RECEIVE jobs ¹⁾ | |
| | | | | | | LOCK/UNLOCK | |
| | | | | | | PROFINET IO ⁴⁾ | |
| CPU 412-1 | ..412-1XF04-0AB0 | V4.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | - |
| CPU 412-1 | ..412-1XJ05-0AB0 | V5.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | - |
| | | as of V5.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | + |
| CPU 412-2 | ..412-2XG04-0AB0 | V4.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | - |
| CPU 412-2 | ..412-2XJ05-0AB0 | V5.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | - |
| | | as of V5.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | + |
| CPU 412-2 | ..412-2EK06-0AB0 | V6.0.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | + |
| CPU 414-2 | ..414-2XK05-0AB0 | V5.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | - |
| | | as of V5.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | + |
| CPU 414-2 | ..414-2XG04-0AB0 | as of V4.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | + |
| CPU 414-3 | ..414-3XJ04-0AB0 | V4.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | - |
| CPU 414-3 | ..414-3XM05-0AB0 | V5.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | - |
| | | as of V5.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | + |
| CPU 414-3 PN/DP | ..414-3EM05-0AB0 | V5.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | - |
| | | as of V5.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | + |
| CPU 414-3 PN/DP | ..414-3EM06-0AB0 | V6.0.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | + |
| CPU 414-3 PN/DP | ..414-3FM06-0AB0 | V6.0.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 24 | + | + |
| CPU 416-2 | ..416-2XK04-0AB0 | V4.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |
| CPU 416-2 | ..416-2XN05-0AB0 | V5.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |
| | | as of V5.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | + |
| CPU 416F-2 | ..416-2FK04-0AB0 | V4.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |
| CPU 416F-2 | ..416-2FN05-0AB0 | V5.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |
| | | as of V5.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | + |
| CPU 416-3 | ..416-3XL04-0AB0 | V4.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |

Table 2-1 CPU data relevant to use of the CP

| CPU | Order number of the CPU: GES7... | as of firmware version | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----|----|--|---|
| | | Multiprocessing possible | | | | Max. number of CPs | |
| | | | | | | CPU resources for SEND-/RECEIVE jobs ¹⁾ | |
| | | | | | | LOCK/UNLOCK | |
| | | | | | | PROFINET IO ⁴⁾ | |
| CPU 416-3 | ..416-3XR05-0AB0 | V5.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |
| | | as of V5.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | + |
| CPU 416-3 PN/DP | ..416-3ER05-0AB0 | V5.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |
| | | as of V5.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | + |
| CPU 416-3 PN/DP | ..416-3ES06-0AB0 | V6.0.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | + |
| CPU 416F-3 PN/DP | ..416-3FR05-0AB0 | V5.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |
| | | as of V5.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | + |
| CPU 416F-3 PN/DP | ..416-3FS06-0AB0 | V6.0.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | + |
| CPU 417-4 | ..417-4XL04-0AB0 | V4.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |
| CPU 417-4 | ..417-4XT05-0AB0 | V5.1 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |
| | | as of V5.2 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | + |
| CPU 412-3H ³⁾ | ..412-3HJ14-0AB0 | V4.5 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |
| CPU 414H ³⁾ | ..414-4HM14-0AB0 | V4.5 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |
| CPU 414H ³⁾ | ..414-4HR14-0AB0 | V4.5 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |
| CPU 417H ³⁾ | ..417-4HT14-0AB0 | V4.5 | + ²⁾ | 14 | 64 | + | - |

Legend:

- + => The feature is supported / the specified mode is possible
 - => The feature is **not** supported / the specified the mode is **not** possible

- 1) The calculation of the maximum number of SEND/RECEIVE calls that can be used simultaneously per CP is described in Section 5.3.2.
- 2) When using the CP as a PROFINET IO controller, multiprocessor mode is not supported, in other words, only the process image of the assigned CPU can be distributed via the CP (Note: this does not affect communication protocols running at the same time in multiprocessor mode).
- 3) When operating with H-CPU's, the SSEND / SRECV mode on the SEND/RECV interface is not supported. H-CPU's do not support PROFINET.
- 4) The PROFINET IO mode shared device requires a CPU as of Version V5.3.

2.3 Configuration

The following version of STEP 7 is required:

Table 2-2

| STEP 7 version | CP 443-1 Advanced functionality |
|-----------------------------|---|
| as of V5.4 + Service Pack 4 | The full functionality as described in this document can be used. |

Downloading configuration data

It is possible to download the configuration data to the CP via MPI or LAN/Industrial Ethernet. Downloading is possible over the PROFINET or the gigabit interface of the CP.

Project engineering for PROFINET CBA

To be able to work in the PROFINET CBA environment, you require the SIMATIC iMap engineering tool.

SIMATIC iMap requires a connection over Industrial Ethernet (TCP/IP protocol).

The following SIMATIC iMap project engineering software is required:

Table 2-3

| SIMATIC iMap version | CP 443-1 Advanced functionality |
|-----------------------------|--|
| as of V3.0 + Service Pack 1 | The full functionality of the device can be used as of hardware version 1 and firmware version V1. |

Table 2-4

| Version STEP 7 add-on | CP 443-1 Advanced functionality |
|-----------------------------|---|
| as of V3.0 + Service Pack 4 | The full functionality as described in this document can be used. |

To operate PROFINET CBA, you require the current service packs of SIMATIC iMap containing the current versions of the function blocks FB88/FB90:

SIMATIC iMap V3.0 or higher – Download Service Pack 1:

SIMATIC iMap STEP 7 add-on V3.0 or higher – Download Service Pack 4:

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/10805413>

2.4 Programming

Programming – FCs / FBs

For some communications services, there are pre-programmed blocks (FCs/FBs) available as the interface in your STEP 7 user program.

Please refer to the documentation of the FCs / FBs in the online help of STEP 7 or in the manual /10/.

Notice

We recommend that you always use the latest block versions for all module types.

You will find information on the current block versions and the current blocks to download from the Internet in our customer support.

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/8797900>

With the older module types, this recommendation assumes that you are using the latest firmware for the particular block type.

Using blocks for the SEND/RECEIVE interface

For data transfer on the SEND/RECEIVE interface, there are FCs for short and long blocks of data:

For fast data transmission up to a data length of 1452 bytes, the SPEED SEND/RECEIVE blocks AG_SSEND FC53 and AG_SRECV FC63 are supported.

Table 2-5

| Function | Requirements |
|--|--|
| Transfer of data fields <= 240 bytes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You require the blocks AG_SEND FC5 and AG_RECV FC6 or alternatively the blocks AG_LSEND FC50 and AG_LRECV FC60. |
| Transfer of data fields > 240 bytes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You require the blocks AG_LSEND FC50 and AG_LRECV FC60. |
| Accelerated transfer of blocks of data <= 1452 bytes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You require the blocks AG_SSEND FC53 and AG_SRECV FC63. |

Note

Note that in multicomputing mode, communication using SPEED-SEND/RECV is possible only via the CP assigned to the CPU.

Note

Note the recommendations in Section 9.6 on operation with a higher communications load.

3 Installation and Commissioning

3.1 Procedure / steps in installation

Caution

When installing the CP for use as a PROFINET IO controller, note the following points about the power supply:

When using the CP in the central rack or in a universal rack operating as central rack, you should not insert or remove the CP when the power is on. If you remove the CP when the power supply is on, the CPU changes to STOP and indicates "I/O error".

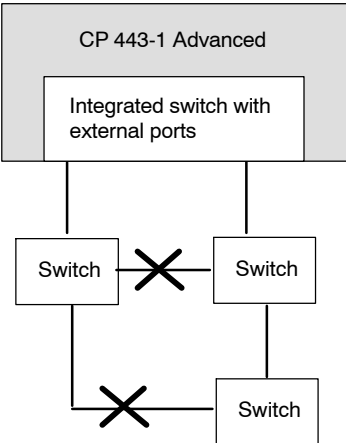
After inserting the module with power applied, it is essential to turn the power supply off and on again.

Note:

If the CP is operated without PROFINET IO, it is possible to insert and remove the CP when the power is no without affecting the CPU.

Installing the CP involves the following steps.

| Step | Explanation / meaning |
|---|---|
| 1. Turn off the power supply when you have configured the CP for PROFINET IO communication. | If the CP is configured as a PROFINET IO controller and you remove or insert the module, the CPU assigned in the rack changes to STOP. |
| 2. Inserting the CP: Fit in the CP onto the rack from the top and push in at the bottom. | The CP can be plugged into all racks with slots for P and K bus attachment. |
| <p>Notice</p> <p>When using the universal rack UR1 or UR2 as an expansion rack, a communication bus transceiver is necessary!</p> <p>3. Secure the CP with screws.</p> | <p>Suitable slots in the rack:</p> <p>With the exception of the slots reserved for the power supply, the CP can be operated in all slots with a P and K bus attachment.</p> |
| 4. Turn the power supply on again. | |
| 5. Connect the CP to Industrial Ethernet over an RJ-45 jack. | You will find examples of network attachments in the general Part A of this manual. |

| Step | Explanation / meaning |
|--|--|
| <p>6. Where necessary, connect other components to the remaining free RJ-45 jacks.</p> | <p>For small local area networks or for attaching several Ethernet devices, a 4-port switch has been integrated in the CP 443-1 Advanced.</p> <p>With the autocrossing mechanism integrated in the switch, it is possible to establish the connection from a laptop or PG directly using standard cables. A crossover cable is not necessary.</p> <p>Please note the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manual configuration <p>If a port is set to manual configuration and autonegotiation is disabled, the autocrossing mechanism is also disabled for this port. The port then behaves like the interface of a switch. Which cable you can use depends on the partner device.</p> <p>As default, the ports are set for automatic configuration.</p> <p>For more detailed information, refer to Section 10.2</p> • Connecting switches <p>If you connect further switches, make sure that no ring is formed in the network.</p> <p>For an MRP configuration, refer to the guidelines for setting up MRP in the general Part A of this manual.</p> <p>You will find examples of network attachments in the general part of this manual.</p>  |

| Step | Explanation / meaning |
|---|--|
| <p>7. The remaining steps in commissioning involve downloading the configuration data and user programs.</p> <p>Requirements:</p> <p>You have configured the CP in a STEP 7 project with HW Config and NetPro for the services you want to use.</p> | <p>You can connect the PG when configuring the CP as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • via MPI • via Industrial Ethernet <p>For further details, refer to the general Part A of this manual:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – for initial addressing (node initialization); – downloading the defined configuration <p>The PG/PC requires a LAN attachment, for example via a CP 1613 or CP 1411 and must have the necessary software (for example the S7 1613 package or SOFTNET IE). The TCP/IP protocol or ISO protocol must be installed. The protocol used must then be applied to the S7ONLINE access point.</p> |
| <p>8. Use the diagnostic functions during commissioning and to analyze problems.</p> | <p>The following options are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hardware Diagnostics and Troubleshooting with STEP 7; • Communication diagnostics with NCM S7 Diagnostics • Standard information using HW Config • Web diagnostics |
| <p>9. Optional when using with PROFINET CBA: Download PROFINET CBA component</p> | <p>If the S7 station in which the CP is operated is used as a PROFINET CBA component, the interconnections are downloaded using SIMATIC iMap; with standard components, programs and configuration data are also downloaded with SIMATIC iMap.</p> <p>For more detailed information, refer to the topic "Using the CP with PROFINET CBA".</p> |

Notice

If you use the CP as a replacement (for example for a CP 443–1 IT "GX11") with an older CPU, the default communication load setting of 20% for the CPU can lead to overload. In this case, you should set the communication load for the CPU in STEP 7/HW Config (parameter "Scan cycle load from communication") to a lower value – for example 10%.

With CPUs as of version V5.1, this is unnecessary.

3.2 C-PLUG (configuration plug)

Exchangeable C-PLUG

The CP has an exchangeable configuration plug (C-PLUG). This can store up to 32 MB of data in nonvolatile memory.

- The retentive parameters include:
 - IP address and IP parameters
 - A newly set MAC address
 - LAN settings
 - Interconnection information for PROFINET CBA
 - SNMP Variables (modifiable)
- Data in the flash file system (see also Flash Area in Section 5.10 Memory Organization)

This configuration plug simplifies replacement of modules. By simply exchanging the plug, all the data can be transferred to the replacement module.

Notice

The CP will not start up without a C-PLUG!

Area of application

The C-PLUG is an exchangeable medium for storing configuration and project engineering data of the basic device (CP 443-1 Advanced). This means that configuration data remains available if the basic device is replaced.

Principle

The power is supplied by the basic device. When powered down, the C-PLUG retains all data permanently.

Inserting in the C-PLUG slot

The slot for the C-PLUG is on the rear panel of the device.

The C-PLUG is inserted in the receptacle.

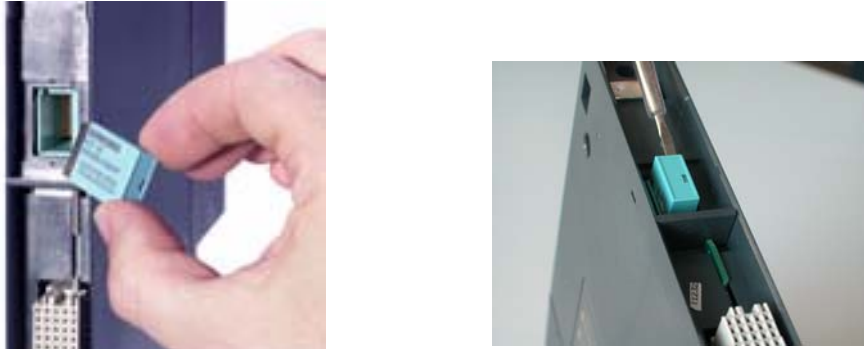


Figure 3-1 Fitting the C-PLUG in the CP and removing it from the CP with a screwdriver

Function

If the C-PLUG has not yet been written to (as shipped), when the device starts up, all the configuration data of the CP is saved automatically on it.

If the C-PLUG is inserted, the basic device automatically uses the configuration data of the C-PLUG. This assumes that the data was written by a compatible device type.

If a fault occurs, the basic device can then be replaced much faster and more simply. If a device needs to be replaced, the C-PLUG is simply taken from the failed component and inserted in the replacement. As soon as it starts up, the replacement automatically has the same device configuration as the failed device.

Using a C-PLUG with old configuration data

Use only C-PLUGs that are formatted for the CP 443-1 Advanced. C-PLUGs that have already been used and formatted in other device types must first be formatted for the CP 443-1 Advanced.

You do this with STEP 7 / NCM Diagnostics. For more detailed information, refer to the online help in the topic “General Diagnostics Functions – C-PLUG Diagnostics Object”.

After formatting, all data areas are deleted on the C-PLUG. The project engineering is adopted by the CPU only after reloading or after turning on the power supply again.

Removing the C-PLUG

It is only necessary to remove the C-PLUG if a fault occurs on the CP (see Figure 3-1).

Diagnostics

Inserting a C-PLUG containing the configuration of an incompatible device type or general malfunctions of a C-PLUG are signaled by the diagnostic mechanisms of the CP (F LED red).

3.3 Replacing a module without a programming device

General procedure

The configuration data of the CP is stored on the CPU. This makes it possible to replace this module with a module of the same type (identical order number) without a PG.

Note

When setting the ISO protocol, remember that MAC address set previously during configuration is transferred by the CPU to the new CP module.

For information on replacing previous modules, please refer to the section "Compatibility".

Notice

The "Replace module without PG" functionality (configuration data stored on the CPU) can no longer be used fully after downloading PROFINET CBA interconnections since the interconnection information is stored only on the CP.

You have the following two options:

- Using the C-PLUG in new modules
You insert the previously used C-PLUG in the replacement module; interconnection information is then available again.
 - Using a new module with a new C-PLUG
After replacing a module, you must download the interconnection information to the new CP using SIMATIC iMap.
-

Module replacement: Special feature of IP address assignment from a DHCP server

During configuration of the CP you can specify the IP configuration in the properties dialog; one option is to obtain the IP address from a DHCP server.

Notice

When replacing modules, remember that the factory-set MAC address of the new module is different from the previous module. When the factory-set MAC address of the new module is sent to the DHCP server, this will return either a different or no IP address.

Ideally, you should therefore configure IP as follows:

Always configure a client ID if you want to obtain the same IP address from the DHCP server after replacing the module.

If you have configured a new MAC address instead of the factory-set MAC address (generally the exception, for example when using the ISO protocol), the DHCP server always receives the configured MAC address and the CP obtains the same IP address as the replaced module.

3.4 Force mode

You can change the mode of the CP between RUN and STOP using the STEP 7 / NCM S7 engineering software:

- Switch from STOP to RUN:

The CP reads the configured and/or downloaded data into the work memory and then changes to the RUN mode.

- Switch from RUN to STOP:

The CP changes to STOP. Established connections (ISO transport, ISO-on-TCP, TCP, UDP connections) are terminated (transitional phase with LED display "STOPPING");

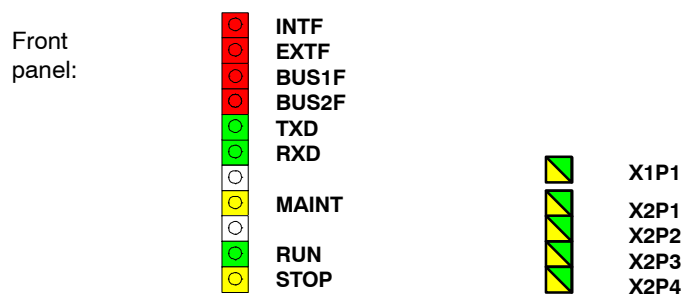
The reaction is as follows in STOP:

- The communications connections mentioned above are terminated;
- The configuration and diagnostics of the CP is possible (system connections for configuration, diagnostics, and PG channel routing are retained);
- Functions for topology discovery continue to be supported (LLDP frames are sent).
- The downloading of interconnections for PROFINET CBA communication is not possible;
- FTP access to the file system is possible
- HTTP access is possible
- The routing function is active
- The time of day is not forwarded
- PROFINET IO is disabled.

4 Displays

LED display

The display on the front panel consists of 13 LEDs that indicate the operating mode and communication status.



The LEDs have the following meaning:

- INTF: Internal fault
- EXTF: External fault
- BUS1F: Bus fault gigabit interface
- BUS2F: Bus fault PROFINET interface
- TXD: Frame traffic (sending) over Ethernet (not relevant for PROFINET IO data)
- RXD: Frame traffic (receiving) over Ethernet (not relevant for PROFINET IO data)
- MAINT: Maintenance necessary (diagnostic buffer)
- RUN: RUN mode
- STOP: STOP mode
- X1 P1: Link status / activity of the Ethernet gigabit port
- X2P1, X2P2, X2P3, X2P4: Link status / activity of Ethernet port 1, 2, 3, 4

Unlabeled LEDs have no significance (only relevant for diagnostics)

CP mode / LED display patterns

| INTF (red) | EXTF (red) | BUS1F / BUS2F (red) *) | RUN (green) | STOP (yellow) | CP Operating Mode |
|---------------|---------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--|
| ○ | ○ | ○ | ☀ | ● | Starting up (STOP->RUN) |
| ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ○ | Running (RUN) |
| ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ☀ | Stopping (RUN->STOP) |
| ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | Stopped (STOP) In the STOP mode configuring and performing diagnostics on the CP remain possible. |
| ● | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | STOP with internal error or memory reset. (for example IP double addressing detected during startup of the CP in network) The following applies in this status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The CPU or intelligent modules in the rack remain accessible using PG functions (over MPI or the ISO protocol). • Access over HTTP or FTP are not possible. |
| - | ○ | ● | - | - | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No link (on any port) or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Double IP address detected during CP operation. |
| ○ | ● | ☀ | ● | ○ | RUN with external error; One or more IO devices are not obtainable. (only BUS2F) |
| ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RUN with external error; Diagnostic interrupt from one or more IO devices is pending. IO device diagnostics will provide detailed information. or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Event indication in conjunction with the MRP function; The CP diagnostic buffer contains detailed information. |

| INTF (red) | EXTF (red) | BUS1F / BUS2F (red) *) | RUN (green) | STOP (yellow) | CP Operating Mode |
|---------------|---------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--|
| ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The interface is networked in STEP 7, but there is no Ethernet cable connected. A duplicate IP address was detected after the CP was in RUN. There are differences between the actual system structure and the configured settings for the transmission medium or duplex mode. |
| ☀ | ☀ | ☀ | ☀ | ☀ | Module fault / system error |

Legend: ● (colored) on ○ off ☀ (colored) flashing “-” any

*) The behavior applies to BUS1F and BUS2F if there is no restriction listed in the “CP mode” column.

Firmware download – LED display patterns

The LED display patterns when downloading the firmware are described in Chapter 10.







The “MAINT” LED (yellow)

Notice

When the “MAINT” LED lights up, important error messages and/or diagnostic interrupts have occurred. The CP continues in RUN mode.

Check the entries in the diagnostic buffer of the device.

CP communications status / LED display patterns

| LED | Display status | Meaning |
|--|--|--|
| TXD (green) |  green | CP sending over Ethernet. Note: Sending over PROFINET IO is not signaled here. |
| RXD (green) |  green | CP is receiving over Ethernet Note: Receiving over PROFINET IO is not signaled here. |
| X1P1 X2P1 / X2P2 / X2P3 / X2P4 (green / yellow) |  | Port has no connection over Ethernet. |
| |  green | Existing connection over port to Ethernet (LINK status). |
| |  green / yellow | LED flashes yellow, steady light green: Port sending / receiving over Ethernet or PROFINET IO. Note: All received / sent frames are signaled for the specific ports, This includes those that are simply forwarded by the switch. |
| |  yellow | Continuous data transfer at the port over Ethernet (on ERTEC ports for example PROFINET IO). |

Legend:  (colored) on  off  (colored) flashing

Module identification

Using the SIMATIC Manager, you can search for and identify the module initially by browsing the connected network with the menu “PLC” > “Edit Ethernet Node”. If you select the found node in the “Browse Network” dialog, and then click -“flash”, all the port LEDs of the PROFINET interface flash.

5 Performance Data / Operation

Note

Measurements of transmission and reaction times in Ethernet, PROFIBUS and PROFINET networks for a series of configurations can be found on the Internet at the following address:

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/25209605>

5.1 General characteristic data

Table 5-1

| Characteristic | Explanation / values |
|--|---|
| Total number of connections on Industrial Ethernet | In total (S7 connections + SEND/RECEIVE connections + CBA + FTP + HTTP), the number of connections is restricted to 128. |

Example

You can, **for example**, operate:

- 64 S7 connections or 62 H connections
- 30 ISO-on-TCP connections
- 10 TCP connections
- 10 UDP connections
- 8 ISO transport connections,

If you require FTP and HTTP access at the same time, (for FTP 2 x TCP connections and for HTTP 4 x TCP connections; see Section 5.7).

5.2 Characteristic data for S7 communication

Table 5-2

| Characteristic | Explanation / values |
|---|---|
| Total number of S7 connections on Industrial Ethernet | 128 max. of those max. 62 H connections |
| LAN interface - data field length generated by CP per protocol data unit <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sending • receiving | 480 bytes / PDU 480 bytes / PDU |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of PG connections • Number of OP connections | 2 max. 30 max. |
| Repercussions of the number of SEND/RECV connections in SPEED SEND/RECV mode | Note the following with SPEED SEND/RECEIVE: Using SSEND/SRECV reduces the possible configuration limits of S7 communication with each configured SEND/RECV connection in SPEED SEND/RECV mode. |

5.3 SEND/RECEIVE interface

5.3.1 Characteristic data

The SEND/RECEIVE interface provides access to communication over TCP, ISO-on-TCP, ISO transport, E-mail, and UDP connections.

The following characteristics are important:

Table 5-3 Characteristic data of the SEND/RECEIVE interface

| Characteristic | Explanation / values |
|---|--|
| Number of SEND/RECEIVE connections | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TCP connections: 1...64 ¹⁾ ²⁾ • ISO-on-TCP connections 1 to 64 • ISO transport connections 1...64 • UDP connections (specified and free) configurable in total 1 to 64 (of those, up to 48 multicast mode) • E-mail connection: 1 • Max. number of connections in total (ISO transport + ISO-on-TCP + TCP+ UDP + E-mail) <= 64 <p>Refer to the example in Section 5.1</p> <p>¹⁾ Note: The flow control on TCP connections cannot control permanent overload of the receiver. You should therefore make sure that the processing capabilities of a receiving CP are not permanently exceeded by the sender (approximately 150-200 messages per second).</p> <p>²⁾ TCP connections for FTP Of the available to CP connections, a maximum of 20 TCP connections can be configured / used with the "Use FTP protocol" option (see Section 5.7).</p> |
| Number of SEND/RECV connections in SPEED SEND/RECV mode | <p>The number depends on the CPU type being used.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Per CPU 412/414 maximum 30 • Per CPU 416/417 maximum 62 |
| Maximum data length for AG_SEND and AG_RECV functions (FCs) | <p>AG_SEND and AG_RECV were shipped with predecessors of the CP and allow the transfer of data fields with a length from 1 to 240 bytes. The version of the CP described here continues to support these blocks.</p> |
| Maximum data length for AG_LSEND and AG_LRECV blocks | <p>AG_LSEND and AG_LRECV allow the transfer of data fields with the following lengths:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ISO-on-TCP, TCP, ISO Transport: 1 to 8192 bytes 2. UDP: 1 to 2048 bytes 3. E-mail (job header + user data): 1 to 8192 bytes |

Table 5-3 Characteristic data of the SEND/RECEIVE interface, Fortsetzung

| Characteristic | Explanation / values |
|--|---|
| Maximum data length for AG_SSEND and AG_SRECV blocks | AG_SSEND and AG_SRECV allow the transfer of data fields with the following lengths: 1. ISO-on-TCP, TCP, ISO Transport: 1 to 1452 bytes 2. UDP: 1 to 1452 bytes |
| Restrictions for UDP <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transfer is not confirmed • No reception of UDP broadcast • UDP frame buffering | <p>The transmission of UDP frames is unconfirmed, in other words the loss of messages is not detected or displayed by the send blocks (AG_SEND or AG_LSEND).</p> <p>To avoid overload due to high broadcast load, the CP does not allow reception of UDP broadcasts.</p> <p>As an alternative, use the multicast function over a UDP connection. This allows you to register the CP as a node in a multicast group.</p> <p>Length of the frame buffer with buffering enabled: 2 KB</p> <p>Note: Following a buffer overflow, newly arriving frames are discarded.</p> |
| LAN interface - max. data field length generated by CP per protocol data unit | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sending <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ISO transport, ISO-on-TCP, TCP: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 400 bytes / TPDU with AG_SEND / AG_LSEND – 1452 bytes / TPDU with AG_SSEND • receiving <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – ISO transport: 512 bytes / TPDU – ISO-on-TCP: 1452 bytes / TPDU – TCP: 1452 bytes / TPDU |

5.3.2 Number of simultaneous SEND/RECEIVE calls

The number of SEND/RECEIVE calls that can be used at the same time is limited both by the CPU and by the CP.

If the maximum number of simultaneous SEND/RECEIVE calls is exceeded, the value 8302_H (no receive resources) is indicated in the STATUS of the surplus SEND functions. This can, for example, happen when too many SEND/RECEIVE calls are sent at the same time in OB1.

Limitation by the CPU

In productive operation, the number of simultaneous SEND/RECEIVE calls depends on the CPU resources being used. Note the information on the available CPU resources in Section 2.2.

The following CPU resources are required:

- Per SEND job short (FC5) or long (FC50): 1 resource
- Per RECEIVE job short (FC6): 1 resource
- Per RECEIVE job long (FC60): 2 resources
- Per SPEED SEND/RECV job (FC53, FC63): 0 resources

Limitation by the CP

A maximum of 64 SEND/RECEIVE connections can be operated by the CP.

At an assignment of 1 CP per CPU, the maximum number of SEND/RECEIVE calls that can be used at one time is limited as follows:

- SEND calls short (FC5) or long (FC50): max. 32^{*)} / 12^{**)} per CPU
- RECEIVE calls short (FC6): max. 64^{*)} / 24^{**)} per CPU
- RECEIVE calls long (FC60): variable ^{***)}

*) The values apply to the CPU 416 and CPU 417.

*) The values apply to the CPU 412 and CPU 414.

***) The number of FC60s that can be used at the same time depends on the number of SEND calls active at the same time (see Tables 5-4 and 5-5).

Table 5-4 Dependency of the maximum number of RECEIVE calls long (FC60) used at the same time on the number of SEND calls (CPU 412/414)

| Number of simultaneous SEND calls | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3. 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|---|----|----|----|---------|----|----|----|--------|----|----|----|
| Max. number of simultaneous FC60s per CPU 412/414 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 |

Table 5-5 Dependency of the maximum number of RECEIVE calls long (FC60) used at the same time on the number of SEND calls (CPU 416/417)

| Number of simultaneous SEND calls | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3. 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 14 | 15 | 16 |
|---|-----------|------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Max. number of simultaneous FC60s per CPU 416/417/41x-H | 51 | 50 | 49 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 45 | 44 | 43 | 42 | 41 | 40 | 39 | 38 |
| Number of simultaneous SEND calls | 17 | 18 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | |
| Max. number of simultaneous FC60s per CPU 416/417/41x-H | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | |

The maximum number of SPEED SEND/RECEIVE calls that can be used simultaneously (FC53, FC63) depends only on the CPU (see above).

5.4 Characteristics of open TCP/IP communication

Table 5-6

| Characteristic | Explanation / values |
|--|--|
| Number of dynamically generated connections over Industrial Ethernet | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ISO-on-TCP connections 1 to 64 |
| Max. data length | 1452 bytes |

5.5 PROFINET IO

5.5.1 Characteristic data

PROFINET IO communication of the CP is IRT-compliant. The CP supports the following maximum configuration as a PROFINET IO controller:

Table 5-7

| Characteristic | Explanation / values |
|--|---|
| Number of CPs that can be operated as PROFINET IO controllers within an S7-400 station | 4 |
| Number of possible PROFINET IO devices *) | 128, of which <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 128 in IRT mode • 32 in "Prioritized startup" mode |
| Size of the input area over all PROFINET IO devices | 4 Kbytes max. |
| Size the output area over all PROFINET IO devices | 4 Kbytes max. |
| Size of the IO data area per submodule of a module in an IO device <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inputs • Outputs This information also applies to operation with a shared device | 240 bytes 240 bytes |
| Size of the consistency area for a submodule | 240 bytes |

*) The number of operable PROFINET IO devices can be reduced if the devices being used require extensive configuration and parameter assignment data due to large numbers of submodules. In this case, the memory on the CP will not be adequate and you will receive a message in the diagnostic buffer about lack of resources when downloading the configuration data.

Notice

Note the following for PROFINET IO: If you use modules with ≥ 32 bytes of input/output data, this can lead to I/O access errors; access errors are entered in the diagnostic buffer of the CPU.

These I/O errors occur during operation only in the "consistent user data" mode and at a low OB1 cycle time.

5.5.2 How PROFINET IO devices start up with a large operational configuration

When operating the module with a large configuration (up to 128 communication connections and up to 128 PROFINET IO devices), it may take several minutes when the station starts up before all PROFINET IO devices have received configuration data from the PROFINET IO controller. The IE/PB Link PN IO operating as a PROFINET IO device is particularly affected by this.

To ensure that the CPU does not interrupt the distribution of project engineering data in this situation, the parameter assignment monitoring time must be increased on the CPU.

Possible remedy: Reduce the size of the configuration (for example, distribution on several CPs).

5.5.3 Reduce the communication allocation reserved for PROFINET IO when operating alongside other services.

If cyclic data exchange over PROFINET IO is operating at the same time on the same Ethernet subnet, set the parameter "Communication component for PROFINET IO" in the properties dialog of the PROFINET IO system to a value <100%.

Reason: At the (default) setting 100%, the communication time is reserved primarily for PROFINET IO data exchange. Reducing the communication component for PROFINET IO increases the system-wide update time for PROFINET IO and creates additional time on the CP for processing other communication services.

5.6 Characteristic data for PROFINET CBA

5.6.1 Typical values and limit values

The CP supports PROFINET CBA interconnections between PROFINET CBA components.

The “typical” values specified below are values that cause the SIMATIC iMap configuration tool to generate a warning if they are exceeded; it is nevertheless possible that the configuration can be operated.

If one of the limit values specified for the interconnections is exceeded, they cannot be downloaded to the module. When the interconnections are downloaded, the SIMATIC iMap configuration tool generates an error message to this effect. If a limit value relating to the number or size of components is exceeded, the CPU will not change to RUN!

Table 5-8 Characteristic data for PROFINET CBA communication

| Characteristic | Typical value | Limit value | |
|--|---|----------------|------------|
| | | with FB88 | with FB90 |
| PROFINET CBA | | | |
| Number of remote interconnection partners | 32 | 64 | |
| Total of all I/Os | 600 | 600 | |
| Data length of all incoming I/Os | 3200 bytes | 8192 bytes | 1452 bytes |
| Data length of all outgoing I/Os | 3200 bytes | 8192 bytes | 1452 bytes |
| Data length for arrays and structures (acyclic interconnections), maximum | 2048 bytes | 8192 bytes *) | 1452 bytes |
| Data length for arrays and structures (cyclic interconnections), maximum | 250 bytes | 250 bytes | 250 bytes |
| Data length for arrays and structures (local interconnections), maximum | – | 2400 bytes | 1452 bytes |
| Remote interconnections with acyclic transmission | | | |
| Sampling frequency: sampling interval, min. Possible values: 100, 200, 500, and 1000 ms | Fast value: 20% Medium value: 40% Slow value: 40% | 100 ms minimum | |
| Number of incoming interconnections | 64 | 150 maximum | |
| Number of outgoing interconnections | 64 | 150 maximum | |
| Data length of all incoming interconnections | 2048 bytes | 8192 bytes | 1452 bytes |
| Data length of all outgoing interconnections | 2048 bytes | 8192 bytes | |

Table 5-8 Characteristic data for PROFINET CBA communication, Fortsetzung

| Characteristic | Typical value | Limit value | |
|---|---|----------------|------------|
| | | with FB88 | with FB90 |
| Remote interconnections with cyclic transmission | | | |
| Transmission frequency: transmission interval, min. Possible values: 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256 and 512 ms | Fast value: 20% Medium value: 40% Slow value: 40% | 8 ms minimum | |
| Number of incoming interconnections | 125 | 250 | |
| Number of outgoing interconnections | 125 | 250 | |
| Data length of all incoming interconnections Note: The data length of all incoming interconnections limited to 484 bytes gross per transmission frequency and per partner station. Due to the differences in header information, the net data length depends on the data types being used. In the best case, a maximum of 2 byte arrays with a length of 238 bytes can be interconnected; in the worst case, a maximum of 120 properties of the type "Char" can be interconnected. | 1000 bytes | 2000 bytes | 1452 bytes |
| Data length of all outgoing interconnections | 1000 bytes | 2000 bytes | |
| HMI variables over PROFINET (acyclic) | | | |
| Number of stations that can register for HMI variables (PN OPC/iMap) Stations are 2 * PN OPC and 1 * SIMATIC iMap | - | 3 | |
| HMI variable update | - | 500 ms minimum | |
| Number of HMI variables | - | 200 maximum | |
| Data length of all HMI variables | 1600 bytes **) | 8192 bytes | |
| Device-internal interconnections | | | |
| Number of device-internal interconnections | 50 | 300 | |
| Data length of all device-internal interconnections | 400 bytes | 2400 bytes | 1452 bytes |
| Interconnections with constants | | | |
| Number of interconnections with constants | 200 | 300 maximum | |
| Data length of all interconnections with constants | 1600 bytes | 4000 bytes | 1452 bytes |

Table 5-8 Characteristic data for PROFINET CBA communication, Fortsetzung

| Characteristic | Typical value | Limit value | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|-----------|
| | | with FB88 | with FB90 |
| PROFIBUS proxy functionality | | | |
| Supported | No | No | |
| Access to S7extended variables | | | |
| Maximum number of S7 connections for access to variables with the PROFINET attribute "s7extended". Note: The PROFINET attribute "s7extended" is used only by OPC applications over the OPC server; variables with this attribute can only be used with OPC applications. | 16 (not checked by iMap) | 32 maximum Note: You should also keep in mind the maximum number of connections according to Section 7.3 | |

*) The maximum size of an output property is 8191 bytes. 1 byte "Lifestate" must be added to this. This adds up to a total of 8192 bytes.
The same applies to an input property since this is interconnected with an output property of the same size.
The maximum data length of 8192 bytes also applies to the sum of several input properties, for example in the case of a byte array (8191 bytes + 1 byte "Lifestate").

***) The value is not checked by iMap.

Note

For information on the data length and data type in PROFINET CBA communication, refer to the online help on SIMATIC iMap, the "Creating PROFINET Components" manual and the "Configuring Plants with SIMATIC iMap" manual.

Notice

With a large configuration or when using other services at the same time (for example online monitoring), the configured sampling frequency (with acyclic interconnections) or the transmission frequency (with cyclic interconnections) cannot be guaranteed in all cases. To remedy this, we recommend that you increase the relevant values.

5.6.2 Cycle times

Communication load and extension of the cycle

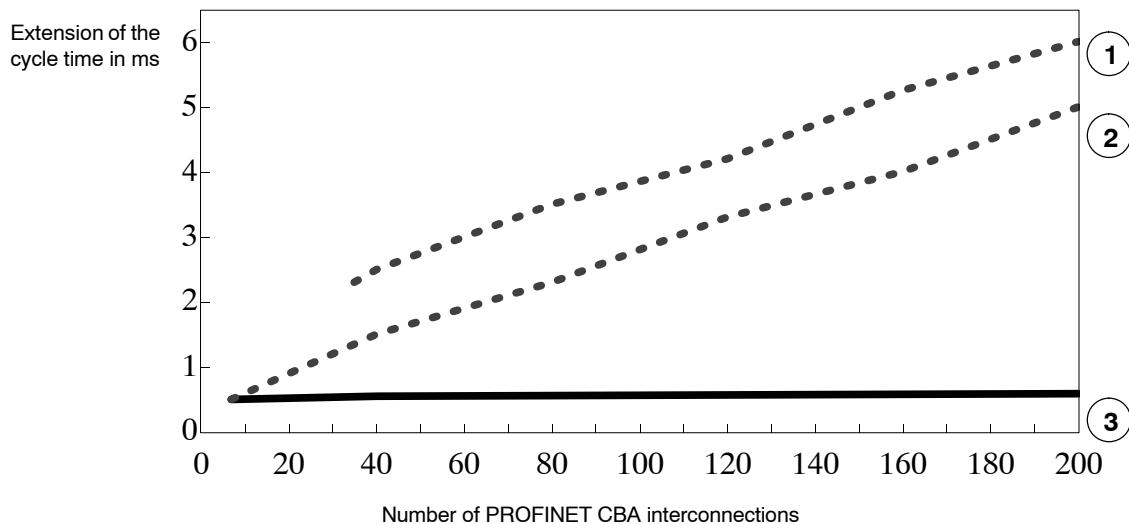
When using the CP 443-1 Advanced, there is little influence by PROFINET CBA on the cycle time of OB1. The influence does not depend on the number of PROFINET CBA partners or on the number of PROFINET CBA interconnections.

Comparing CPU and CP 443-1 Advanced

In the documentation of the CPU 317-2 PN/DP, for example, you can see the influence as shown in the following graphic. Lines 1 and 2 show this influence when the CPU interface is used for PROFINET CBA.

The additional line in the graphic shows the influence when you use the PROFINET CBA interface of a CP 443-1 Advanced (here: 6GK7 443-1EX40) in an S7-400 station.

It can be seen that in contrast to operation over a CPU network attachment, the OB1 cycle remains practically uninfluenced by the CBA communication if PROFINET CBA is operated over a CP 443-1 Advanced.



Legend:

- ① OB1 cycle with 32 PROFINET CBA partners and network attachment on the CPU 317-2 PN/DP.
- ② OB1 cycle with 5 PROFINET CBA partners and network attachment on the CPU 317-2 PN/DP.
- ③ OB1 cycle with an S7-400 station with CPU 416-2 and with network attachment on the CP 443-1 Advanced (the number of PROFINET CBA partners has no influence).

5.6.3 Reaction times

Definition

The reaction time is the time from recognizing an input signal until the associated output signal changes.

Influences

The actual reaction time is subject to certain fluctuations. The achievable reaction times for PROFINET CBA communication depend on the following factors:

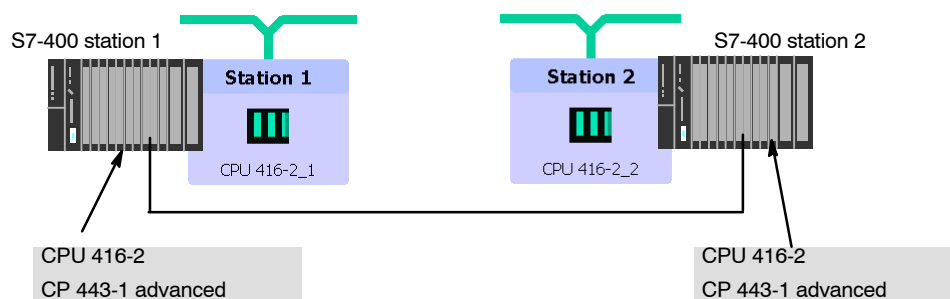
- Type of interconnection (cyclic or acyclic) and the transmission frequency or scanning frequency;
- The size of the configuration on the component interface (size of the interface DB for PROFINET CBA);
- CPU cycle time and CPU type;
- Parallel operations with other types of communication types such as PROFINET IO or with services such as online monitoring.

As a result, the reaction times for cyclic PROFINET CBA interconnections may exceed the configured value for the transfer frequency. You should therefore check the reaction time that can be achieved during commissioning and, if necessary, change the project engineering.

Measurements in a sample configuration

Measurements were made to help you to estimate the influence of the configured transfer frequency and the configuration (interface DB) with cyclic PROFINET CBA interconnections.

These measured results relate to a certain sample configuration. Two S7-400 stations each with a CP 443-1 Advanced were used (here: 6GK7 443-1EX40). FB90 was used in the user program (FB90 has better time characteristics than FB88).



Measurement principle:

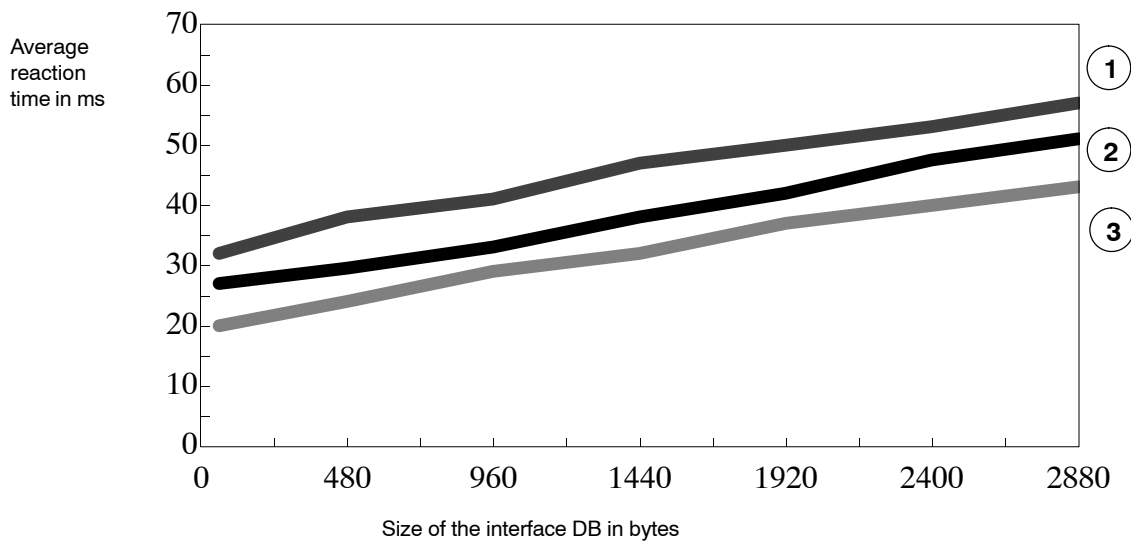
Output data is generated by station 1 and interconnected as input data with station 2. The input data is mirrored there and transferred over interconnections back to station 1 where it is evaluated and forwarded etc. The time required for the individual transfer and evaluation cycle is measured in station 1. This corresponds to approximately twice the reaction time according to the definition above.

The CPU cycle time (cycle time of OB1) for this measurement is 6 ms.

Note: With shorter cycle times, the reaction times are further reduced and with longer cycle times they are correspondingly extended.

Measurement results

From the following diagram, you can see the average values for the reaction time of the cyclic interconnections depending on the size of the interface DB.



Legend

The transfer frequency set in the parameters in SIMATIC iMap is as follows for the recorded lines:

- ① 50 ms
- ② 20 ms
- ③ 10 ms

Evaluation

From the diagram, you can see that the transfer frequencies configured at 10 ms or 20 ms in the sample configured are not achieved. On the other hand, at a configured transfer frequency of 50 ms, a corresponding reaction time of 50 ms with 2400 bytes is kept to.

Note

The values of the utilization parameters displayed by SIMATIC iMap as of V2.0 with the "Edit / Check utilization" function relate to the data exchange as far as the CP. They do not apply to data access from the user program.

5.7 Characteristic data for FTP mode

TCP connections for FTP

FTP actions are transferred from the CP over TCP connections. Depending on the mode, the following characteristic data apply:

- FTP in client mode:

You can configure a maximum of 20 FTP connections. Up to 2 TCP connections are occupied per configured FTP connection.

- FTP in server mode:

You can operate a maximum of 10 FTP sessions at the same time. Up to 2 TCP connections are occupied per FTP session (1 control connection and 1 data connection).

FB 40 for FTP client mode

For communication via a TCP connection configured with the "Use FTP protocol" option, use the FTP block FB40.

The block execution time in FTP depends on the reaction times of the partner and the length of the user data; a general statement about the times is therefore not possible.

The functions used in the predecessor modules for FTP transfer (FC40...FC44) can continue to be used.

5.8 Characteristic data of TCP connections for HTTP

Each HTTP session occupies up to 4 TCP connections as soon as you use one or more Web browsers to display data or files of the CP.

5.9 Characteristic data for the use of Java applets

To transfer larger amounts of data efficiently from the S7BeansAPI using Java applets and the Java bean "S7Variable", you can make use of arrays.

Maximum array size

The maximum array size for the CP 443-1 Advanced

- is 400 bytes when writing data to the CPU and
- 400 bytes when reading data from the CPU.

Note

Please note that the maximum block size in bytes is specified here and that the maximum number of array elements is decided by the byte size of the array basic data type.

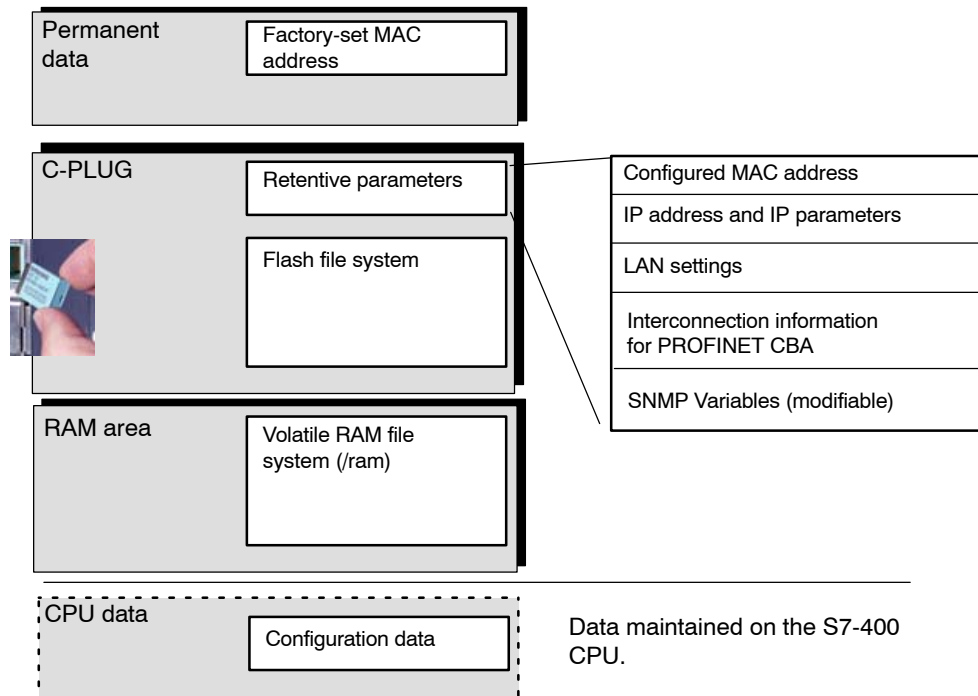
Example

The CP 443-1 Advanced can transfer a maximum of 100 array elements of the type DWORD or REAL with a read job since each element of the type DWORD or REAL occupies four bytes.

5.10 Memory organization in the CP 443-1 Advanced

5.10.1 Memory distribution

The data areas of the CP 443-1 Advanced are organized as follows:



Meaning of the memory areas

- **Flash area in the C-PLUG (non-volatile memory):**

The flash area allows data to be stored and retained if there is a power down.

Since the number of times it is possible to write to this area is restricted, you should avoid repetitive write operations to this area, when such operations are necessary, write to RAM.

Notice

The flash area of the file system allows a limited number of write cycles (approximately 100 000). You should therefore avoid writing data cyclically.

If you are writing temporary data often, you should use the RAM file system located in the subfolder /ram. The files of the RAM file system (/ram) are lost if there is power down.

- **RAM area** (/ram volatile memory):

In contrast to the flash area, the RAM can be written to and read from any number of times. The data in the RAM are retained as long as the CP is supplied with power.

The RAM is intended to store data that change during operation and need to be recorded (data recording services). The RAM is also suitable for temporary storage.

The RAM is located in the file system below the “/ram” folder. All files and folders below this folder are lost when there is a power down.

Please remember the following restrictions:

Table 5-9

| Characteristic | Explanation / values |
|---------------------------------|---|
| File Names | The length of file names is limited to 64 characters for the file name itself and up to 256 characters for the path. It is possible to make the file name case-sensitive in the “Options” tab of the CP properties dialog. |
| File Size | The file size is limited to a maximum of 8 MB. |
| Memory Area for the File System | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Flash area (non-volatile memory) 30 MB - RAM area (volatile memory) 30 MB |

5.11 Characteristic data of the integrated 4-port switch

Learning addresses / deleting addresses (aging time)

The switch integrated in the CP reads the source addresses included in the data packets. The switch therefore learns the addresses of the end devices connected via a port.

If the switch receives a data packet, it directs this packet only to the port via which the appropriate DTE can be obtained.

The switch monitors the age of the learned addresses. Addresses that exceed the “aging time” are deleted. The aging time is 5 minutes.

Ports can be deactivated individually

The ports of the switch integrated in the CP can be deactivated individually in STEP 7 / HW Config. This can, for example, be used for service purposes.

To do this, open the properties dialog of the relevant port and select the “disabled” setting under “Options > Transfer medium / duplex”.

The port is turned off completely when it is deactivated. The corresponding LED on the device (for example P1) is then turned off.

6 Using the CP for PROFINET CBA

To be able to use the CP 443-1 Advanced with PROFINET CBA, you create your user program with STEP 7 and configure the S7-400 station.

You then configure the interconnections between the PROFINET CBA components with SIMATIC iMap.

Notice

Operation under PROFINET CBA, is supported only via the PROFINET interface. The following information on configuration therefore relates only to the configuration of the ERTEC Ethernet interface.

6.1 CBA interface in the user program with FB90 or FB88

PN_InOut_Fast (FB90) / PN_InOut (FB88) and interface DB

The interface to the user program is the interface DB for PROFINET CBA. The PN_IO_X (FB90) and PN_InOut (FB88) blocks are responsible for transferring data from the interface DB to the CP and from the CP to the interface DB.

The activities of the function blocks FB90 and FB88 on the interface to the user program are practically the same. The following points apply:

- The interface parameters are identical;
- For FB90, there are several additional codes in the STATUS parameter;
- There are differences in the configuration limits of the interface DB (see Table 5-8).

Please note the documentation of the function blocks in the online help of STEP 7 or in the manual /10/.

Notice

Only one of the two block types FB88 or FB90 can be used in the user program of an S7-400 station. Componentization is rejected if both block types are used at the same time.

6.2 Preparing for configuration with STEP 7

During configuration, remember the following requirements for subsequent use with PROFINET CBA:

- Configure the modules for the S7-400 station in HW Config

You can assign the option "Use this module for PROFINET CBA to one (and one only) CP 443-1 Advanced in an S7-400 (in the "PROFINET" tab)

In multicompacting, the PROFINET CBA function is handled by the CPU that you assigned to the CP in the "Addresses" tab.

- Configuring the ERTEC Ethernet interface

If you use the S7-400 station as a standard component, you will need to make the following settings when you later configure the ERTEC Ethernet interface:

- Disable the "Set MAC address / use ISO protocol" option;

Notice

ISO transport connections and S7 connections using the ISO protocol cannot be operated when using the S7-400 station as a PROFINET CBA standard component!

For more detailed information on adopting the configuration data in the SIMATIC iMap engineering tool, refer to the documentation on SIMATIC iMap /8/.

6.3 PROFINET CBA configuration with SIMATIC iMap

Function in the PROFINET CBA environment

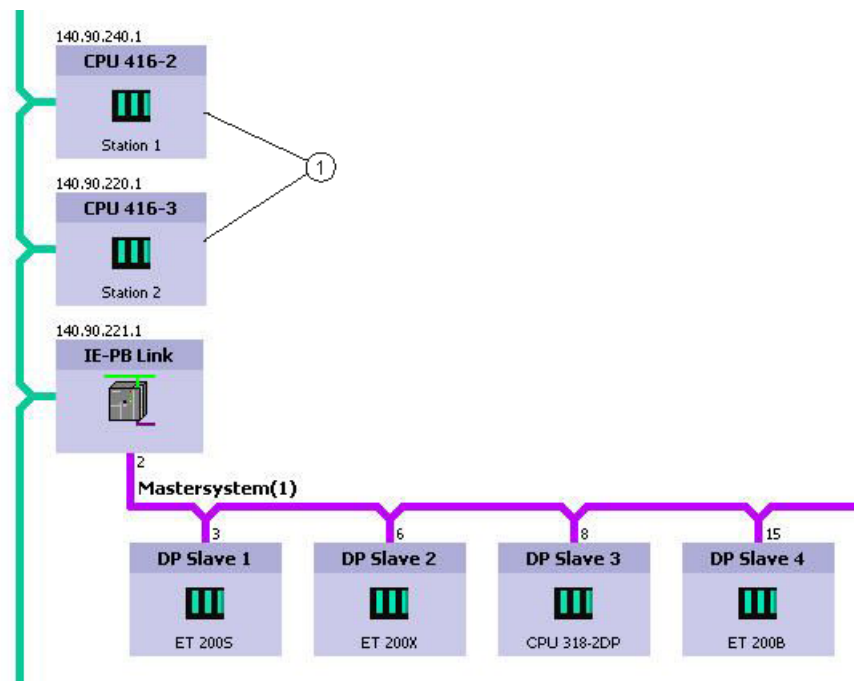
The CP 443-1 Advanced is a PROFINET CBA-compliant device. An S7-400 station equipped with this CP can be interconnected in SIMATIC iMap as a PROFINET CBA component.

The project engineering of the interconnections between the PROFINET CBA components is done in the plant view of SIMATIC iMap.

Representation in SIMATIC iMap

- Network view in SIMATIC iMap

The following graphic shows the network view of SIMATIC iMap and illustrates how a CP 443-1 Advanced in an S7-400 station establishes a connection between DP slaves on PROFIBUS DP and the S7-400 station on Industrial Ethernet over an IE/PB Link.

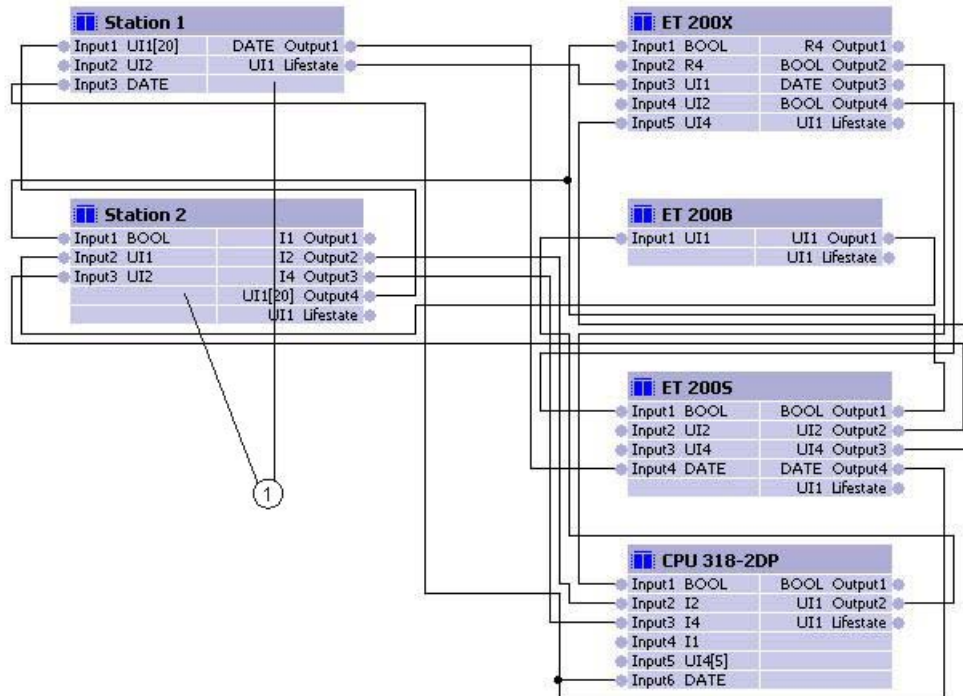


1) S7-400 stations with CP 443-1 Advanced.

- Plant view in SIMATIC iMap

In the plant view, the interconnection of input and outputs over the CP 443-1 Advanced becomes visible.

Here, you can only see the PROFINET CBA components with their interconnections to the process inputs and process outputs.



1) S7-400 stations with CP 443-1 Advanced.

Assigning addresses and properties

You assign addresses and properties depending on the component type of the S7-400 station as follows:

- S7-400 station as singleton component
Addresses and properties can only be changed in STEP 7.
- S7-400 station as standard component
Addresses and properties can only be changed in SIMATIC iMap.

Downloading configuration data

When using PROFINET CBA, downloading configuration data depends on the component type of the S7-400 station, as follows:

- S7-400 station as singleton component

| Step | Explanation / meaning |
|------|---|
| 1. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Downloading with STEP 7 Download the user program and configuration data to the S7-400 station with STEP 7. |
| 2. | Downloading the interconnection information of the process inputs and process outputs to the PROFINET CBA components over the Ethernet port with SIMATIC iMap. |

- S7-400 station as standard component

| Step | Explanation / meaning |
|------|---|
| 1. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Downloading with SIMATIC iMap Download the user program and configuration data to the S7-400 station with SIMATIC iMap. |
| 2. | Downloading the interconnection information of the process inputs and process outputs to the PROFINET CBA components over the Ethernet port with SIMATIC iMap. |

Note

When you reload user program blocks, data consistency is only guaranteed if the CPU is first changed to STOP.

Caution

If problems occur while downloading interconnections from SIMATIC iMap, for example power down on the target station, it is not always possible to download the interconnections again when the power returns.

If this error occurs, SIMATIC iMap reports the station as being unreachable.

Remedy:

Put the CP 443-1 Advanced through a STOP/RUN cycle using the PG command. This returns the target station to an operable status and allows the interconnections to be loaded again from SIMATIC iMap.

Device diagnostics in SIMATIC iMap

In online view of SIMATIC iMap, you can use diagnostic functions and, for example, read out device and functional information.

Note

For more detailed information on adopting the configuration from STEP 7 and use with PROFINET CBA and the SIMATIC iMap engineering tool, refer to the documentation on SIMATIC iMap /8/.

6.4 Using PROFINET CBA communication and standard communication at the same time

Notice

The information in this section applies only if a singleton component was created from the S7-400 station. With a standard component, the connection information configured in STEP 7 is lost.

Overview

Parallel operation of PROFINET CBA communication and standard communication using the services S7 communication and S5-compatible communication is possible with the CP.

This mode is important for your application when, for example, you want to implement communication between existing “conventional” SIMATIC devices and PROFINET CBA devices in an existing system.

The special feature is that the configuration of the communication for PROFINET CBA devices is only possible in SIMATIC iMap. Communication with conventional devices, on the other hand, requires that the connections are configured in STEP 7.

Recommended procedure

Here, we would like to give you a few tips and recommendations.

For communication between a PROFINET CBA device and a conventional device, use S7 or ISP transport, TCP or ISO-on-TCP connections.

Configure the S7 and TCP connections in STEP 7 as follows:

- for S7 communication
 - PROFINET CBA device:
 - single-ended, passive (partner unspecified)
(no configuration is necessary if the device involved in S7 communication is operated simply as a server).
 - conventional device: single-ended, active
- for S5-compatible communication (ISO transport / TCP / ISO-on-TCP connections)
 - PROFINET CBA device and specified, passive
 - conventional device: unspecified, active

This achieves the following:

- You can specify the connection after for the conventional devices at any time with STEP 7.
- You can use the PROFINET devices in SIMATIC iMap (in other words connect them) without having to change the connection configuration again in STEP 7; the devices are always ready to send and receive on the configured connections (connection is established by the active partner).

For the PROFINET CBA device, this means the following procedure:

| Step | Explanation / meaning |
|------|--|
| 1. | First configure unspecified connections in STEP 7 (only with TCP – see above). |
| 2. | Create suitable user programs in STEP 7 to handle communication with the conventional devices. |
| 3. | Then generate the PROFINET CBA components in STEP 7 and enter these in the SIMATIC iMap library. |
| 4. | Interconnect the PROFINET CBA component in SIMATIC iMap. |
| 5. | Downloading the user program and configuration data to the S7-400 station with STEP 7. |
| 6. | Downloading the interconnection information of the process inputs and process outputs to the PROFINET CBA components over the Ethernet port with SIMATIC iMap. |

7 The CP as Web server

7.1 HTML process control with IT functions

The CP provides you with the function of a Web server for access using a Web browser.

IT functions

When shipped, the file system of the CP 443-1 Advanced contains S7 beans and further information. The CP also provides HTML pages for Web diagnostics.

HTML pages are used to indicate and display information in a Web browser. These, for example, contain diagnostic information.

With the following address, you have access to Web diagnostics:

http:\\<IP address of the CP>

When supplied, diagnostic buffer entries shown on diagnostic pages are always in English. How to load other languages on the CP is described in the following sections.

For detailed information on Web diagnostics, refer to the general Part A of this manual.

Please note the following special features when operating IT functions:

Note

The data exchange for productive communication (S7 connections + SEND/RECEIVE connections + PROFINET IO) always has a higher priority than data exchange with the Web browser. This can lead to delays in the HTML process control in the Web browser.

Enabling the Web server function

If you want to use the CP for IP communication with HTTP, you will need to activate port 80 of the CP in the configuration:

Select the option “Activate Web server” under “IP access protection” in the properties dialog of the CP.

The Web server function is enabled as default.

Web browser

To access the HTML pages on the CP, you require a Web browser. The following Web browsers are suitable for communication with the CP (other browsers also possible):

- Internet Explorer (recommended version: 6.0 or higher)
- Opera (recommended version: 9.2 or higher)
- Firefox (recommended version: 2.0 or higher)

These Web browsers support all the requirements necessary for the implementation of the IT functions (Java reference implementation – Java Development Kit) 1.1.x is supported) in conjunction with the CP.

7.2 Web diagnostics – Language setting of the text file for diagnostic buffer events

Diagnostic buffer events can be output in Web diagnostics. The necessary text file is available in English on the CP when it ships.

You can change the language of the diagnostic messages by writing the text file from your STEP 7 installation to the file system of the CP by transferring it with FTP. As soon as a text file is transferred to the file system of the CP as described below, the CP uses this file instead of the default text file as shipped.

- If STEP*7 is installed, you will find the text files for specific languages in:
 `..\Program files\Common files\Siemens\s7wmed\data`
 The files are stored there in the form “s7wmeldx.edb”,
 (where x = {a,b,c,d,e,j})
 a = German; b = English; c = French; d = Spanish; e = Italian; j = Japanese)
 To transfer the file with FTP, change the name of the required file to
 “s7wmeld.edb”.
• The file must be transferred by FTP in binary mode and stored in the file system of the CP in:
 `/config/s7wmeld.edb (case-sensitive)`

Note

You can also use the method described here to update the text file.

8 Compatibility with Predecessor Products

The short names used below to identify the modules (for example “GX20” or “EX41”) correspond to the last four characters of the mid section of the order number.

8.1 Enhanced functions

New: Enhanced functions compared with the CP 443–1 GX20 V2.0

The CP 443–1 (6GK7 443–1GX20–0XE0 with firmware version 2.1) supports all functions of the predecessor module (6GK7 443–1EX20–0XE0 with firmware version V2.0 and 1.0).

The following features are new and can be used when configuring with STEP 7 as of version 5.5:

- Shared device in PROFINET IO (can be configured as of CPU version V5.3)

Enhanced functions compared with the CP 443–1 EX41

The CP 443-1 Advanced (6GK7 443-1GX20-0XE0) supports all functions of the previous module (6GK7 443-1EX41-0XE0) with the restrictions listed further below.

The following features are new and can be used when configuring with STEP 7 as of version 5.4 SP4:

- Gigabit interface
- IRT communication with PROFINET IO
- Support of H connections for the S7–400H (fault-tolerant system)
- Prioritized startup
- E-mail with Authentication, in other words, configurable access control
- New function block for FTP client mode (optional)
- Expanded Web diagnostics
- SEND/RECV connections in SPEED SEND/RECV mode
- UDP buffering can be disabled
- Memory area for RAM file system expanded to 30 Mbytes
- Support of alarms for operation of an iPAR server

- PROFINET CBA:

The following feature can be used when configuring as of service pack 3 for SIMATIC iMap STEP 7 Add-on V2.0: PROFINET CBA communication parallel to communication via the ISO protocol (only for singleton components).

- Clear / reset

If the CP is configured as a PROFINET IO controller, and you run a clear/reset on the CPU, the CP memory is also reset.

8.2 Changes

Note the following changes compared with the predecessor modules:

- The mode selector is no longer present.
- The data length in CBA for cyclic interconnections of arrays and structures is limited to a maximum of 250 bytes.
- SRAM file system no longer exists.
- ACL-LOG file in the file system no longer exists, LOG data can be viewed via HTTP server.

Notice

The CP 443-1 EX20 and CP 443-1 Advanced GX20 modules are not interchangeable as replacement modules (see below). You can, however, upgrade the EX20 with a GX20 if you change the configuration.

8.3 Replacing older modules: spares / upgrading

Distinction

When replacing existing modules with the module described here, the following variants must be distinguished:

- **Use as a replacement:**

The situation described here is when an existing module can be replaced by a new module by removing and inserting it with no change to the configuration.

When removing and inserting the module, remember the instructions in Section 3.1, in particular, if you are using the CP as a PROFINET IO controller.

- **Upgrading** (functionally compatible module replacement)

The situation in this case is when the module described here can be used instead of an older module as long as adaptations are made in the configuration. The CP used previously is replaced by the new CP in the configuration.

Unless stated otherwise, the range of functions of the older module continues to be supported in both cases.

You can also upgrade modules listed under “use as a replacement”. This becomes necessary when you want to use new features that were not available on the previously used module.

Use as a replacement:

The CP 443-1 Advanced with order number 6GK7 443-1GX20-0XE0 (firmware version 2.1) described here can be used as a replacement for the following predecessor products:

- CP 443-1 Advanced (6GK7 443-1EX41-0XE0) with CPUs as of firmware version 4.1
- CP 443-1 IT (6GK7 443-1GX11-0XE0) with CPUs as of firmware version 4.1

CPUs with firmware version 4.0 must be upgraded to V4.1.

If a replacement is required with CPUs with a firmware version less than V4.0, 6GK7 443-1GX11-0XE0 or 6GK7 443-1EX41-0XE0 must still be ordered.

You will find more information on the listed predecessor modules listed in the rest of this chapter:

Upgrading

The following predecessor products can be upgraded to the CP 443-1 Advanced (6GK7 443-1GX20-0XE0) described here:

- CP 443-1 Advanced (6GK7 443-1EX40-0XE0)
- See modules in “use as a replacement”

Module replacement with the CP 443-1 Advanced (EX40 / EX41)

When replacing an older module (EX40 or EX41) with the new module (GX20), please keep to the steps outlined below:

Step 1: Replacing the CP

| | Explanation / meaning |
|----|---|
| 1. | Remove the module you want to replace from the rack. |
| 2. | Insert the C-PLUG from the replaced module in the new module. |
| 3. | Insert the new module in the rack with the C-PLUG taken from the removed module. |
| 4. | Note the following and, if using the EX40, continue with step 2 as described further below. |

Note

You do not need to cycle the power off and on.

Remember the following restrictions:

- If OB83 is not loaded, the CPU changes to STOP.
 - In PROFINET IO mode, the power supply must be cycled (off-on).
-

Notice

The C-PLUG taken from the removed module has the ID “EX40” or “EX41”; this has no effect on operation of the new CP (GX20).

If, however, you do not want to keep this ID, you must either use the C-PLUG supplied with the new CP or reformat the C-PLUG of the old module. You must then, however, supply the CP with an IP address again (node initialization).

Step 2: Adapting the configuration (upgrading an EX40)

| | Explanation / meaning |
|----|---|
| 1. | In STEP 7 / HW Config, replace the previously configured CP with the new module from the hardware catalog. |
| 2. | As soon as you drag the new module from the catalog to the module to be replaced in HW Config, the configured connections and data are adopted. |
| 3. | If necessary, extend the configuration to meet your requirements, for example in the Properties dialog of the Ethernet subnet. |
| 4. | Save and compile the project. |
| 5. | Download the configuration data to the target system again. |

Notice

If you have been using an EX40 with PROFINET communication, the EX40 can only be replaced by a GX20 if you have a CPU as of firmware version 5.1 (see also Section 2.2). In this case, you will need to adapt the configuration.

Replacing other module types (GX11)

Other older modules (GX11) can be replaced in different ways depending on the way data is stored:

-

In this case, it is not necessary to adapt or download the configuration data; all characteristics of the new module are the same as those of the replaced module.

This variant is possible only when the originally used CP was configured with data storage on the CPU ("Module replacement without PG" option).

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1. | Remove the module you want to replace from the rack. |
| 2. | Insert the new module in the rack. |

- **Data stored on the CP: Module replacement and download**

The module needs to be supplied with the existing or adapted configuration data.

These variants are necessary when the originally used CP was configured with data storage on the CP, in other words, without the "Module replacement without PG" option.

- **Variante A:** Adapting the STEP 7 project (preferred solution)

If you adopt the configuration data unchanged and therefore leave the “Data storage on CP“ option, you do not make use of the option for protecting data from a power down as provided by the new CP. We therefore recommend that you adapt the existing configuration to the new CP type whenever possible:

| | Explanation / meaning |
|----|---|
| 1. | Replace the old module with the new module in the rack. |
| 2. | In STEP 7 / HW Config, replace the previously configured CP with the new module from the hardware catalog. As soon as you drag the new module from the catalog to the module to be replaced in HW Config, the configured connections and data are adopted. The mode is automatically configured as “Data storage on the CPU“. |
| 3. | Save and compile the project. |
| 4. | Download the configuration data to the target system again. |

- **Variante B:** STEP 7 project unchanged

If you do not want to use any of the new features, you can replace the module as follows without any additional configuration work:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1. | Remove the module you want to replace from the rack. |
| 2. | Insert the new module in the rack. |
| 3. | Download the configuration data from the project on the PG/PC to the new module. |

Result:

After downloading the configuration, the CP changes to RUN.

From the following table 8-1, you can see which of the options described above exist for the available module types. Refer to the description above for the possible procedures.

Table 8-1 Response of the module following module replacement

| Previously used module | Data storage (configurable) | | Response / notes |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----|---|
| | CP | CPU | |
| 6GK7 443-1GX11-0XE0 | X | X | <p>Replacement with spare is possible; procedure depending on selected data storage strategy in the previous module.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retentiveness of data storage on the CP: IP address is retained following a power cycle; this means that downloading and diagnostics is possible using the existing IP address. • The IT functionality in the new CP corresponds to the range of functions of the previous module. <p>If you want to use new IT functions of the GX20, you will have to change the configuration with the appropriate STEP 7 version.</p> |

9 Further Notes on Operation

9.1 Memory reset / reset to factory defaults

The CP has a two-level function available for resetting memory:

- Clear / reset
- Resetting to factory settings

Notice

The functions for resetting and resetting to factory defaults described here do not change the configuration data on the CPU! Only the data kept on the CP (C-PLUG and RAM) is deleted.

If you subsequently upload the configuration data from the CPU to a PG you will always object the configuration data that were previously on the CP (with parameters, connections, IP address).

Notice

If you clear/reset a CPU as of version 5.2, the CP memory is also reset if you are using PROFINET IO.

How to use the functions

You can start the memory reset functions in STEP 7. The CP must be in STOP. If you are using PROFINET IO mode, the CPU must also be in STOP.

- Clear / reset
 - In STEP 7/HW Config with **PLC ▶ Clear/Reset**
 - or
 - In STEP 7 / NCM Diagnostics with **Operating Mode ▶ Clear/Reset Module**
- Resetting to factory settings
 - In STEP 7 / SIMATIC Manager über den Menübefehl **Zielsystem ▶ Ethernet-Teilnehmer bearbeiten...** ▶ CP auswählen ▶ "OK" ▶ **Rücksetzen auf Werkseinstellungen**
 - or
 - In STEP 7 / NCM Diagnostics with **Operating Mode ▶ Reset to Factory Defaults**

Clear/reset module – Effects

After resetting memory, the CP retains the configured MAC address, the IP address and the retentive parameters (for information on the retentive parameters, refer to Section 3.2). The CP is therefore immediately ready for downloads using the IP address.

The configuration data is retained on the CPU.

The CPU in the S7 station does not recognize that the CP memory was reset. The CP changes to the “stopped with error” state (see Chapter 4). The configuration data must then be reloaded. You can also initiate this loading by cycling power (OFF/ON).

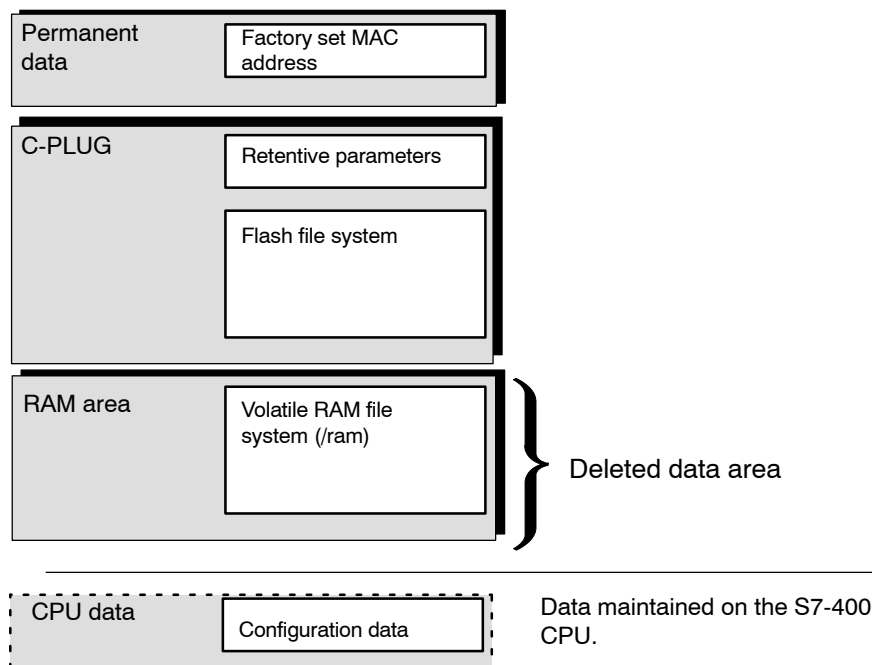
Note

Memory reset – ACL (access control list)

After a memory reset on the module, the following applies:

- ACL remains active.
-

This has the following overall effect:



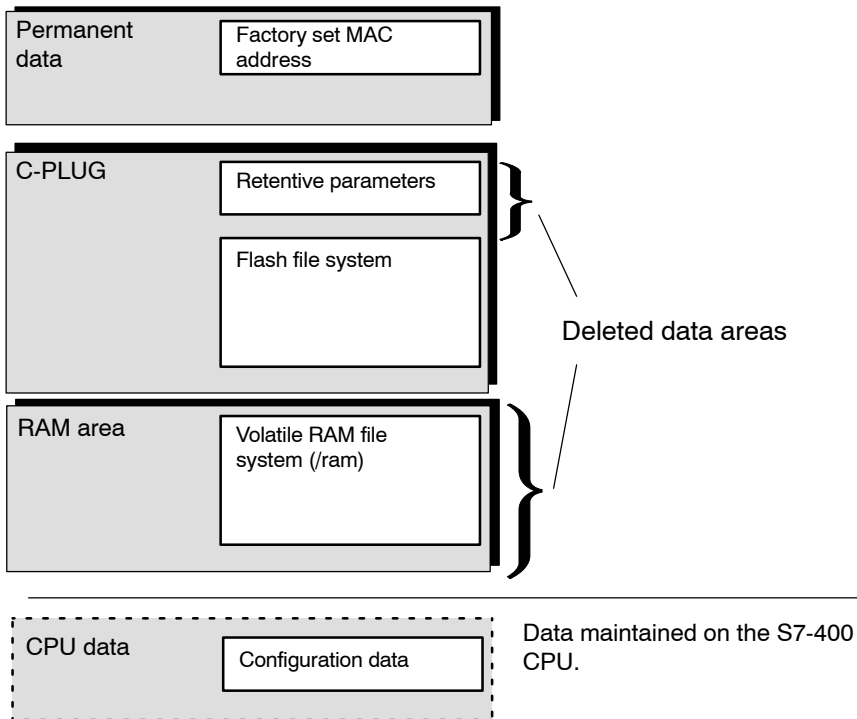
Rest to factory defaults – Effects

After resetting to factory defaults, the CP always retains the factory set MAC address (as supplied).

The IP address and the configuration data in the CP RAM are deleted. The configuration data is retained on the CPU.

The data in the file system of the C-PLUG (flash area) is retained, the retentive parameters are deleted.

This has the following overall effect:



Note

Remember that the interconnection information for PROFINET CBA belongs to the retentively stored parameters on the C-PLUG and is therefore deleted by this action.

9.2 Network settings with Fast Ethernet / gigabit Ethernet

9.2.1 Fast Ethernet with the PROFINET and gigabit interface

The common transmission characteristics of the two interfaces are described below. For information on the transmission speed 1 Gbps of the gigabit interface, see Section 9.2.2.

The configuration of the network settings “Transmission medium / duplex” is made for both interfaces in the properties dialog of the port of the relevant interface in the “Options” tab:

Row “X1P1”: Port properties of the gigabit interface

Row “X2P1/2/3/4”: Properties of port 1, 2, 3 or 4 of the PROFINET interface

Automatic setting or individual network settings

As default, the CP is configured for automatic detection (autosensing).

Notice

In normal situations, the basic setting ensures trouble-free communication. You should only change these in exceptional situations.

If you create a manual configuration for the CP and disable the Autonegotiation option, the automatic negotiation of the network settings (Autonegotiation) is no longer effective.

With the gigabit interface, simply creating a manual configuration means that autonegotiation is no longer effective.

If, on the other hand, the communication partner works with autonegotiation, no communication will be established.

Autocrossing mechanism

With the autocrossing mechanism integrated in the switch, it is possible to use a standard cable to connect the PC/PG. A crossover cable is not necessary.

Notice

Manual configuration

If you have set a port to manual configuration and select the “Disable autonegotiation/autocrossover” option, the autocrossing mechanism is also disabled for this port. The port then behaves like the interface of a switch. In this case, the following applies:

- Connecting an end device
To connect an end device that does not have the autocrossing mechanism (for example CP 443-1 with order number 6GK7 443-1EX11-0XE0), you must **not** use a crossover cable.
 - Connecting to a switch
To connect a switch, that does not support the autocrossing mechanism, use a crossover cable.
-

STEP 7 / NCM Diagnostics and Web diagnostics display the network setting

Diagnostics of the port settings for the CP described here is possible using the entries in the diagnostic buffer over SNMP, NCM diagnostics, and the LED displays.

You will find information on the currently used network settings in STEP 7 as follows:

- In NCM Diagnostics under the diagnostic object “Industrial Ethernet” in the “Network Attachment” group box;
- In HW Config with the menu command “PLC > Module Information”;
- In WEB diagnostics.

Diagnostic data of the gigabit interface are available only with Web diagnostics.

Further notes:

- 10/100 Mbps network components without “Autonegotiation”
If you use 10/100 Mbps network components that do not support “Autonegotiation”, it is possible that you will have to set the mode manually.
- Forcing a specific mode instead of “Automatic settings”
If your application requires a specific mode instead of the automatic settings, you will need to match up the partner devices.
- No reaction to Autonegotiation query with manual configuration
Remember that if you configure the CP manually and the “Autonegotiation” option is disabled, it will not react to an autonegotiation query! As a result, a connected partner will not be able to set the required mode and communication will not be ideal.

Example:

If, for example, the CP is set to “100 Mbps – full duplex” and autonegotiation is disabled, a CP connected as partner will set “100 Mbps – half duplex”. Reason: Due to the fixed setting, an autonegotiation reply is not possible. Although the connected partner detects 100 Mbps with autosensing, it remains at half duplex.

- Recommendation: Change individual network settings only over MPI.

If you modify the LAN settings in the properties dialog of the CP in the “Options” tab using the “Transmission medium/Duplex” list box, these changes will be adopted by the CP and activated when the configuration data is downloaded to the target system (STEP 7). In some situations, the device may then no longer be obtainable over Ethernet.

We therefore recommend that you download configuration data to the S7 station over an MPI connection if you change this setting.

If you download the configuration data over the LAN interface, depending on the selected setting, it is possible that the current download will not be completed due to the changes to the configuration taking immediate effect and an inconsistent configuration is reported.

Example:

The download is started initially with the setting TP/ITP at 10 Mbps half duplex. If the “Individual network setting” is now changed to 100 Mbps full duplex, the download cannot be completed.

9.2.2 Transmission speed of the gigabit interface

If you want to use transmission speed 1 Gbps, leave the interface set to “Automatic settings”.

The connection partner must also be configured with “1 Gbps full duplex” or with “Automatic settings”. If the connection partner does not support gigabit Ethernet, the data will be transferred at the next lower speed (100 or 10 Mbps).

9.3 PROFINET IO mode with IRT communication

9.3.1 Types of synchronization

Within an IRT domain (Isochronous Real Time), you can use the CP for IRT communication.

You specify the required synchronization parameters in the properties dialog of the ERTEC interface (HW Config: Row “X2 (<device name>)”) in the “Synchronization” tab.

9.4 Media redundancy

You can use the CP in a ring topology with media redundancy. The CP itself can be redundancy manager.

You create the configuration in STEP 7 in the properties dialog of the PROFINET interface in the "Media redundancy" tab (HW Config: Row "X2 (<device name>").

For more detailed information on configuration, refer to the online help of the "Media redundancy" tab and in Part A of the manual.

Notice

If you are using IRT communication, no media redundancy is supported.

9.5 Time-of-day synchronization

General rules

The CP supports the two modes explained below for time-of-day synchronization:

- SIMATIC mode

If the CP receives MMS time-of-day messages, its local time is synchronized providing the NTP mode was not defined during configuration (MMS = Manufacturing Message Specification).

The advantage of this mode is that it is generally more accurate than the NTP mode (guaranteed ± 1 ms). In contrast to the NTP mode, it is not possible to forward the time of day over routers; in other words, to other subnets.

- NTP mode (NTP: Network Time Protocol) in version SNTP V4.0

In the NTP mode, the CP sends time queries (in the client mode) at regular intervals to the NTP server in the subnet (LAN). Based on the responses of the server, the most reliable and most accurate time of day is calculated and the time synchronized on the station (in all modules with time-of-day functionality).

The advantage of this mode is that the time of day can be synchronized beyond the boundaries of the subnet. The accuracy depends on the quality of the NTP server used.

Note

- In NTP, no automatic changeover of standard/daylight-saving time is defined. As a result, you may need to implement this changeover using an application program.
 - The CP supports the NTP mode in version SNTP V4.0.
-

Notice

Note the following regarding time-of-day synchronization in NTP mode:

If the CP recognizes an NTP frame as being “not exact” (example: NTP server is not externally synchronized), it is not forwarded to the communication bus. If this problem occurs, none of the NTP servers is displayed as “NTP master” in the diagnostics; rather all NTP servers are displayed only as being accessible.

Forwarding the time-of-day message

You can configure the direction in which time-of-day messages are forwarded in STEP 7 / NCM S7 in the properties dialog of the CP as follows.

- Configuration “from station to LAN”

The CP forwards time frames from the CPU to Industrial Ethernet when the local CPU is time master (SIMATIC mode only) or when the time of day is forwarded by a different CP on the K bus.

- Configuration “from LAN to station”

The CP forwards time frames from the CPU to Industrial Ethernet when one of the following components is time master:

- In the SIMATIC mode:
 - a remote CPU 41x
 - a SIMATIC NET time transmitter
 - a CP 1430 TF
- an NTP server when using the NTP mode

As default, time-of-day synchronization is not activated for the CP and it does not therefore forward the time. However, the internal clock of the CP is also synchronized in this situation when a time-of-day frame is received from the communication bus or from Industrial Ethernet.

Synchronization using one of the two modes described here must be configured in STEP 7 in the properties dialog of the CP – “Time-of-Day Synchronization” tab.

For more detailed information on the parameters and options, please refer to the online help in the properties dialog.

Coordinating forwarding of the time of day with several CPs

If there is more than one CP in a station connected to the same network, only one of these CPs is allowed to pass on time-of-day messages.

You can therefore made the following settings in the configuration:

- Automatic

The CP receives the time-of-day message from the LAN or from the station and forwards it to the station or to the LAN.

If several CPUs are being operated in the station, this automatic setting can lead to collisions. To avoid this, you can specify the direction of forwarding with the following options:

- From station to LAN
- From LAN to station

Notice

During configuration, there is no consistency check relating to this option when configuring several CPs

9.6 Recommendations for use with a high communications load

Overview

When using the CP described here, the points below will help you to avoid overload situations on your CPU.

In particular when you replace an older CP with the CP described here and are then confronted with overload problems, you should check your application for the pitfalls outlined below.

Known problems

- The functions for sending and receiving (FC5/FC6, FC50/60 or FC53/63) are often called cyclically in OB1. This leads to constant communication between the CPU and CP. As a result, other types of communication such as PG functions cannot be executed or only very slowly.
- HMI systems access data of the CPU too often using S7 functions. This slows down communication generally and can lead to lack of resources on the CPU if SEND/RECEIVE FCs are called in OB1 cyclically (effect: reduced data throughput or increased reaction time).

Remedy

The recommendations below will help to avoid these situations:

- Do not call communication blocks cyclically in OB1!
Communication should be called time-controlled in a suitable cyclic-interrupt OB. The call interval of this OB should be significantly higher than the average cycle time of OB1.
- You should set a minimum cycle time that is higher than the average runtime of OB1. This frees resources for communication on the CPU. This is, for example, a remedy for existing applications when communication already takes place cyclically in OB1.
- If necessary, reduce the time taken for communication processing on the CPU by changing the parameters set for “cyclic load due to communication” in the properties dialog of the CPU.

9.7 SNMP agent

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol)

The CP supports data queries via SNMP in Version 1. It returns the contents of certain MIB objects according to the MIB II standard, LLDP MIB and automation system MIB.

SNMP is a protocol for managing networks. To transmit data, SNMP uses the connectionless UDP protocol.

The information on the properties of SNMP-compliant devices is entered in MIB files (MIB = Management Information Base).

Where to find further information

For more detailed information on working with MIB files, refer to the documentation of the SNMP client you are using (example of an SNMP client: SNMP OPC Server from SIMATIC NET).

You will find more information on MIB on the following SIMATIC NET Internet page:

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/15177711>

Supported MIB objects

The CP supports the following groups of MIB objects of the MIB II standard according to RFC 1213:

- System
- Interfaces
- IP
- ICMP
- TCP
- UDP
- SNMP
- Address Translation (AT)

The other groups of the MIB II standard are not supported:

- EGP
- Transmission

The CP also supports the LLDP-MIB according to IEEE 802.1AB and the PROFINET expansions of the LLDP-MIB (see also IEC 61158-10-6).

Exceptions / restrictions:

- Write access is permitted only for the following MIB objects of the system group:
sysContact, sysLocation and sysName;
For all other MIB objects / MIB object groups, only read access is possible for security reasons.
- Traps are not supported by the CP.

“Interfaces” MIB group

The “Interfaces” MIB object provides status information on the CP interfaces, with the following assignment:

This group returns status information about the CP interfaces. The MIB objects of the ifTable provide the status information of the interfaces. The “ifIndex” object identifier is assigned to the CP interfaces as follows:

| ifIndex | Type of interface |
|--------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 *) | Gigabit interface |
| 2-5 (1-4) *) | Port 1-4 (PROFINET interface) |
| 6 (5) *) | Internal CP interface |

*) If the gigabit interface is not configured, the value 1 is assigned to the first port of the PROFINET interface; the next values then move accordingly by one position.

Access permissions using community name

The CP uses the following community names to control the access rights in the SNMP agent:

| Type of access | Community name *) |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Read access | public |
| Read and write access | private |

*) Note the use of lower-case letters!

MIB files for your SNMP tools

If you use an SNMP tool, you will find the MIB files relevant to the CP in the STEP 7 installation in the following folder:

<Drive>\<Installation folder>\Siemens\Step7\S7DATA\snmp\mib

For the Automation System MIB, for example, these are the following files:

automationPS.mib
 automationSmi.mib
 automationSystem.mib
 automationTC.mib

9.8 Possible security gaps on standard IT interfaces / preventing illegal access

With various SIMATIC NET components, such as switches, a wide range of parameter assignment and diagnostic functions (for example, Web servers, network management) are available over open protocols and interfaces. The possibility of unauthorized misuse of these open protocols and interfaces by third parties, for example to manipulate data, cannot be entirely excluded.

When using the functions listed above and these open interfaces and protocols (for example, **SNMP**, HTTP, Telnet), you should take suitable security measures to prevent unauthorized access to the components and the network particularly from within the WAN/Internet.

Notice

We expressly point out that automation networks must be isolated from the rest of the company network by suitable gateways (for example using tried and tested firewall systems). We do not accept any liability whatsoever, whatever the legal justification, for damage resulting from non-adherence to this notice.

If you have questions on the use of firewall systems and IT security, please contact your local Siemens office or representative. You will find the address in the SIMATIC catalog IK PI or on the Internet at

<http://www.siemens.de/automation/partner>

9.9 Points to note about IP configuration

Configured S7 connections cannot be operated if the IP address is assigned over DHCP

Notice

If you obtain the IP address over DHCP, any S7 connections you may have configured will not work. Reason: The configured IP address is replaced by the address obtained over DHCP during operation.

Obtaining the IP address from DHCP is only possible on the ERTEC ports and not on the gigabit interface.

9.10 Restart after detection of a duplicate IP address in the network

To save you time-consuming troubleshooting in the network, the CP detects double addressing in the network. If the CP detects double addressing on the network (new node with an IP address that has already been assigned), a message is generated in the diagnostic buffer and the bus fault LED lights up.

To acknowledge the bus fault LED in RUN mode, set the CP to STOP and then restart it.

When you eliminate the cause by removing the device with the same IP address or changing its address, you must then restart the CP.

9.11 Prioritized startup in PROFINET IO

Functions

If you use RT or IRT communication, the CP supports the PROFINET functionality “prioritized startup” for PROFINET IO devices that also support this function. A maximum of 32 PROFINET IO devices can be configured per IO controller and startup times with values as low as 0.5 s can be achieved simultaneously for a maximum of 8 of these devices.

Prioritized startup is used in fast processes in which IO device are changed often, for example for a fast change of tools on a robot.

The PROFINET “prioritized startup” functionality also achieves a significant improvement in performance in applications in which a fast startup of the IO devices is required following “Power on” or after station failure and station return or when activating IO devices.

Configuration for IO devices

You configure prioritized startup for the IO devices configured in the PROFINET IO system. To do this, go to STEP 7 / HW Config and select the properties dialogs of the PROFINET interfaces for the relevant IO devices.

Prioritized startup required fixed port settings.

For more detailed information, refer to /16/ of the SIMATIC PROFINET system description (see Chapter 13).

Note

After reconfiguring an IO device for prioritized startup, the first startup takes place in the normal time without being prioritized. All subsequent startups will then be completed in the reduced time.

Notice

Including an IO device with prioritized startup in a ring topology with media redundancy serves no practical purpose since the ring is interrupted at each IO device change.

9.12 PROFINET IO interface – operating PROFINET IO devices with current firmware

Firmware versions

For the PROFINET IO devices listed below, you should use the current firmware versions to operate the CP:

- IM151-3PN with order number 6ES7151-3AA20-0AB0
- IM151-3PN with order number 6ES7151-3BA20-0AB0

The current firmware versions are available on the Internet at the following address:

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/de/22810435>

9.13 Shared device – using the router address

Shared devices allow more than one PROFINET IO controller to access different submodules of the same PROFINET IO device.

CP as PROFINET IO controller with shared device

The information below applies if all the following requirements are met:

- The CP is used as a PROFINET IO controller with an assigned shared device.
- No router is configured on the PROFINET interface.
- The gigabit interface of the CP is networked.

Problem / behavior

In this case, the shared device is automatically assigned the IP address of the PROFINET interface of the CP as the router address.

This assignment leads to a conflict when other IO controllers assigned to the shared device use other router addresses or no router address.

Remedy

The IO device being used as a shared device will only take part in data exchange if the higher-level I/O controllers are configured identically in terms of using routers.

You should therefore configure the PROFINET interfaces on the other IO controllers as follows:

- The IP address of the PROFINET interface of the CP is used as the router address.

or

- The CP being used as the IO controller and all other IO controllers use the same IP address as the router address.

9.14 Interface in the user program

9.14.1 FC call interface

Change call parameters only after job confirmation

Notice

After the job is triggered, you may only change the call parameters on the FC call interface of the FCs AG_SEND / AG_LSEND / AG_SSEND or AG_RECV / AG_LRECV / AG_SRECV again after the FC has confirmed execution of the job with DONE=1 or with ERROR=1.

If this is ignored, it is possible that the execution of the job will be aborted with an error and resources could be permanently occupied on the CPU.

9.14.2 Programmed communication connections with FB55 IP_CONFIG

Downloading the configuration using FB55

FB55 allows program-controlled transfer of the configuration data.

Note

If the CP is in PG STOP mode, the configuration is downloaded using FB55; the CP then changes automatically to RUN.

Points to note / restriction

Notice

- No use of FB55 when using a CP with fault-tolerant S7 connections
If you configure fault-tolerant S7 connections via the CP, you cannot use FB55 for IP configuration of the CP.
-

You will find more detailed information on special features and use in fault-tolerant systems in the section “FBs for programmed connections and IP configuration in” in /10/.

9.14.3 IP access protection with programmed communication connections

In principle, it is possible to set up communication connections using FB55 by programming and at the same time by configuring IP access protection. Please note the following point:

Notice

When configuring specified connections in STEP 7 / NCM S7, the IP addresses of the partners are entered automatically in the IP-ACL (IP Access Control List).

The IP addresses of partners with unspecified connections (passive end points) and of partners on programmed communication paths are not entered in the IP-ACL. This means that communication with unspecified nodes is not possible if IP access protection is activated.

How to configure IP access protection is described in the general part of this manual, Part A.

9.14.4 Programmed communications connections – Assigning parameters to the ports

The CP now supports the following settings when assigning parameters to the ports in the parameter block for TCP connections and UDP connections:

- SUB_LOC_PORT parameter
The port can be specified as an option when the connection is established actively.
- SUB_REM_PORT parameter
The port can be specified as an option when the connection is established passively.

9.14.5 Open TCP/IP communication

Use

To allow the user program to exchange data with other TCP/IP-compliant communication partners, STEP 7 provides a UDT for the connection parameter assignment and four FBs.

- UDT 65 “TCON_PAR” with the data structure for connection parameter assignment
- FB65 “TCON” for connection establishment
- FB66 “TDISCON” for connection termination
- FB63 “TSEND” for sending data
- FB64 “TRCV” for receiving data

TCP/IP communication is connection-oriented. Data can be transmitted only when a connection has been established to the communication partner. The CPU can use several connections to a communications partner at the same time.

The following protocol variants are supported:

- ISO on TCP according to RFC 1006

Programming

Make the following parameter settings in the connection description (UDT 65):

- local_tsap_id: Byte 1 = 0xE0 (value mandatory for correct functionality)
- local_tsap_id: Byte 2 = Rack/slot number
- remote_tsap_id: Byte 1 = 0xE0 (value mandatory for correct functionality)
- remote_tsap_id: Byte 2 = Rack/slot number

Note: The TSAPs can be 2–16 bytes long. The first two bytes must be occupied as described, you can use the other bytes to suit your task.

Notice

Note that the number of dynamically established connections also depends on the number of configured, statically established connections.

You will obtain appropriate condition codes on the call interface of the FBs.

Please refer to the documentation of the FBs in the online help and in the documentation for STEP 7. There, you will also find examples of parameter assignment!

9.14.6 Additions to the FC/FB status condition codes

The following condition codes for the communication FBs/FCs have been added or modified compared with the information in the online help for STEP 7 V5.4 SP4 or the manual /10/ Release 03/2008.

FC10 AG_CNTRL

| DONE | ERROR | STATUS | Meaning |
|------|-------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 0 | 1 | 80B2 _H | The configured slot is not occupied. |

9.15 Gigabit interface – special features in STEP 7

Notice

The STEP 7 functions in the SIMATIC Manager “Display Accessible Nodes” and “Edit Ethernet Node...” are not supported in the device version of the gigabit interface described here.

9.16 Attachment to Industrial Ethernet networks

Since the CP forwards frames from and to private and public IP addresses via its two interfaces, you should not connect the CP to a public network.

9.17 Separating the PROFINET and the gigabit interface

It is advisable to connect the PROFINET interface and gigabit interface physically to separate networks.

If the two interfaces are not operated separately, problems can occur when establishing an S7 connection via the ISO protocol in the following situations:

- When there are several connections to the same partner address configured via different interfaces.
- An S7 connection configured at one end is established via the CP.

9.18 Use of the CP as IP router

The CP can be used to forward IP messages from a local area network to a higher-level network and vice versa. The CP then controls access permission according to the configuration.

An extensive network with other IP subnets can then be connected to one of the Ethernet interfaces. To achieve this, an external router can be configured on this interface that handles forwarding to nodes that are not directly reachable. In this case, enter the IP address of this router in “Default Router” for the appropriate interface in HW Config.

Notice

The use of the CP as a universal router between two extended networks with further subnets is not supported.

9.19 Ping: Permitted length of ICMP packets

Pings with a packet size of more than 1000 bytes are evaluated as an attack and filtered by the CP. This response is deliberate and serves to increase robustness in an industrial environment.

A ping only serves to check reachability. Support of extremely long ICMP packets is not therefore a necessity.

10 Loading New Firmware

Initial situation

You download new firmware to a SIMATIC NET CP using the firmware loader shipped with STEP 7 / NCM S7.

To download firmware, you require an Industrial Ethernet CP module in the PG/PC (for example, CP 1613) or a normal Ethernet module with the "SOFTNET IE" software package.

How to load new firmware

You can load the firmware via both interfaces of the CP.

Always start the download using the **current** MAC address of the CP!

Notice

Remember that the CPU changes to STOP during downloading of the firmware if you are using PROFINET IO communication.

| Follow the steps below: | |
|-------------------------|--|
| 1. | Connect the CP module to the PG/PC via a LAN cable. |
| 2. | Start the download on your PG/PC. The download involves two steps and the following LED patterns are displayed: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Step 1: Downloading the firmware INTF, EXTF, BUS1F, BUS2F, MAINT and STOP light up, RUN flashes.• Step 2: Activating the firmware All LEDs light up. If the download is aborted, RUN and STOP flash alternately. |
| 3. | After the firmware download, the CP goes through a warm restart. |

What to do if a download is interrupted

Disturbances or collisions on the network can lead to packets being lost. In such cases, this can lead to an interruption of the firmware download. The firmware loader then signals a timeout or negative response from the module being loaded. An entry is made in the diagnostic buffer. The CP works with the firmware that existed before the aborted download.

Repeat the download using the active MAC address after the CP has started up again.

If you cannot start the download again following an aborted attempt, you should turn off the entire rack and turn it on again. You can then restart the firmware download.

11 Technical Specifications

Table 11-1 Technical specifications

| | |
|--|---|
| Transmission rate | 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps 1 Gbps (gigabit interface) Note: When working with PROFINET IO and PROFINET CBA with cyclic transfer, the transmission rate of 100 Mbps full duplex is mandatory. |
| Interfaces Attachment to Industrial Ethernet | 1 x RJ-45 jack (gigabit interface) 4 x RJ-45 jacks (switch) |
| Aging time (4-port switch) | 5 minutes |
| C-PLUG (storage module) | Number of write cycles approximately 100 000 |
| Current consumption via the S7 backplane bus from 5 V: | 1.8 A |
| Power loss | 7.25 W |
| Perm. environmental conditions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operating temperature • Transportation/storage temperature • Relative humidity max. • Altitude | 0 °C to +60 °C –40 °C to +70 °C 95% at +25 °C up to 2000 m above sea level |
| Design Dimensions, module in casing H x W x D (mm) | 290 x 25 x 210 |
| Weight | approx. 700 g |

In addition to this, all the information in the S7-400/M7-400 reference manual /14/ “Module Data” in the section “General Technical Specification” on the topics listed below applies to the CP:

- Electromagnetic compatibility
- Transportation and storage conditions
- Mechanical and climatic ambient conditions
- Insulation tests, class of protection and degree of protection

12 Other Information available about the CP

FAQs on the Internet

You will find detailed information (FAQs) on using the CP described here on the Internet under the following entry number (entry type "FAQ"):

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/news/en/17844971>

You will find the following information in the general Part A of the manual /4/:

- A list of the documents require for configuration, commissioning and operation (Preface)
- Detailed descriptions of configuration and commissioning of the module
- Description of the IT functions
- Description of the Media Redundancy Protocol MRP
- Description of Web diagnostics and NCM S7 Diagnostics
- The approvals of the device (Appendix)
- A glossary (Appendix)

When programming the functions (FC) and blocks (FB), refer to the Programming Manual /10/

13 References and Literature

Locating Siemens literature

The order numbers for Siemens documentation can be found in the catalogs "SIMATIC NET Industrial Communication, catalog IK PI" and "SIMATIC Products for Totally Integrated Automation and Micro Automation, catalog ST 70".

You can obtain these catalogs and any further information you require from your local SIEMENS office or national head office.



Some of the documents listed here are also in the SIMATIC NET Manual Collection supplied with every S7-CP.

Many SIMATIC NET manuals are available on the Internet pages of Siemens Customer Support for Automation:

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/de>

Enter the ID of the relevant manual as a search key. The ID is shown below the literature name in brackets.

Manuals that are installed with the online documentation of the STEP 7 installation on your PG/PC, can be selected from the Start menu (Start > SIMATIC > Documentation).

You will find an overview of the SIMATIC documentation at:

http://www.automation.siemens.com/simatic/portal/html_76/techdoku.htm

On configuration, commissioning and use of the CP

/1/ SIMATIC NET
S7 CPs for Industrial Ethernet – device documentation Part B
Manual
Siemens AG
(manual for each CP in the SIMATIC NET Manual Collection)

/2/ SIMATIC NET
Version history / current downloads for SIMATIC NET S7 CPs
Siemens AG
(SIMATIC NET Manual Collection)

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/9836605>

On configuration with STEP 7 / NCM S7

- /3/** SIMATIC NET
NCM S7 for Industrial Ethernet
Primer
Siemens AG
Part of the online documentation in STEP 7
- /4/** SIMATIC NET
S7 CPs for Industrial Ethernet – device documentation Part A
Configuration and Commissioning
Configuration manual
Siemens AG
Part of the online documentation in STEP 7
<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/30374198>
- /5/** SIMATIC NET
Commissioning PC Stations – Manual and Quick Start
Configuration manual
Siemens AG
(SIMATIC NET Manual Collection)
<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/13542666>
- /6/** SIMATIC
Configuring Hardware and Connections with STEP 7
Part of the STEP 7 documentation package STEP 7 Basic Knowledge”
Part of the online documentation of STEP 7
Siemens AG
- /7/** SIMATIC
PROFINET System Description
System manual
Siemens AG
<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/19292127>

On project engineering of PROFINET CBA (components and systems):

- /8/** Component based Automation – Configuring Plants with SIMATIC iMap
Manual
Siemens AG
(ID: 18404678)
<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/18404678>

- /9/ Basic Help in the SIMATIC iMap Engineering Tool (online help)
Siemens AG
You will find further information on SIMATIC iMAP at:
<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/10805413>

On programming

- /10/ SIMATIC NET
Functions (FC) and Function Blocks (FBs) for SIMATIC NET S7 CPs
Programming Manual
Siemens AG
(SIMATIC NET Manual Collection)
(ID: 30564821)
<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/30564821>
- /11/ Version history of the SIMATIC NET function blocks and functions for SIMATIC S7
Reference work
Siemens AG
(SIMATIC NET Manual Collection)
(ID: 9836605)
<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/9836605>
- /12/ SIMATIC – Programming with STEP 7
Part of the STEP 7 documentation package STEP 7 Basic Knowledge
Part of the online documentation of STEP 7
Siemens AG
- /13/ Automatisieren mit STEP 7 in AWL und SCL (ISBN: 978-3-89578-280-0) /
Automating with STEP 7 in STL and SCL (ISBN: 978-3-89578-295-4)
User manual, programming manual
Berger, Hans
Publicis KommunikationsAgentur GmbH, GWA, 2006

For installation and commissioning of the CP

- /14/ SIMATIC S7
S7-300 Automation System
– CPU 31xC und 31x Installation: Operating Instructions (ID: 13008499)
– Module Data: Reference Manual (ID: 8859629)
Siemens AG
<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/13008499>
<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/8859629>

and

SIMATIC S7
SIMATIC S7
S7-400, M7-400 Automation system
– Installation Manual (ID: 1117849)
– Module Data: Reference Manual (ID: 1117740)
Siemens AG

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/1117849>

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/1117740>

On using and configuring PROFINET IO

/15/ SIMATIC
PROFINET System Description
System Manual
Siemens AG
(Part of the Manual Collection)

/16/ SIMATIC
From PROFIBUS DP to PROFINET IO
Programming Manual
Siemens AG
(Part of the Manual Collection)

On the IT functions of the CPs

/17/ Creating Java Beans with IBM VisualAge
SIEMENS AG
(ID: 10499820)

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/10499820>

/18/ S7Beans / Applets for IT-CPs
Programming Aid
SIEMENS AG
(SIMATIC NET Manual Collection)
(ID: 24843908)

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/24843908>

On setting up and operating an Industrial Ethernet network

- /19/ SIMATIC NET
Manual Twisted Pair and Fiber–Optic Networks
Siemens AG
(SIMATIC NET Manual Collection)
- /20/ SIMATIC NET
Manual Triaxial Networks
(SIMATIC NET Manual Collection)

SIMATIC and STEP 7 basics

- /21/ Communication with SIMATIC
System Manual
Siemens AG
(ID: 25074283)

<http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/25074283>
- /22/ Documentation package “STEP 7 Basic Knowledge”
with
– Working with STEP 7 V5.4 Getting Started (ID: 18652511)
– Programming with STEP 7 (ID: 18652056)
– Configuring Hardware and
Communication Connections with STEP 7 (ID: 18652631)
– Form S5 to S7, Converter Manual (ID: 1118413)
Siemens AG
Order number 6ES7 810–4CA08–8AW0
Part of the online documentation in STEP 7
- /23/ Documentation package “STEP 7 Reference”
with
– Statement List (STL) for S7–300/400 (ID: 18653496)
– Ladder Diagram (LAD) for S7–300/400 (ID: 18654395)
– Function Block Diagram (FBD) for S7–300/400 (ID: 18652644)
– System and Standard Functions for S7–300/400 Volumes 1 and 2 (ID: 1214574)
– System software for S7-300/400 System and Standard Functions Part 2
Siemens AG
Order number 6ES7 810–4CA08–8AW1
Part of the online documentation in STEP 7

Other topics

- /24/ Ethernet, IEEE 802.3 (ISO 8802–3)
(<http://www.ieee.org>)

- /25/** RFC1006 (ISO Transport Service on top of the TCP Version: 3)
Request For Comment
(<http://www.ietf.org>)
- /26/** RFC793 (TCP)
(<http://www.ietf.org>)
- /27/** RFC791 (IP)
(<http://www.ietf.org>)